

# Converting Colors

XYZ(43.3755, 43.1442, 56.0923)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(43.3755, 43.1442, 56.0923)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(43.3230, 43.1346, 55.9116)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(43.3230, 43.1346,  
55.9116)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B5ACC0
RGB	181, 172, 192
RGB Percent	71%, 67%, 75%
CMY	0.2902, 0.3255, 0.2471
CMYK	0.06, 0.10, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	267°, 14%, 71%
HSV	267°, 10%, 75%
XYZ	43.3230, 43.1346, 55.9116
YIQ	176.9710, -1.0560, 8.1280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

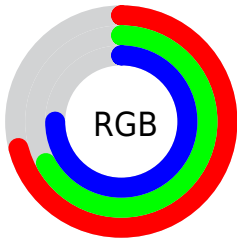
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	181, 172, 192
Decimal	11906240
CIE Lab	71.65, 7.01, -9.04
CIE LCh	72, 11.441, 307.785
Yxy	43.1346, 0.3043, 0.3030
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290096320 (0xFFB5ACC0)
YUV	176.9710, 7.4093, 3.5334
Hunter-Lab	65.6769, 2.8107, -4.5005

# Details

The XYZ color **43.3230, 43.1346, 55.9116** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **45.8261, 50.7463, 46.4116**, and the grayscale version is **41.7385, 43.9122, 47.8204**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.3374, 79.7200, 100.0129**, and **20.2788, 19.8862, 27.1957** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.5466, 35.1194, 54.6696**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.8177, 52.3061, 57.3402**.

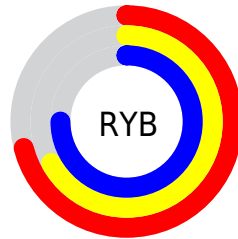
# Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (67%)

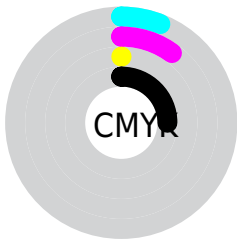
Blue (75%)



Red (71%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (75%)

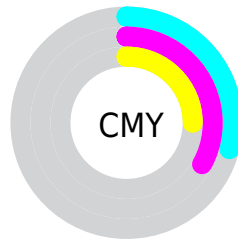


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 43.3230, 43.1346, 55.9116 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 43.3230, 43.1346, 55.9116 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 43.3230, 43.1346,  
55.9116

■ 43.3230, 43.1346,  
55.9116

350.8375,  
359.1650, 426.7372

■ 30.3342, 29.9907,  
39.7285

■ 79.4507, 79.9139,  
100.3598

■ 20.2418, 19.8316,  
27.0148

103.3204,  
104.3182, 129.4621

■ 12.6802, 12.2727,  
17.3518

131.5478,  
133.2447, 163.7078

■ 7.2842, 6.9297,  
10.3210

164.4982,  
167.0779, 203.5155

■ 3.6884, 3.4181,  
5.5039

202.5370,  
206.2021, 249.3037

■ 1.5274, 1.3537,  
2.4820

246.0296,

■ 0.3443, 0.1822,

251.0018, 301.4911

0.8306

295.3413,  
301.8613, 360.4961

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 43.3230, 43.1346,  
55.9116

■ 43.3230, 43.1346,  
55.9116

■ 37.5466, 35.1194,  
54.6696

■ 49.8177, 52.3061,  
57.3402

■ 32.4579, 28.2078,  
53.6038

■ 57.0519, 62.6729,  
58.9599

■ 28.0299, 22.3512,  
52.7067

■ 65.0510, 74.2788,  
60.7785

■ 24.2318, 17.4950,  
51.9695

■ 73.8376, 87.1638,  
62.8025

■ 21.0305, 13.5795,  
51.3825

■ 79.1435, 92.7859,  
63.6080

■ 18.3894, 10.5386,  
50.9347

■ 82.7114, 94.6252,  
63.7750

■ 16.2670, 8.2970,  
50.6139

■ 86.4895, 96.5729,  
63.9518

■ 14.6151, 6.7661,  
50.4055

■ 86.5146, 96.5858,  
63.9529

■ 13.3880, 5.8026,  
50.2842

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.5048, 43.1346, 58.3483



43.3230, 43.1346, 55.9116



44.5441, 43.1346, 51.1160

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.3230, 43.1346, 55.9116



42.4226, 43.1346, 37.7664



37.4172, 43.1346, 48.4262

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.3230, 43.1346, 55.9116



45.8261, 50.7463, 46.4116

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.6455, 43.1346, 43.0474



43.3230, 43.1346, 55.9116



40.4956, 43.1346, 37.1699

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.3230, 43.1346, 55.9116



44.0130, 43.1346, 40.7286



38.7580, 43.1346, 39.0298



38.1242, 43.1346, 53.8103



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.3230, 43.1346, 55.9116



44.8340, 43.1346, 47.3797



38.7580, 43.1346, 39.0298



37.3876, 43.1346, 46.5552

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.3243, 43.1364, 55.9125



87.0394, 90.1926, 103.1817



43.5316, 46.5826, 56.5668



18.4637, 19.0530, 22.0898



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.3243, 43.1364, 55.9125



76.5462, 75.4278, 100.8849



45.6703, 44.3459, 56.0223



9.9490, 9.9649, 12.6839



9.0956, 3.9494, 33.8395



0.4722, 0.2115, 1.4658



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.0395, 44.1324, 50.9465



80.1583, 77.5256, 90.4069



43.6050, 49.6012, 46.3077



10.2998, 10.1685, 11.6693



16.4043, 8.2515, 10.0411



0.7431, 0.3703, 0.6147



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.3230, 43.1346, 55.9116 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.3230, 43.1346, 55.9116 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

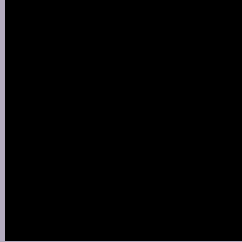
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 43.3230, 43.1346, 55.9116**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.3230, 43.1346, 55.9116.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.3230, 43.1346,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.3230, 43.1346, 55.9116

### Protanopia

41.9953, 43.0066, 56.5398

### Deuteranopia

44.0849, 43.2459, 55.8929



## Tritanopia

42.7356, 43.1783, 53.0955

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.3230, 43.1346, 55.9116

## Protanomaly

42.4737, 42.9675, 56.5070

## Deuteranomaly

43.8445, 43.1219, 55.8817

## Tritanomaly

42.9513, 43.2646, 54.2312

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.3230, 43.1346, 55.9116

## Achromatopsia

41.7894, 43.9657, 47.8787

## Achromatomaly

42.1336, 43.5023, 50.4321

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 43.3230, 43.1346, 55.9116 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 172, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 172, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 172, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 172, 192) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 43.3230, 43.1346, 55.9116 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 172, 192) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 172, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 172, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 172, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 172, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 172,  
192) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 43.3230, 43.1346, 55.9116 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 172, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
172, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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