

# Converting Colors

XYZ(43.2206, 32.4495, 76.9301)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(43.2206, 32.4495, 76.9301)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(43.3336, 32.5877,  
76.6792)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BF82E3
RGB	191, 130, 227
RGB Percent	75%, 51%, 89%
CMY	0.2510, 0.4902, 0.1098
CMYK	0.16, 0.43, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	278°, 63%, 70%
HSV	278°, 43%, 89%
XYZ	43.3336, 32.5877, 76.6792
YIQ	159.2970, 5.2190, 43.0990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

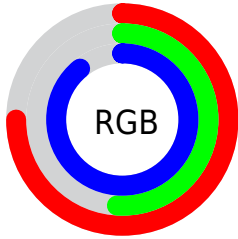
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	191, 130, 227
Decimal	12550883
CIELab	63.83, 40.75, -40.31
CIELCh	64, 57.318, 315.313
Yxy	32.5877, 0.2840, 0.2135
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290740963 (0xFFBF82E3)
YUV	159.2970, 33.3776, 27.8035
Hunter-Lab	57.0856, 35.5991, -39.6802

# Details

The XYZ color **43.3336, 32.5877, 76.6792** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99FF**. A complement of this color would be **47.2253, 64.6577, 31.1116**, and the grayscale version is **32.9419, 34.6574, 37.7420**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.2574, 61.6407, 102.5918**, and **20.3000, 13.7665, 40.1153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.5827, 26.1405, 75.6857**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.8747, 40.4324, 77.9019**.

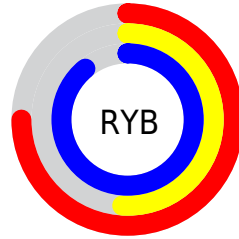
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (51%)

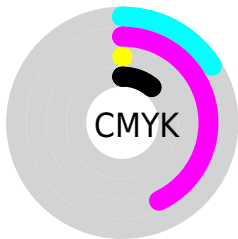
Blue (89%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (89%)

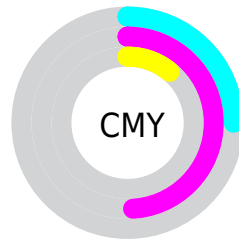


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (49%)


Yellow (11%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 43.3336, 32.5877, 76.6792 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 43.3336, 32.5877, 76.6792 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 43.3336, 32.5877,  
76.6792


 43.3336, 32.5877,  
76.6792

350.8802,  
313.7878, 503.0781


 30.3426, 21.8108,  
56.4796


 79.4666, 63.7313,  
130.4554

 20.2481, 13.7179,  
40.1810


 103.3393, 84.8668,  
164.8691

 12.6849, 7.9247,  
27.3649

 131.5700,  
110.2239, 204.8580

 7.2874, 4.0468,  
17.6126

164.5240,  
140.1870, 250.8405

 3.6904, 1.6998,  
10.5056

202.5667,  
175.1406, 303.2353

 1.5285, 0.4235,  
5.6255

246.0634,

 0.3451, 0.0000,

215.4690, 362.4607

2.5537

295.3794,  
261.5566, 428.9355

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.8684

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 43.3336, 32.5877,  
76.6792

■ 43.3336, 32.5877,  
76.6792

■ 38.5827, 26.1405,  
75.6857

■ 48.8747, 40.4324,  
77.9019

■ 34.5722, 20.9971,  
74.9043

■ 55.2447, 49.7520,  
79.3650

■ 31.2515, 17.0585,  
74.3191

■ 62.4838, 60.6230,  
81.0818

■ 28.5613, 14.2092,  
73.9109

■ 70.6282, 73.1152,  
83.0637

■ 26.4303, 12.3099,  
73.6566

■ 79.7123, 87.2944,  
85.3218

■ 25.1503, 11.3637,  
73.5415

■ 86.0891, 95.8639,  
86.6398

■ 89.0407, 97.3855,  
86.7779

■ 90.8652, 98.3261,  
86.8633

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.2441, 32.5877, 97.7141



43.3336, 32.5877, 76.6792



48.4895, 32.5877, 47.9506

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.3336, 32.5877, 76.6792



35.0663, 32.5877, 7.5553



18.3143, 32.5877, 48.5250

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.3336, 32.5877, 76.6792



47.2253, 64.6577, 31.1116

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.2834, 32.5877, 25.3879



43.3336, 32.5877, 76.6792



27.0629, 32.5877, 7.6002

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.3336, 32.5877, 76.6792



43.1841, 32.5877, 12.3757



21.2205, 32.5877, 12.5462



21.3136, 32.5877, 77.2534



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.3336, 32.5877, 76.6792



49.0842, 32.5877, 31.5337



21.2205, 32.5877, 12.5462



17.9761, 32.5877, 39.7479

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.3348, 32.5890, 76.6799



80.9891, 78.3837, 105.4687



36.9246, 37.9979, 78.0618



16.8674, 16.0696, 22.4627



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.3348, 32.5890, 76.6799



51.0352, 35.1017, 98.6932



52.0159, 37.2389, 69.1984



14.4495, 14.3339, 18.1495



14.8005, 6.6958, 42.8955



1.1955, 0.5473, 3.1746



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.5451, 35.0506, 40.3899



56.1310, 38.9401, 44.2025



41.5074, 61.6174, 35.0301



14.5971, 14.4560, 16.0785



19.4657, 9.9205, 6.0815



1.4822, 0.7506, 0.6796



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.3336, 32.5877, 76.6792 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

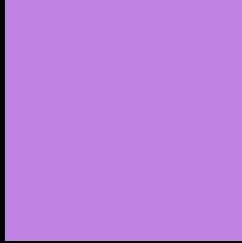
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.3336, 32.5877, 76.6792 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

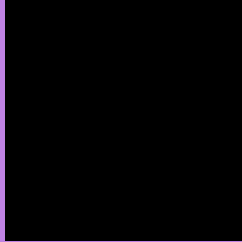
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 43.3336, 32.5877, 76.6792**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.3336, 32.5877, 76.6792.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.3336, 32.5877,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.3336, 32.5877, 76.6792

### Protanopia

35.4705, 33.0322, 91.6951

### Deuteranopia

33.6293, 32.7235, 73.6511



## Tritanopia

35.1871, 32.6954, 36.3546

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.3336, 32.5877, 76.6792



## Protanomaly

37.2303, 32.1983, 85.9140



## Deuteranomaly

36.5288, 32.3080, 74.8318



## Tritanomaly

37.5887, 32.3239, 48.5140

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.3336, 32.5877, 76.6792



## Achromatopsia

32.9542, 34.6704, 37.7561



## Achromatomaly

36.0362, 33.2984, 49.8753

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 43.3336, 32.5877, 76.6792 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 130, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 130, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 130, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 130, 227) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 43.3336, 32.5877, 76.6792 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 130, 227) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 130, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 130, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 130, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 130, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 130,  
227) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 43.3336, 32.5877, 76.6792 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 130, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
130, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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