

# Converting Colors

XYZ(43.0514, 21.4605, 35.1436)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(43.0514, 21.4605, 35.1436)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(42.9631, 21.4153,  
35.1269)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F200A0
RGB	242, 0, 160
RGB Percent	95%, 0%, 63%
CMY	0.0510, 0.9998, 0.3725
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.34, 0.05
HSL	320°, 100%, 47%
HSV	320°, 100%, 95%
XYZ	42.9631, 21.4153, 35.1269
YIQ	90.5980, 92.8720, 101.0640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

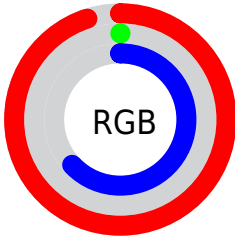
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	242, 0, 160
Decimal	15859872
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	53.40, 84.58, -17.51
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	53, 86.378, 348.303
Yxy	21.4153, 0.4318, 0.2152
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294049952 (0xFFFF200A0)
YUV	90.5980, 34.2152, 132.7796
Hunter-Lab	46.2767, 84.7346, -12.6112

# Details

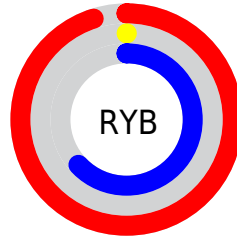
The XYZ color **42.9631, 21.4153, 35.1269** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0099**. The color can be described as middle saturated rose. A complement of this color would be **33.2779, 64.1147, 18.6148**, and the grayscale version is **9.7702, 10.2790, 11.1938**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.8734, 34.9017, 67.9764**, and **21.5292, 10.7860, 15.1346** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.9616, 21.4147, 35.1186**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **44.0366, 22.3757, 39.1426**.

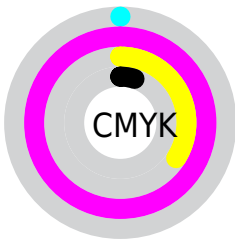
# Distribution



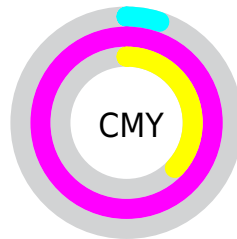
- Red (95%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (37%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.9631, 21.4153, 35.1269 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.9631, 21.4153, 35.1269 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 42.9631, 21.4153,  
35.1269


 42.9631, 21.4153,  
35.1269


349.3841,  
259.4774, 340.0494

 30.0506, 13.4279,  
23.4763


 78.9112, 45.7777,  
68.8361


 20.0252, 7.7239,  
14.7370


 102.6775, 62.9215,  
91.7318


 12.5218, 3.9188,  
8.4905


 130.7925, 83.8862,  
119.2130

 7.1748, 1.6282,  
4.3181

 163.6214,  
109.0562, 151.6981

 3.6189, 0.3765,  
1.8014

 201.5297,  
138.8160, 189.6058

 1.4889, 0.0000,  
0.4289

244.8826,

 0.3183, 0.0000,

173.5498, 233.3545

0.0000

294.0457,  
213.6422, 283.3629

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.9631, 21.4153,  
35.1269

■ 42.9631, 21.4153,  
35.1269

■ 42.9616, 21.4147,  
35.1186

■ 44.0366, 22.3757,  
39.1426

■ 45.5701, 24.1791,  
43.5494

■ 47.6932, 27.0832,  
48.3949

■ 50.4834, 31.2414,  
53.7090

■ 54.0056, 36.7826,  
59.5175

■ 58.3170, 43.8197,  
65.8432

■ 63.4687, 52.4537,  
72.7070

■ 69.5075, 62.7769,  
80.1284

■ 76.4765, 74.8744,  
88.1252

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.5628, 21.4153, 75.6203



42.9631, 21.4153, 35.1269



42.1036, 21.4153, 10.7827

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.9631, 21.4153, 35.1269



15.3043, 21.4153, 0.7035



10.7343, 21.4153, 84.9979

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.9631, 21.4153, 35.1269



33.2779, 64.1147, 18.6148

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.7842, 21.4153, 43.0427



42.9631, 21.4153, 35.1269



9.8236, 21.4153, 3.2750

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.9631, 21.4153, 35.1269



24.1427, 21.4153, 0.5234



7.5104, 21.4153, 14.5050



16.9850, 21.4153, 115.9585



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.9631, 21.4153, 35.1269



37.5638, 21.4153, 3.9340



7.5104, 21.4153, 14.5050



9.4163, 21.4153, 70.7103

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.9638, 21.4165, 35.1272



71.4131, 58.9613, 81.7989



19.3955, 8.1482, 84.5549



14.7358, 11.6935, 16.7932



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.9638, 21.4165, 35.1272



48.3617, 24.1087, 39.4323



37.0080, 19.0342, 3.7648



16.2133, 15.9350, 18.6797



23.1457, 11.5307, 19.2156



1.9718, 0.9778, 1.8422



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.9638, 21.4165, 35.1272



48.3617, 24.1087, 39.4323



42.3751, 67.7536, 66.5204



16.2133, 15.9350, 18.6797



23.1457, 11.5307, 19.2156



1.9718, 0.9778, 1.8422



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.9631, 21.4153, 35.1269 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

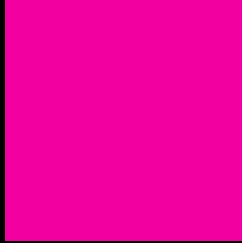
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.9631, 21.4153, 35.1269 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 42.9631, 21.4153, 35.1269**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.9631, 21.4153, 35.1269.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.9631, 21.4153,

35.1269.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.9631, 21.4153, 35.1269

### Protanopia

24.9971, 22.3282, 77.1210

### Deuteranopia

22.4014, 21.9972, 31.4990



## Tritanopia

37.3529, 21.7812, 7.3897

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.9631, 21.4153, 35.1269



## Protanomaly

24.5830, 15.6724, 58.8562



## Deuteranomaly

25.6317, 16.8079, 32.0303



## Tritanomaly

38.3189, 20.6148, 14.0160

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.9631, 21.4153, 35.1269



## Achromatopsia

9.9438, 10.4616, 11.3927



## Achromatomaly

16.5195, 10.3981, 17.6593

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.9631, 21.4153, 35.1269 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 0, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 0, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 0, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 0, 160) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.9631, 21.4153, 35.1269 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 0, 160) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 0, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 0, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 0, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 0, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 0,  
160) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.9631, 21.4153, 35.1269 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 0, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242, 0,  
160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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