

# Converting Colors

XYZ(43.5296, 47.4445, 96.2905)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(43.5296, 47.4445, 96.2905)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(43.6087, 47.5198,  
96.4964)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7CBDF9
RGB	124, 189, 249
RGB Percent	49%, 74%, 98%
CMY	0.5137, 0.2588, 0.0235
CMYK	0.50, 0.24, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	209°, 91%, 73%
HSV	209°, 50%, 98%
XYZ	43.6087, 47.5198, 96.4964
YIQ	176.4050, -58.0000, 4.8800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

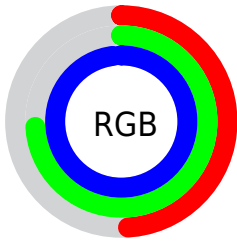
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	124, 167, 249
Decimal	8175097
CIELab	74.52, -4.54, -36.04
CIELCh	75, 36.322, 262.824
Yxy	47.5198, 0.2324, 0.2533
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286365177 (0xFF7CBDF9)
YUV	176.4050, 35.7893, -45.9592
Hunter-Lab	68.9346, -7.7147, -34.7414

# Details

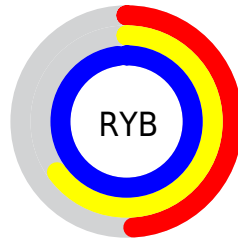
The XYZ color **43.6087, 47.5198, 96.4964** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **59.8473, 55.8783, 26.7021**, and the grayscale version is **41.3203, 43.4722, 47.3412**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.9938, 82.4699, 106.8370**, and **20.3685, 22.4709, 53.1329** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.9884, 40.9625, 95.5278**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.3526, 54.9727, 97.5804**.

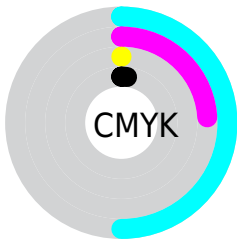
# Distribution



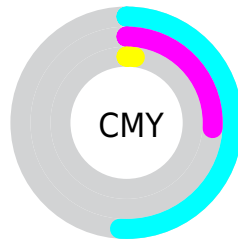
- Red (49%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 43.6087, 47.5198, 96.4964 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 43.6087, 47.5198, 96.4964 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 43.6087, 47.5198,  
96.4964

■ 43.6087, 47.5198,  
96.4964

351.9883,  
376.8856, 570.0508

■ 30.5596, 33.4468,  
72.7773

■ 79.8786, 86.4890,  
158.3436

■ 20.4139, 22.4689,  
53.3032

■ 103.8301,  
112.1540, 197.3089

■ 12.8063, 14.2019,  
37.6555

■ 132.1465,  
142.4517, 242.1932

■ 7.3714, 8.2612,  
25.4156

165.1930,  
177.7666, 293.4152

■ 3.7438, 4.2625,  
16.1652

203.3351,  
218.4830, 351.3935

■ 1.5582, 1.8215,  
9.4855

246.9381,

■ 0.3650, 0.5005,

264.9854, 416.5464

4.9581

296.3674,  
317.6581, 489.2927

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.1644

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.6537

■ 43.6087, 47.5198,  
96.4964

■ 43.6087, 47.5198,  
96.4964

■ 37.9884, 40.9625,  
95.5278

■ 50.3526, 54.9727,  
97.5804

■ 33.4119, 35.2494,  
94.6663

■ 58.2824, 63.3579,  
98.7810

■ 29.7956, 30.3305,  
93.9075

■ 67.4617, 72.7161,  
100.1035

■ 27.0390, 26.1458,  
93.2450

■ 77.9475, 83.0835,  
101.5519

■ 25.0126, 22.6666,  
92.6803

■ 89.7932, 94.4943,  
103.1301

■ 94.0991, 99.6196,  
103.8924

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.9647, 47.5198, 86.1924



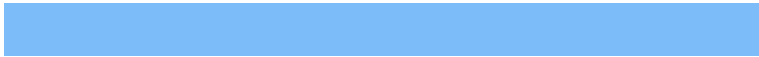
43.6087, 47.5198, 96.4964



50.2379, 47.5198, 92.6906

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.6087, 47.5198, 96.4964



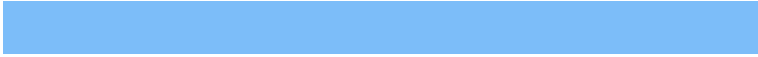
57.8184, 47.5198, 38.9550



35.8427, 47.5198, 32.8378

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.6087, 47.5198, 96.4964



59.8473, 55.8783, 26.7021

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



40.4478, 47.5198, 25.0761



43.6087, 47.5198, 96.4964



53.2251, 47.5198, 27.9647

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.6087, 47.5198, 96.4964



58.8727, 47.5198, 56.3861



46.7602, 47.5198, 23.5380

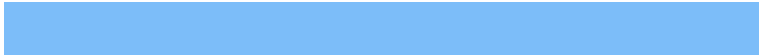


33.7714, 47.5198, 47.3582



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.6087, 47.5198, 96.4964



54.2944, 47.5198, 83.0168



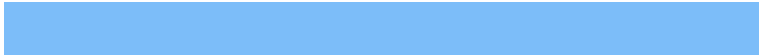
46.7602, 47.5198, 23.5380



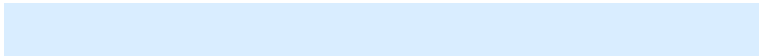
37.1230, 47.5198, 29.5105

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.6103, 47.5215, 96.4975



76.7710, 82.2934, 106.4457



50.6675, 75.4290, 56.3277



15.9377, 17.1241, 22.7152



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

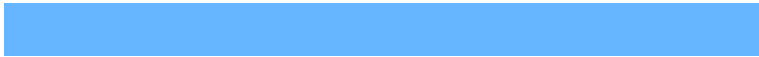


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.6103, 47.5215, 96.4975



40.1672, 43.3203, 100.8524



33.1539, 26.6086, 93.0121



17.0298, 18.1364, 21.9884



13.5319, 12.4194, 49.6575



1.3595, 1.3626, 4.6345



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.4614, 38.2311, 52.6019



54.3893, 34.1219, 47.7369



75.3082, 86.8002, 31.8558



17.6216, 17.3760, 19.8629



23.1223, 11.6647, 12.6185

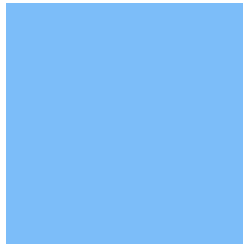


2.1951, 1.1018, 1.4509



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.6087, 47.5198, 96.4964 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

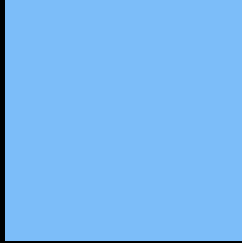
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.6087, 47.5198, 96.4964 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

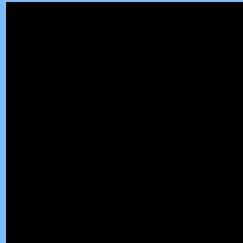
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

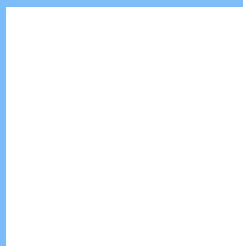
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 43.6087, 47.5198, 96.4964

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.6087, 47.5198, 96.4964.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.6087, 47.5198,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.6087, 47.5198, 96.4964

### Protanopia

47.8653, 47.0527, 90.5637

### Deuteranopia

48.4318, 47.1846, 97.8217



## Tritanopia

38.3057, 47.6781, 69.4712

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.6087, 47.5198, 96.4964

## Protanomaly

45.9926, 46.9436, 93.0231

## Deuteranomaly

46.4015, 47.0650, 97.0813

## Tritanomaly

39.8630, 47.2892, 78.2609

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.6087, 47.5198, 96.4964

## Achromatopsia

41.2663, 43.4154, 47.2793

## Achromatomaly

41.2080, 44.5276, 62.9227

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 43.6087, 47.5198, 96.4964 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 189, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 189, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 189, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 189, 249) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 43.6087, 47.5198, 96.4964 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

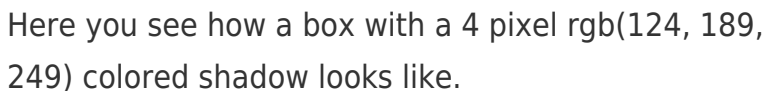
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 189, 249) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 189, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 189, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 189, 249); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 189, 249); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 189, 249) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 43.6087, 47.5198, 96.4964 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 189, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
189, 249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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