

# Converting Colors

XYZ(43.0128, 44.0160, 66.5663)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(43.0128, 44.0160, 66.5663)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(42.9703, 43.8696,  
66.5245)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A7B0D1
RGB	167, 176, 209
RGB Percent	65%, 69%, 82%
CMY	0.3451, 0.3098, 0.1804
CMYK	0.20, 0.16, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	227°, 31%, 74%
HSV	227°, 20%, 82%
XYZ	42.9703, 43.8696, 66.5245
YIQ	177.0710, -15.9570, 8.3550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

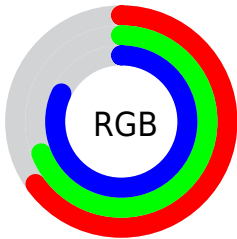
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	167, 174, 209
Decimal	10989777
CIE Lab	72.14, 3.83, -17.74
CIE LCh	72, 18.149, 282.180
Yxy	43.8696, 0.2802, 0.2860
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289179857 (0xFFA7B0D1)
YUV	177.0710, 15.7410, -8.8323
Hunter-Lab	66.2341, -0.1054, -13.1860

# Details

The XYZ color **42.9703, 43.8696, 66.5245** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **53.9242, 57.6539, 44.8465**, and the grayscale version is **41.7543, 43.9287, 47.8384**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.3380, 80.6212, 106.0930**, and **20.0635, 20.3593, 33.8826** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.8796, 35.7212, 65.3261**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.1667, 53.1684, 67.8881**.

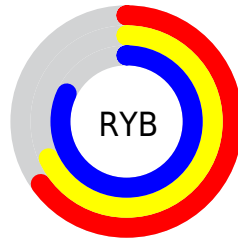
# Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (69%)

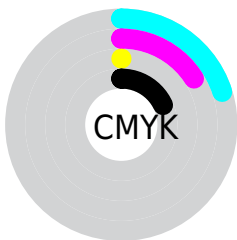
Blue (82%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (82%)

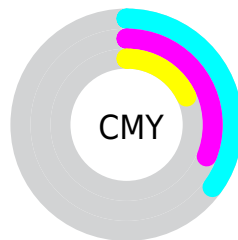


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.9703, 43.8696, 66.5245 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.9703, 43.8696, 66.5245 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 42.9703, 43.8696,  
66.5245

■ 42.9703, 43.8696,  
66.5245

349.4132,  
362.1759, 466.7057

■ 30.0562, 30.5680,  
48.2391

■ 78.9220, 81.0215,  
115.8730

■ 20.0296, 20.2701,  
33.6550

■ 102.6904,  
105.6406, 147.7732

■ 12.5249, 12.5915,  
22.3534

130.8076,  
134.8009, 185.0487

■ 7.1770, 7.1479,  
13.9160

163.6390,  
168.8870, 228.1181

■ 3.6203, 3.5548,  
7.9242

201.5498,  
208.2831, 277.4000

■ 1.4897, 1.4278,  
3.9594

244.9056,

■ 0.3188, 0.2370,

253.3737, 333.3129

1.6031

294.0716,  
304.5432, 396.2752

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.2930

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.9703, 43.8696,  
66.5245

■ 42.9703, 43.8696,  
66.5245

■ 35.8796, 35.7212,  
65.3261

■ 51.1667, 53.1684,  
67.8881

■ 29.8426, 28.6725,  
64.2838

■ 60.5099, 63.6549,  
69.4197

■ 24.8089, 22.6768,  
63.3918

■ 71.0436, 75.3715,  
71.1261

■ 20.7223, 17.6822,  
62.6431

■ 82.8083, 88.3567,  
73.0124

■ 17.5208, 13.6317,  
62.0300

■ 88.5088, 97.3835,  
74.4543

■ 15.1350, 10.4626,  
61.5441

■ 13.4836, 8.1035,  
61.1758

■ 12.4393, 6.4647,  
60.9145

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.8946, 43.8696, 65.9825



42.9703, 43.8696, 66.5245



45.8394, 43.8696, 61.6044

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.9703, 43.8696, 66.5245



46.2836, 43.8696, 37.1718



36.2625, 43.8696, 42.7182

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.9703, 43.8696, 66.5245



53.9242, 57.6539, 44.8465

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.8115, 43.8696, 36.1735



42.9703, 43.8696, 66.5245



43.5524, 43.8696, 33.2557

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.9703, 43.8696, 66.5245



47.8150, 43.8696, 44.2459



40.4486, 43.8696, 32.9145



36.1240, 43.8696, 51.4692



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.9703, 43.8696, 66.5245



47.2083, 43.8696, 56.2071



40.4486, 43.8696, 32.9145



36.6318, 43.8696, 40.2163

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.9717, 43.8714, 66.5255



85.9278, 89.7816, 107.4084



49.1514, 57.9827, 63.1844



18.1883, 18.9879, 22.9564



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.9717, 43.8714, 66.5255



62.5395, 63.2483, 103.5197



43.8956, 41.8138, 66.0796



11.3661, 11.8226, 14.9266



7.7289, 4.1044, 37.5774



0.4917, 0.3485, 2.1209



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.9508, 44.3285, 47.1052



71.7396, 64.2555, 67.5997



52.8285, 60.2756, 45.4103



11.9110, 11.8491, 12.8069



16.5319, 8.4856, 2.4414

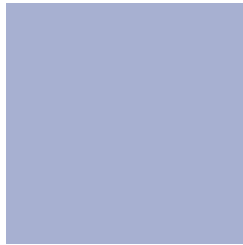


0.9544, 0.4865, 0.2947



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.9703, 43.8696, 66.5245 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.9703, 43.8696, 66.5245 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

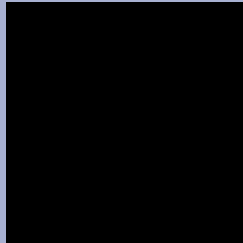
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 42.9703, 43.8696, 66.5245**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.9703, 43.8696, 66.5245.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.9703, 43.8696,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.9703, 43.8696, 66.5245

### Protanopia

43.2927, 43.7601, 65.8393

### Deuteranopia

44.9365, 44.0053, 67.0982



## **Tritanopia**

41.0556, 43.9830, 56.7778

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.9703, 43.8696, 66.5245

## Protanomaly

43.0773, 43.6490, 65.8292

## Deuteranomaly

44.2245, 43.9239, 67.1201

## Tritanomaly

41.7462, 43.9636, 60.3184

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.9703, 43.8696, 66.5245

## Achromatopsia

41.7894, 43.9657, 47.8787

## Achromatomaly

42.1410, 44.0026, 54.4164

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.9703, 43.8696, 66.5245 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 176, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 176, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 176, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 176, 209) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.9703, 43.8696, 66.5245 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 176, 209) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 176, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 176, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 176, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 176, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 176,  
209) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.9703, 43.8696, 66.5245 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 176, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
176, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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