

# Converting Colors

XYZ(43.6327, 35.1262, 26.9508)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(43.6327, 35.1262, 26.9508)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(43.5387, 35.0175,  
27.0186)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DF8886
RGB	223, 136, 134
RGB Percent	87%, 53%, 53%
CMY	0.1255, 0.4666, 0.4745
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.40, 0.13
HSL	1°, 58%, 70%
HSV	1°, 40%, 87%
XYZ	43.5387, 35.0175, 27.0186
YIQ	161.7850, 52.4940, 17.8220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

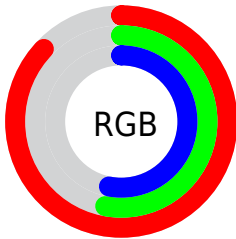
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	223, 136, 134
Decimal	14649478
CIE Lab	65.76, 33.01, 15.29
CIE LCh	66, 36.379, 24.854
Yxy	35.0175, 0.4124, 0.3317
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292839558 (0xFFDF8886)
YUV	161.7850, -13.6980, 53.6856
Hunter-Lab	59.1756, 27.7749, 14.3521

# Details

The XYZ color **43.5387, 35.0175, 27.0186** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **49.0062, 62.1066, 79.2170**, and the grayscale version is **34.2877, 36.0734, 39.2839**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.6231, 61.6748, 55.3013**, and **20.3658, 15.1364, 10.2357** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.3803, 28.9329, 18.7512**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.6511, 42.4853, 37.2226**.

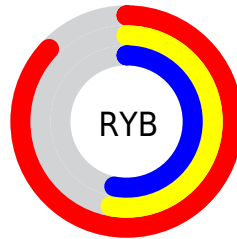
# Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (53%)

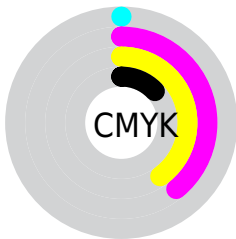
Blue (53%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (53%)

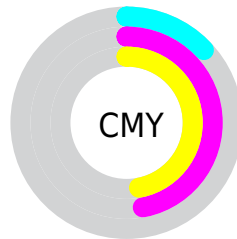


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (47%)


Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 43.5387, 35.0175, 27.0186 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 43.5387, 35.0175, 27.0186 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 43.5387, 35.0175,  
27.0186


 43.5387, 35.0175,  
27.0186

351.7066,  
324.6456, 301.5102


 30.5044, 23.6764,  
17.3546


 79.7738, 67.5129,  
55.9178

 20.3717, 15.0937,  
10.3230


 103.7053, 89.4359,  
75.9901

 12.7754, 8.8852,  
5.5053


 131.9999,  
115.6550, 100.3690

 7.3500, 4.6664,  
2.4828

165.0229,  
146.5546, 129.4729

 3.7302, 2.0529,  
0.8310

203.1397,  
182.5190, 163.7205

 1.5506, 0.6379,  
0.0000

246.7157,

 0.3599, 0.0000,

223.9328, 203.5302

0.0000

296.1162,  
271.1801, 249.3206

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 43.5387, 35.0175,  
27.0186

■ 43.5387, 35.0175,  
27.0186

■ 39.3803, 28.9329,  
18.7512

■ 48.6511, 42.4853,  
37.2226

■ 36.1143, 24.1416,  
12.2961

■ 54.7687, 51.4083,  
49.4728

■ 33.6763, 20.5518,  
7.5181

■ 61.9422, 61.8599,  
63.8729

■ 31.9919, 18.0571,  
4.2618

■ 70.2181, 73.9071,  
80.5189

■ 30.9735, 16.5325,  
2.3433

■ 79.6402, 87.6126,  
99.5013

■ 30.4892, 15.8017,  
1.4489

■ 84.2415, 94.4280,  
108.3942

■ 30.4860, 15.7970,  
1.4423

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.6399, 35.0175, 40.8377



43.5387, 35.0175, 27.0186



39.5760, 35.0175, 18.7265

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.5387, 35.0175, 27.0186



25.5467, 35.0175, 23.5349



32.3671, 35.0175, 75.7307

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.5387, 35.0175, 27.0186



49.0062, 62.1066, 79.2170

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.6953, 35.0175, 67.7159



43.5387, 35.0175, 27.0186



24.0370, 35.0175, 35.5411

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.5387, 35.0175, 27.0186



29.1363, 35.0175, 17.1261



24.7794, 35.0175, 51.9289



37.8057, 35.0175, 71.6737



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.5387, 35.0175, 27.0186



36.0494, 35.0175, 16.1435



24.7794, 35.0175, 51.9289



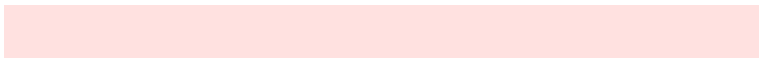
30.6620, 35.0175, 74.3075

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.5396, 35.0192, 27.0193



81.6982, 80.5623, 82.0499



52.0768, 37.9866, 73.3556



17.2041, 16.8318, 16.9942



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.5396, 35.0192, 27.0193



54.1599, 40.3702, 26.9834



51.0526, 50.0453, 29.5236



13.7319, 13.7497, 14.2370



17.9362, 9.3103, 0.8517



1.2521, 0.6631, 0.0620



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.0062, 62.1066, 79.2170



62.5466, 81.9475, 107.1286



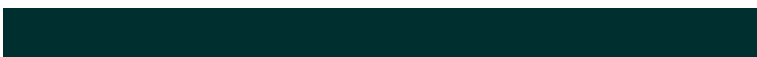
38.8766, 41.8473, 75.8404



14.0887, 15.5166, 17.6401



22.5815, 32.6326, 46.1569



1.5737, 2.2790, 3.2022



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.5387, 35.0175, 27.0186 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

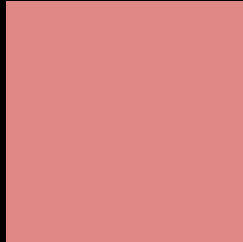
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.5387, 35.0175, 27.0186 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

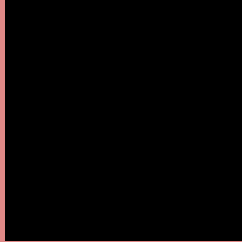
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 43.5387, 35.0175, 27.0186**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.5387, 35.0175, 27.0186.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.5387, 35.0175,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.5387, 35.0175, 27.0186

### Protanopia

33.4850, 35.3239, 32.2475

### Deuteranopia

35.9020, 35.1890, 26.3726



## Tritanopia

44.2996, 34.9111, 30.7892

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.5387, 35.0175, 27.0186

## Protanomaly

36.4426, 34.6510, 30.3588

## Deuteranomaly

38.1518, 34.6755, 26.5120

## Tritanomaly

44.1381, 35.0687, 29.2535

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.5387, 35.0175, 27.0186

## Achromatopsia

34.3422, 36.1307, 39.3463

## Achromatomaly

36.8259, 35.2398, 34.5668

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 43.5387, 35.0175, 27.0186 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 136, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 136, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 136, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 136, 134) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 43.5387, 35.0175, 27.0186 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 136, 134) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 136, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 136, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 136, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 136, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 136,  
134) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 43.5387, 35.0175, 27.0186 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 136, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
136, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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