

# Converting Colors

XYZ(43.6979, 26.1759, 2.7493)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(43.6979, 26.1759, 2.7493)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(43.6888, 26.1576,  
2.7463)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF4A00
RGB	255, 74, 0
RGB Percent	100%, 29%, 0%
CMY	0.0000, 0.7098, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.71, 1.00, 0.00
HSL	17°, 100%, 50%
HSV	17°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	43.6888, 26.1576, 2.7463
YIQ	119.6830, 131.6300, 15.3580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

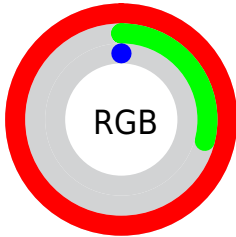
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	255, 104, 0
Decimal	16730624
CIELab	58.19, 66.11, 69.25
CIELCh	58, 95.741, 46.332
Yxy	26.1576, 0.6018, 0.3603
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294920704 (0xFFFF4A00)
YUV	119.6830, -59.0037, 118.6730
Hunter-Lab	51.1445, 62.9759, 32.6175

# Details

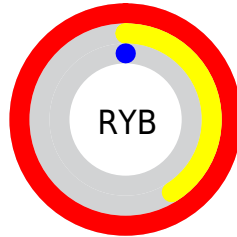
The XYZ color **43.6888, 26.1576, 2.7463** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3300**. The color can be described as dark saturated red. A complement of this color would be **34.5719, 40.2640, 100.5565**, and the grayscale version is **17.9062, 18.8387, 20.5153**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50.5529, 38.4052, 9.5990**, and **20.9863, 10.8188, 0.9821** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.6891, 26.1587, 2.7465**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.2575, 29.0060, 4.1619**.

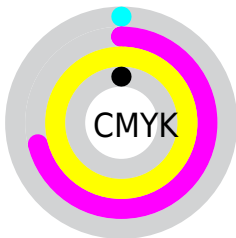
# Distribution



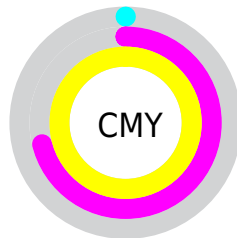
- Red (100%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 43.6888, 26.1576, 2.7463 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 43.6888, 26.1576, 2.7463 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 43.6888, 26.1576,  
2.7463


 43.6888, 26.1576,  
2.7463

352.3105,  
283.5549, 133.0608


 30.6228, 16.9416,  
0.9666


 79.9985, 53.5291,  
10.9957

 20.4622, 10.1928,  
0.0000


 103.9729, 72.4533,  
18.3025


 12.8417, 5.5270,  
0.0000


 132.3142, 95.3825,  
28.2888

 7.3959, 2.5597,  
0.0000

 165.3876,  
122.7008, 41.3730

 3.7594, 0.9064,  
0.0000

 203.5586,  
154.7929, 57.9738


 1.5669, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 247.1925,


 0.3707, 0.0000,


192.0430, 78.5097


0.0000


 296.6547,  
234.8355, 103.3992


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 43.6888, 26.1576,  
2.7463


 43.6888, 26.1576,  
2.7463

 43.6891, 26.1587,  
2.7465

 45.2575, 29.0060,  
4.1619

 47.4361, 32.6964,  
6.9434

 50.3215, 37.3081,  
11.4788

 53.9802, 42.9034,  
18.0077

 58.4700, 49.5384,  
26.7317

63.8423, 57.2649,  
37.8273

70.1444, 66.1308,  
51.4530

77.4199, 76.1809,  
67.7534

85.7094, 87.4578,  
86.8621

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



53.0396, 26.1576, 14.0165



43.6888, 26.1576, 2.7463



30.5210, 26.1576, 0.5098

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.6888, 26.1576, 2.7463



8.8636, 26.1576, 15.8841



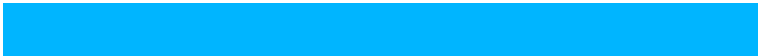
31.6852, 26.1576, 144.4983

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



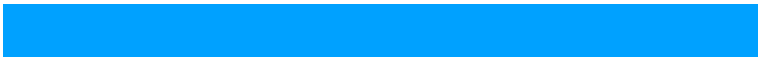
43.6888, 26.1576, 2.7463



34.5719, 40.2640, 100.5565

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.9497, 26.1576, 146.7824



43.6888, 26.1576, 2.7463



8.9994, 26.1576, 50.5167

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.6888, 26.1576, 2.7463



11.9544, 26.1576, 3.2125



12.4106, 26.1576, 104.3128



44.7666, 26.1576, 99.3966



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.6888, 26.1576, 2.7463



22.4795, 26.1576, 0.3611



12.4106, 26.1576, 104.3128



27.4072, 26.1576, 151.0631

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.6894, 26.1592, 2.7467



70.1437, 66.1294, 51.4505



49.7610, 24.6685, 46.8026



14.4200, 13.3240, 9.7148



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.6894, 26.1592, 2.7467



43.6895, 26.1589, 2.7465



61.8362, 62.4528, 8.7956



18.4388, 18.8458, 18.8101



22.9392, 13.8897, 1.4719



2.3227, 1.5307, 0.1730

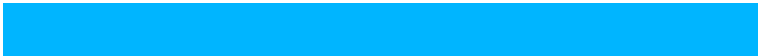


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.5719, 40.2640, 100.5565



34.5718, 40.2637, 100.5573



19.4282, 9.9765, 95.5086



18.0834, 19.5384, 23.0681



18.1994, 21.3085, 52.5883



1.8662, 2.2630, 5.1517



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.6888, 26.1576, 2.7463 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.6888, 26.1576, 2.7463 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 43.6888, 26.1576, 2.7463**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.6888, 26.1576, 2.7463.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.6888, 26.1576,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.6888, 26.1576, 2.7463

### Protanopia

23.8350, 26.4027, 4.9386

### Deuteranopia

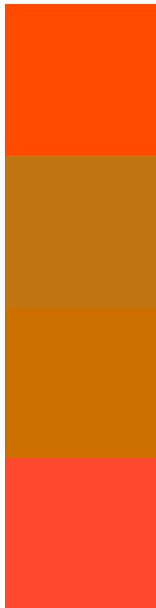
26.5190, 26.1222, 3.6444



## Tritanopia

44.6958, 26.2475, 9.0139

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.6888, 26.1576, 2.7463

## Protanomaly

28.4628, 24.1037, 3.7246

## Deuteranomaly

30.9710, 24.5675, 3.1096

## Tritanomaly

44.0505, 26.0920, 5.2993

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.6888, 26.1576, 2.7463

## Achromatopsia

17.8524, 18.7821, 20.4537

## Achromatomaly

22.5169, 18.6573, 9.2519

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 43.6888, 26.1576, 2.7463 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 74, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 74, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 74, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 74, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 43.6888, 26.1576, 2.7463 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 74, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 74, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 74, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 74, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 74, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 74, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 43.6888, 26.1576, 2.7463 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 74, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 74,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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