

# Converting Colors

XYZ(43.2433, 44.1235, 43.5057)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(43.2433, 44.1235, 43.5057)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(43.3841, 44.3059,  
43.3111)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BDAFA8
RGB	189, 175, 168
RGB Percent	74%, 69%, 66%
CMY	0.2588, 0.3137, 0.3412
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.11, 0.26
HSL	20°, 14%, 70%
HSV	20°, 11%, 74%
XYZ	43.3841, 44.3059, 43.3111
YIQ	178.3880, 10.5910, 0.7910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

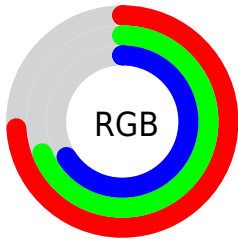
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	189, 179, 168
Decimal	12431272
CIELab	72.43, 3.80, 5.38
CIELCh	72, 6.589, 54.763
Yxy	44.3059, 0.3312, 0.3382
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290621352 (0xFFBD8FA8)
YUV	178.3880, -5.1213, 9.3067
Hunter-Lab	66.5627, -0.1423, 8.0150

# Details

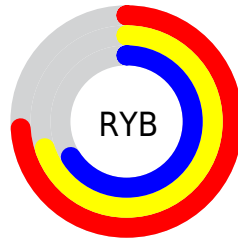
The XYZ color **43.3841, 44.3059, 43.3111** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **42.0615, 45.4540, 54.7011**, and the grayscale version is **42.5458, 44.7615, 48.7453**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.5514, 81.8920, 81.4260**, and **20.3887, 20.6611, 19.4364** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.4116, 38.9766, 33.9222**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.8437, 50.1990, 54.1261**.

# Distribution



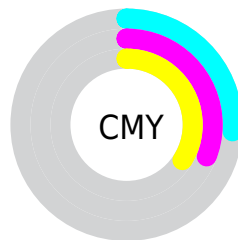
- Red (74%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (26%)




- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (34%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 43.3841, 44.3059, 43.3111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 43.3841, 44.3059, 43.3111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 43.3841, 44.3059,  
43.3111


 43.3841, 44.3059,  
43.3111


351.0838,  
363.9551, 375.8483

 30.3824, 30.9111,  
29.7961


 79.5423, 81.6779,  
81.4715

 20.2786, 20.5311,  
19.4331


 103.4295,  
106.4238, 106.9540

 12.7071, 12.7817,  
11.8037


131.6759,  
135.7221, 137.2626

 7.3028, 7.2784,  
6.4892

164.6469,  
169.9574, 172.8161

 3.7002, 3.6368,  
3.0712

202.7078,  
209.5139, 214.0328

 1.5340, 1.4726,  
1.1311

246.2241,

 0.3488, 0.2693,

254.7761, 261.3314

0.0000

295.5609,  
306.1284, 315.1304

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

43.3841, 44.3059,  
43.3111

43.3841, 44.3059,  
43.3111

39.4116, 38.9766,  
33.9222

47.8437, 50.1990,  
54.1261

35.9054, 34.1884,  
25.8966

52.8032, 56.6660,  
66.4207

32.8484, 29.9255,  
19.1709

58.2792, 63.7245,  
80.2493

30.2210, 26.1691,  
13.6757

64.2865, 71.3891,  
95.6623

28.0021, 22.8994,  
9.3349

69.6078, 79.1816,  
106.2226

■ 26.1685, 20.0950,  
6.0640

■ 73.4044, 86.7749,  
107.4881

■ 24.6945, 17.7328,  
3.7664

■ 74.7964, 89.5589,  
107.9521

■ 23.5502, 15.7870,  
2.3281

■ 22.7657, 14.3774,  
1.5752

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.1259, 44.3059, 45.6688



43.3841, 44.3059, 43.3111



42.3111, 44.3059, 42.2772

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.3841, 44.3059, 43.3111



39.9738, 44.3059, 47.6729



43.0329, 44.3059, 54.1470

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.3841, 44.3059, 43.3111



42.0615, 45.4540, 54.7011

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.9124, 44.3059, 54.7421



43.3841, 44.3059, 43.3111



40.1592, 44.3059, 50.9092

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.3841, 44.3059, 43.3111



40.3527, 44.3059, 44.7221



40.8639, 44.3059, 53.5328



43.9205, 44.3059, 51.9410



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.3841, 44.3059, 43.3111



41.5573, 44.3059, 42.4426



40.8639, 44.3059, 53.5328



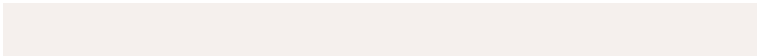
42.6704, 44.3059, 54.5461

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.3853, 44.3079, 43.3120



84.0714, 87.7820, 92.9831



43.4329, 42.2021, 50.1131



17.9365, 18.6893, 19.6475



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438

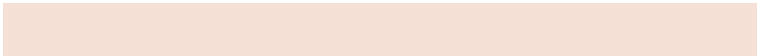


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.3853, 44.3079, 43.3120



76.1390, 77.2702, 73.8365



45.5084, 48.5540, 44.0197



9.7832, 10.0423, 9.9994



15.3809, 9.8006, 1.0810



0.6639, 0.5067, 0.0628



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.0615, 45.4540, 54.7011



73.3605, 79.6749, 97.7385



39.9919, 41.3147, 54.0113



9.5332, 10.2588, 12.1499



11.2699, 12.6515, 34.2409



0.4993, 0.6112, 1.3605



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.3841, 44.3059, 43.3111 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.3841, 44.3059, 43.3111 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

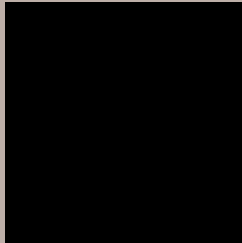
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 43.3841, 44.3059, 43.3111**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.3841, 44.3059, 43.3111.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.3841, 44.3059,

43.3111.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.3841, 44.3059, 43.3111

### Protanopia

42.4120, 44.3761, 43.8662

### Deuteranopia

45.2027, 44.3754, 43.7190



## Tritanopia

45.1013, 44.1266, 52.5946

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.3841, 44.3059, 43.3111

## Protanomaly

42.6943, 44.2295, 43.8230

## Deuteranomaly

44.6107, 44.3538, 43.7460

## Tritanomaly

44.3155, 44.0890, 48.8222

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.3841, 44.3059, 43.3111

## Achromatopsia

42.3164, 44.5201, 48.4824

## Achromatomaly

42.6535, 44.4454, 46.3751

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 43.3841, 44.3059, 43.3111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 175, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 175, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 175, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 175, 168) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 43.3841, 44.3059, 43.3111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 175, 168) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 175, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 175, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 175, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 175, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 175,  
168) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 43.3841, 44.3059, 43.3111 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 175, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189,  
175, 168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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