

# Converting Colors

XYZ(43.4080, 57.0676, 47.6643)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(43.4080, 57.0676, 47.6643)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(43.5256, 57.2747, 47.7908)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(43.5256, 57.2747,  
47.7908)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	93D6AC
RGB	147, 214, 172
RGB Percent	58%, 84%, 67%
CMY	0.4235, 0.1608, 0.3255
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.20, 0.16
HSL	142°, 45%, 71%
HSV	142°, 31%, 84%
XYZ	43.5256, 57.2747, 47.7908
YIQ	189.1790, -26.4500, -27.2660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

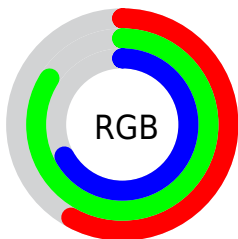
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	147, 196, 214
Decimal	9688748
CIELab	80.33, -29.84, 14.10
CIELCh	80, 33.001, 154.707
Yxy	57.2747, 0.2929, 0.3855
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287878828 (0xFF93D6AC)
YUV	189.1790, -8.4692, -36.9910
Hunter-Lab	75.6801, -29.7800, 15.5353

# Details

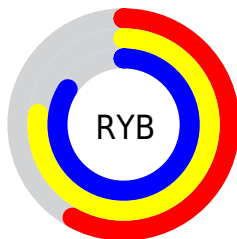
The XYZ color **43.5256, 57.2747, 47.7908** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **47.3526, 38.8391, 53.1475**, and the grayscale version is **48.5313, 51.0587, 55.6029**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.2537, 89.7626, 86.0854**, and **20.4044, 28.5320, 22.2011** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.8153, 54.9895, 41.1812**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.0829, 59.9847, 55.1215**.

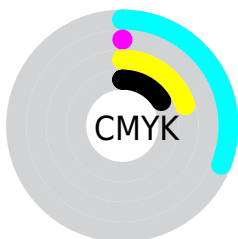
# Distribution



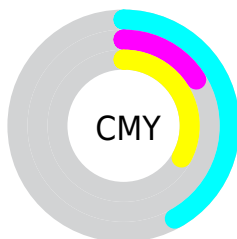
- Red (58%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (33%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 43.5256, 57.2747, 47.7908 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 43.5256, 57.2747, 47.7908 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 43.5256, 57.2747,  
47.7908


 43.5256, 57.2747,  
47.7908


351.6538,  
414.4778, 394.4471

 30.4940, 41.2258,  
33.3024


 79.7542, 100.8659,  
88.2551

 20.3638, 28.4956,  
22.0852


 103.6819,  
129.1770, 115.0682

 12.7696, 18.6996,  
13.7206


131.9724,  
162.3443, 146.8266

 7.3460, 11.4534,  
7.7901

164.9910,  
200.7523, 183.9488

 3.7276, 6.3727,  
3.8751

203.1031,  
244.7852, 226.8534

 1.5492, 3.0730,  
1.5571

246.6741,

 0.3590, 1.1700,

294.8275, 275.9590

0.2599

296.0692,  
351.2636, 331.6840

■ 0.0000, 0.0370,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 43.5256, 57.2747,  
47.7908

■ 43.5256, 57.2747,  
47.7908

■ 38.8153, 54.9895,  
41.1812

■ 49.0829, 59.9847,  
55.1215

■ 34.9039, 53.0999,  
35.2669

■ 55.5230, 63.1328,  
63.1906

■ 31.7455, 51.5844,  
30.0257

■ 62.8848, 66.7401,  
72.0194

■ 29.2871, 50.4162,  
25.4333

■ 71.2040, 70.8248,  
81.6275

■ 27.4686, 49.5647,  
21.4634

■ 80.5138, 75.4035,  
92.0335

■ 26.2188, 48.9938,  
18.0879

■ 82.9368, 76.4149,  
102.8854

■ 25.4900, 48.6722,  
15.6115

■ 83.3376, 76.5752,  
104.9959

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.3769, 57.2747, 36.5235



43.5256, 57.2747, 47.7908



42.4996, 57.2747, 65.4631

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.5256, 57.2747, 47.7908



55.5101, 57.2747, 107.2300



65.8204, 57.2747, 43.5010

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.5256, 57.2747, 47.7908



47.3526, 38.8391, 53.1475

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.4254, 57.2747, 59.3612



43.5256, 57.2747, 47.7908



62.1678, 57.2747, 98.1840

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.5256, 57.2747, 47.7908



49.0786, 57.2747, 102.3709



67.0367, 57.2747, 79.6304



60.1737, 57.2747, 34.4294



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.5256, 57.2747, 47.7908



43.4774, 57.2747, 79.2262



67.0367, 57.2747, 79.6304



67.1011, 57.2747, 48.0795

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.5271, 57.2771, 47.7921



84.8744, 95.0119, 96.7822



50.4090, 61.0766, 36.7367



17.8377, 20.1754, 20.3151



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.5271, 57.2771, 47.7921



59.6465, 82.7058, 64.0095



47.1085, 58.7096, 66.6515



12.4521, 13.9719, 14.1953



15.4528, 29.4365, 9.6803



0.9715, 1.7912, 0.7916



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.3526, 38.8391, 53.1475



66.2497, 50.8541, 73.2348



44.1621, 37.5629, 36.3467



12.7474, 12.5504, 14.6099



19.4212, 9.7048, 14.7878

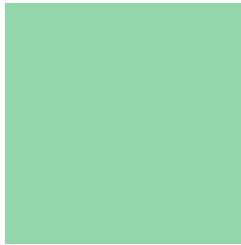


1.2109, 0.6011, 1.0998



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.5256, 57.2747, 47.7908 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

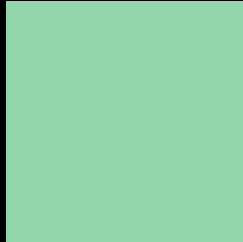
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.5256, 57.2747, 47.7908 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

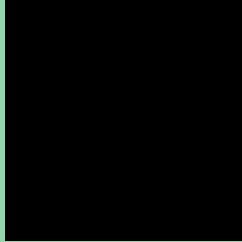
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 43.5256, 57.2747, 47.7908**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.5256, 57.2747, 47.7908.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.5256, 57.2747,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.5256, 57.2747, 47.7908

### Protanopia

53.4733, 56.7701, 43.2613

### Deuteranopia

57.9306, 56.6047, 49.4675



## Tritanopia

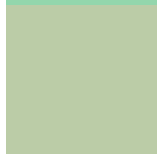
49.6720, 57.1756, 78.9390

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.5256, 57.2747, 47.7908



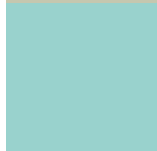
## Protanomaly

49.0614, 56.5405, 44.8868



## Deuteranomaly

51.1872, 55.8123, 48.6324



## Tritanomaly

47.2029, 57.2733, 66.3246

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.5256, 57.2747, 47.7908



## Achromatopsia

48.3692, 50.8881, 55.4172



## Achromatomaly

46.1969, 52.8057, 52.5574

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 43.5256, 57.2747, 47.7908 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 214, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 214, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 214, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 214, 172) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 43.5256, 57.2747, 47.7908 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 214, 172) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 214, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 214, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 214, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 214, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 214,  
172) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 43.5256, 57.2747, 47.7908 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 214, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
214, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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