

# Converting Colors

XYZ(43.0562, 23.9185, 5.5377)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(43.0562, 23.9185, 5.5377)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(43.0878, 23.9639,  
5.6033)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF3434
RGB	255, 52, 52
RGB Percent	100%, 20%, 20%
CMY	0.0000, 0.7960, 0.7961
CMYK	0.00, 0.80, 0.80, 0.00
HSL	0°, 100%, 60%
HSV	0°, 80%, 100%
XYZ	43.0878, 23.9639, 5.6033
YIQ	112.6970, 120.9880, 43.0360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

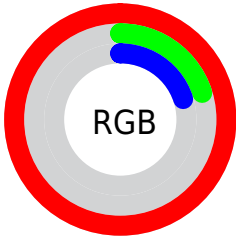
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 52, 52
Decimal	16725044
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	56.05, 73.53, 49.84
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	56, 88.827, 34.127
Yxy	23.9639, 0.5930, 0.3298
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294915124 (0xFFFF3434)
YUV	112.6970, -29.9236, 124.7997
Hunter-Lab	48.9529, 71.4460, 27.4805

# Details

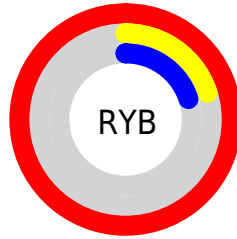
The XYZ color **43.0878, 23.9639, 5.6033** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3333**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **55.2201, 79.4582, 107.0336**, and the grayscale version is **15.6693, 16.4853, 17.9525**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.9015, 34.9027, 16.1634**, and **21.0191, 10.8320, 1.1552** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.8128, 22.0987, 3.0686**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.2871, 27.1830, 9.9741**.

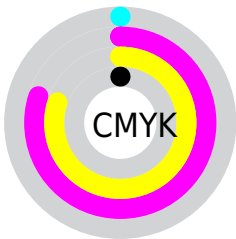
# Distribution



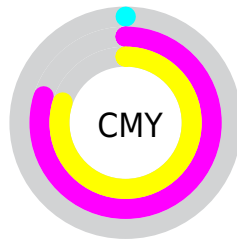
- Red (100%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (80%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 43.0878, 23.9639, 5.6033 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 43.0878, 23.9639, 5.6033 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 43.0878, 23.9639,  
5.6033


 43.0878, 23.9639,  
5.6033

349.8881,  
272.6379, 164.6578


 30.1488, 15.3068,  
2.5405


 79.0982, 49.9713,  
17.5650


 20.1002, 9.0350,  
0.8615


 102.9004, 68.0904,  
27.3010


 12.5766, 4.7640,  
0.0000


 131.0543, 90.1323,  
40.0986

 7.2126, 2.1095,  
0.0000

 163.9254,  
116.4815, 56.3762

 3.6429, 0.6700,  
0.0000

 201.8790,  
147.5222, 76.5523

 1.5022, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 245.2804,

 0.3273, 0.0000,

183.6389, 101.0456

0.0000

294.4950,  
225.2160, 130.2746

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 43.0878, 23.9639,  
5.6033

■ 43.0878, 23.9639,  
5.6033

■ 41.8128, 22.0987,  
3.0686

■ 45.2871, 27.1830,  
9.9741

■ 41.2563, 21.2842,  
1.9626


■ 48.5395, 31.9423,  
16.4392


■ 41.2399, 21.2603,  
1.9301

■ 52.9550, 38.4036,  
25.2167

■ 58.6295, 46.7071,  
36.4972

■ 65.6489, 56.9784,  
50.4513

 74.0915, 69.3323,  
67.2350

 84.0297, 83.8746,  
86.9921

95.0497, 99.9998,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.3597, 23.9639, 22.2678



43.0878, 23.9639, 5.6033



32.4140, 23.9639, 1.1835

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.0878, 23.9639, 5.6033



9.3294, 23.9639, 8.4965



24.2128, 23.9639, 131.1992

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.0878, 23.9639, 5.6033



55.2201, 79.4582, 107.0336

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.2688, 23.9639, 115.8040



43.0878, 23.9639, 5.6033



8.3160, 23.9639, 30.3320

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.0878, 23.9639, 5.6033



13.4776, 23.9639, 1.7734



10.1269, 23.9639, 71.7767



35.5953, 23.9639, 105.2614



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.0878, 23.9639, 5.6033



24.8357, 23.9639, 0.5789



10.1269, 23.9639, 71.7767



20.8353, 23.9639, 130.7636

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.0883, 23.9654, 5.6036



70.2036, 63.6430, 59.5054



60.5175, 30.9358, 97.3886



14.3958, 12.6994, 11.4829



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.0883, 23.9654, 5.6036



41.4068, 21.5042, 2.2613



53.3327, 44.4542, 9.0184



18.0096, 17.9873, 18.6670



21.5490, 11.1092, 1.0085



2.0982, 1.0817, 0.0982



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.2201, 79.4582, 107.0336



53.9309, 78.7922, 106.9737



30.9393, 30.8964, 98.9399



18.5548, 20.4812, 23.2253



28.1132, 41.1361, 55.8929



2.7373, 4.0054, 5.4421



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.0878, 23.9639, 5.6033 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.0878, 23.9639, 5.6033 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 43.0878, 23.9639, 5.6033**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.0878, 23.9639, 5.6033.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.0878, 23.9639,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.0878, 23.9639, 5.6033

### Protanopia

22.1467, 24.1318, 10.1473

### Deuteranopia

24.3847, 23.9947, 4.9363



## Tritanopia

43.0878, 23.9639, 5.6033

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.0878, 23.9639, 5.6033

## Protanomaly

26.5582, 21.0732, 7.9780

## Deuteranomaly

28.7768, 21.5538, 4.7414

## Tritanomaly

43.0878, 23.9639, 5.6033

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.0878, 23.9639, 5.6033

## Achromatopsia

15.6958, 16.5132, 17.9829

## Achromatomaly

21.1465, 16.2368, 11.9170

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 43.0878, 23.9639, 5.6033 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 52, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 52, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 52, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 52, 52) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 43.0878, 23.9639, 5.6033 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 52, 52) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 52, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 52, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 52, 52); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 52, 52);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 52,  
52) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 43.0878, 23.9639, 5.6033 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 52, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 52,  
52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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