

# Converting Colors

XYZ(43.2964, 49.2164, 46.7090)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(43.2964, 49.2164, 46.7090)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(43.1869, 49.0494,  
46.7265)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ACBFAD
RGB	172, 191, 173
RGB Percent	67%, 75%, 68%
CMY	0.3255, 0.2510, 0.3216
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.09, 0.25
HSL	123°, 13%, 71%
HSV	123°, 10%, 75%
XYZ	43.1869, 49.0494, 46.7265
YIQ	183.2670, -5.5460, -9.6260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

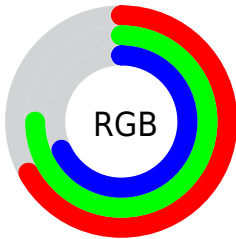
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	172, 190, 191
Decimal	11321261
CIELab	75.48, -9.93, 6.87
CIELCh	75, 12.073, 145.311
Yxy	49.0494, 0.3108, 0.3530
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289511341 (0xFFACBFAD)
YUV	183.2670, -5.0616, -9.8812
Hunter-Lab	70.0353, -12.4906, 9.4673

# Details

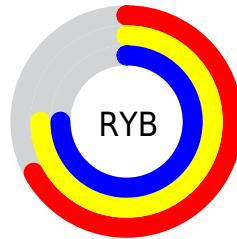
The XYZ color **43.1869, 49.0494, 46.7265** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **45.5344, 44.3003, 54.8684**, and the grayscale version is **45.1865, 47.5397, 51.7708**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.9429, 88.4539, 86.3114**, and **20.2854, 23.5505, 21.5657** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.6585, 46.3896, 37.9385**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.5578, 52.1189, 56.7939**.

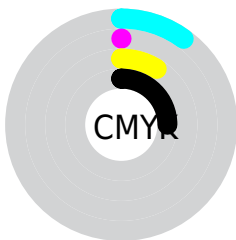
# Distribution



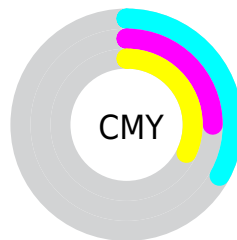
- Red (67%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 43.1869, 49.0494, 46.7265 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 43.1869, 49.0494, 46.7265 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 43.1869, 49.0494,  
46.7265

■ 43.1869, 49.0494,  
46.7265

350.2883,  
382.9368, 390.0839

■ 30.2269, 34.6587,  
32.4667

■ 79.2468, 88.7648,  
86.6509

■ 20.1598, 23.4001,  
21.4505

103.0774,  
114.8583, 113.1526

■ 12.6202, 14.8892,  
13.2592

131.2623,  
145.6215, 144.5721

■ 7.2427, 8.7417,  
7.4745

164.1668,  
181.4388, 181.3278

■ 3.6620, 4.5731,  
3.6776

202.1564,  
222.6945, 223.8382

■ 1.5128, 1.9990,  
1.4502

245.5962,

■ 0.3345, 0.6069,

269.7732, 272.5221

0.1804

294.8517,  
323.0591, 327.7978

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 43.1869, 49.0494,  
46.7265

■ 43.1869, 49.0494,  
46.7265

■ 37.6585, 46.3896,  
37.9385

■ 49.5578, 52.1189,  
56.7939

■ 32.9333, 44.1162,  
30.3756

■ 56.8000, 55.6078,  
68.1857

■ 28.9754, 42.2131,  
23.9845

■ 64.9462, 59.5332,  
80.9485

■ 25.7441, 40.6608,  
18.7064

■ 74.0259, 63.9096,  
95.1260

■ 23.1952, 39.4378,  
14.4779

■ 77.9218, 65.7435,  
103.1906

■ 21.2797, 38.5202,  
11.2288

■ 19.9419, 37.8812,  
8.8805

■ 19.1167, 37.4890,  
7.3424

■ 18.6886, 37.2864,  
6.5034

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.8131, 49.0494, 43.0695



43.1869, 49.0494, 46.7265



42.4811, 49.0494, 52.4101

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.1869, 49.0494, 46.7265



46.2708, 49.0494, 66.5852



50.5992, 49.0494, 48.3331

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.1869, 49.0494, 46.7265



45.5344, 44.3003, 54.8684

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.0193, 49.0494, 54.4153



43.1869, 49.0494, 46.7265



48.4748, 49.0494, 65.2777

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.1869, 49.0494, 46.7265



44.2251, 49.0494, 64.1382



50.2303, 49.0494, 60.6945



49.0998, 49.0494, 43.9440



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.1869, 49.0494, 46.7265



42.6106, 49.0494, 56.7106



50.2303, 49.0494, 60.6945



50.8733, 49.0494, 50.2332

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.1883, 49.0515, 46.7276



85.0549, 91.5590, 95.8774



47.3270, 51.1962, 46.4178



18.4696, 20.0055, 20.7258



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138

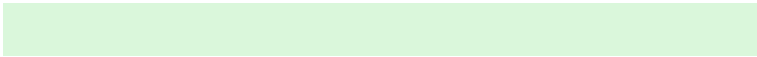


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.1883, 49.0515, 46.7276



74.9987, 86.7167, 79.9622



44.1357, 49.4305, 51.7166



9.4286, 10.6576, 10.2405



12.2895, 24.5061, 4.3214



0.4884, 0.9627, 0.2063



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.5344, 44.3003, 54.8684



80.0687, 76.4494, 97.5540



44.5344, 43.9003, 49.6022



9.9077, 9.6874, 11.9029



19.6073, 9.4741, 29.5555

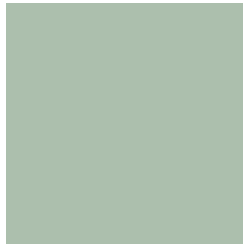


0.7747, 0.3738, 1.1930



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.1869, 49.0494, 46.7265 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.1869, 49.0494, 46.7265 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

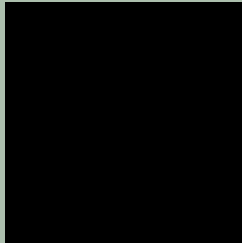
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 43.1869, 49.0494, 46.7265**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.1869, 49.0494, 46.7265.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.1869, 49.0494,

46.7265.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.1869, 49.0494, 46.7265

### Protanopia

46.5970, 48.9377, 45.0202

### Deuteranopia

49.5901, 48.6007, 47.3246



## Tritanopia

46.5625, 49.1520, 62.9103

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.1869, 49.0494, 46.7265

## Protanomaly

45.1286, 48.7952, 45.5680

## Deuteranomaly

46.8216, 48.3923, 46.9173

## Tritanomaly

45.0664, 48.8420, 56.3424

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.1869, 49.0494, 46.7265

## Achromatopsia

45.0092, 47.3531, 51.5676

## Achromatomaly

44.2860, 47.9562, 49.5702

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 43.1869, 49.0494, 46.7265 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 191, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 191, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 191, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 191, 173) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 43.1869, 49.0494, 46.7265 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 191, 173) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 191, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(172, 191, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 191, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 191, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 191,  
173) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 43.1869, 49.0494, 46.7265 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 191, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
191, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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