

# Converting Colors

XYZ(42.9447, 47.2283, 51.8845)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(42.9447, 47.2283, 51.8845)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(42.9007, 47.1946,  
51.6481)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ABBAB7
RGB	171, 186, 183
RGB Percent	67%, 73%, 72%
CMY	0.3294, 0.2706, 0.2823
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.02, 0.27
HSL	168°, 10%, 70%
HSV	168°, 8%, 73%
XYZ	42.9007, 47.1946, 51.6481
YIQ	181.1730, -7.9770, -4.1130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

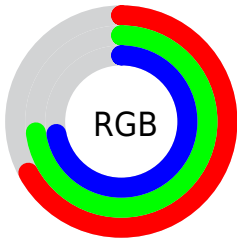
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	171, 179, 186
Decimal	11254455
CIELab	74.31, -5.74, -0.26
CIELCh	74, 5.750, 182.626
Yxy	47.1946, 0.3027, 0.3330
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289444535 (0xFFABBAB7)
YUV	181.1730, 0.9007, -8.9217
Hunter-Lab	68.6983, -8.7525, 3.5140

# Details

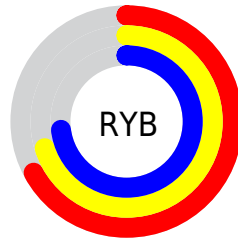
The XYZ color **42.9007, 47.1946, 51.6481** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **42.4543, 42.6221, 46.0358**, and the grayscale version is **44.0140, 46.3061, 50.4274**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.6961, 85.9050, 94.0949**, and **20.0245, 22.3087, 24.3697** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.7487, 45.0997, 49.4584**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.6358, 49.5916, 53.9205**.

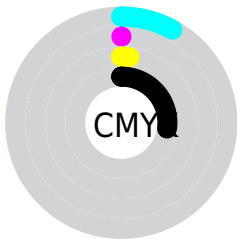
# Distribution



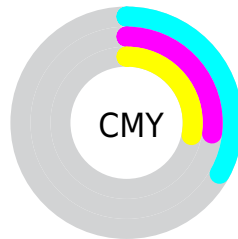
- Red (67%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (28%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.9007, 47.1946, 51.6481 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.9007, 47.1946, 51.6481 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 42.9007, 47.1946,  
51.6481

■ 42.9007, 47.1946,  
51.6481

349.1317,  
375.5908, 409.9948

■ 30.0014, 33.1895,  
36.3444

■ 78.8176, 86.0040,  
94.0333

■ 19.9877, 22.2717,  
24.4085

102.5660,  
111.5772, 121.9519

■ 12.4943, 14.0567,  
15.4219

130.6614,  
141.7751, 154.9125

■ 7.1559, 8.1601,  
8.9661

163.4692,  
176.9823, 193.3337

■ 3.6070, 4.1976,  
4.6226

201.3548,  
217.5830, 237.6340

■ 1.4823, 1.7847,  
1.9727

244.6835,

■ 0.3137, 0.4776,

263.9617, 288.2319

0.5384

293.8207,  
316.5029, 345.5460

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.9007, 47.1946,  
51.6481

■ 42.9007, 47.1946,  
51.6481

■ 38.7487, 45.0997,  
49.4584

■ 47.6358, 49.5916,  
53.9205

■ 35.1521, 43.2885,  
47.3469

■ 52.9723, 52.2961,  
56.2740

■ 32.0867, 41.7501,  
45.3129

■ 58.9328, 55.3211,  
58.7111

■ 29.5251, 40.4703,  
43.3548

■ 65.5374, 58.6769,  
61.2329

■ 27.4374, 39.4336,  
41.4707

■ 69.4150, 60.6257,  
63.6823

■ 25.7906, 38.6230,  
39.6587

■ 69.8602, 60.8037,  
66.0265

■ 24.5470, 38.0192,  
37.9165

■ 70.3160, 60.9861,  
68.4271

■ 23.6628, 37.5995,  
36.2418

■ 70.7827, 61.1727,  
70.8844

■ 23.0693, 37.3286,  
34.6307

■ 71.2602, 61.3637,  
73.3988

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.1151, 47.1946, 48.8137



42.9007, 47.1946, 51.6481



43.2038, 47.1946, 54.5174

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.9007, 47.1946, 51.6481



45.9372, 47.1946, 56.3317



45.7772, 47.1946, 46.4959

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.9007, 47.1946, 51.6481



42.4543, 42.6221, 46.0358

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.5519, 47.1946, 48.3786



42.9007, 47.1946, 51.6481



46.6453, 47.1946, 54.0489

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.9007, 47.1946, 51.6481



44.9482, 47.1946, 57.2855



46.8720, 47.1946, 51.1266



44.7661, 47.1946, 45.9077



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.9007, 47.1946, 51.6481



43.6613, 47.1946, 56.0445



46.8720, 47.1946, 51.1266



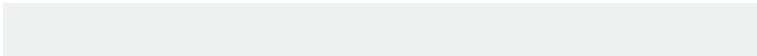
46.0744, 47.1946, 46.9947

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.9020, 47.1966, 51.6491



82.8061, 88.0951, 96.0785



42.4223, 47.0875, 45.3816



18.2551, 19.4101, 21.1675



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438

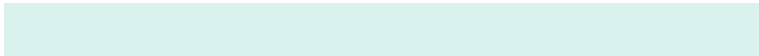


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.9020, 47.1966, 51.6491



76.0923, 84.7004, 92.7668



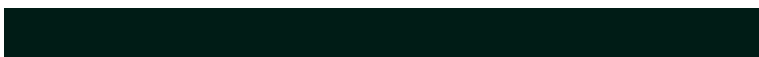
42.3357, 45.5584, 53.0190



9.1876, 10.1790, 11.1450



15.4776, 25.0920, 23.2346



0.5655, 0.8925, 0.9237



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.4543, 42.6221, 46.0358



75.0840, 74.3982, 80.1257



42.9806, 44.1381, 44.7829



9.0762, 9.0408, 9.7484



13.8725, 7.1227, 1.9492

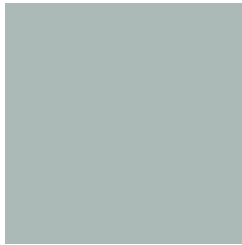


0.5110, 0.2599, 0.1844



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.9007, 47.1946, 51.6481 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

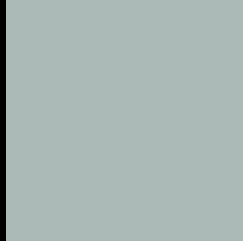
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.9007, 47.1946, 51.6481 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

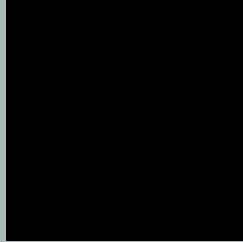
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

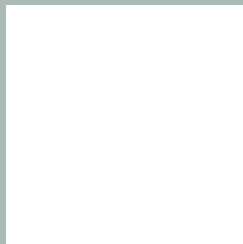
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 42.9007, 47.1946, 51.6481

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.9007, 47.1946, 51.6481.



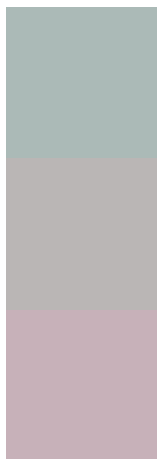
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.9007, 47.1946,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.9007, 47.1946, 51.6481

### Protanopia

45.3181, 47.2312, 50.4441

### Deuteranopia

48.0323, 47.0892, 52.4565



## Tritanopia

44.7891, 47.3569, 60.2062

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.9007, 47.1946, 51.6481

## Protanomaly

44.4330, 47.0681, 50.9992

## Deuteranomaly

45.9593, 46.9220, 51.9819

## Tritanomaly

44.2082, 47.4324, 57.2774

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.9007, 47.1946, 51.6481

## Achromatopsia

43.9204, 46.2077, 50.3202

## Achromatomaly

43.5084, 46.5915, 50.9559

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.9007, 47.1946, 51.6481 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 186, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 186, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 186, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 186, 183) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.9007, 47.1946, 51.6481 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 186, 183) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 186, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 186, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 186, 183); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 186, 183);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 186,  
183) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.9007, 47.1946, 51.6481 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 186, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
186, 183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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