

# Converting Colors

XYZ(43.7012, 43.7665, 62.0216)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(43.7012, 43.7665, 62.0216)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(43.7012, 43.7665,  
62.0216)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B0AECA
RGB	176, 174, 202
RGB Percent	69%, 68%, 79%
CMY	0.3098, 0.3176, 0.2078
CMYK	0.13, 0.14, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	244°, 21%, 74%
HSV	244°, 14%, 79%
XYZ	43.7012, 43.7665, 62.0216
YIQ	177.7900, -7.7960, 9.1320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

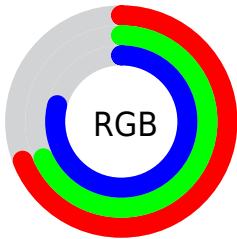
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	176, 174, 202
Decimal	11579082
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	72.07, 6.29, -13.94
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	72, 15.295, 294.286
Yxy	43.7665, 0.2923, 0.2928
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289769162 (0xFFB0AECA)
YUV	177.7900, 11.9355, -1.5698
Hunter-Lab	66.1563, 2.1393, -9.2751

# Details

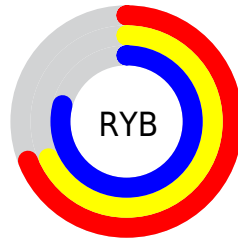
The XYZ color **43.7012, 43.7665, 62.0216** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **52.5816, 57.5776, 48.3888**, and the grayscale version is **42.1489, 44.3440, 48.2906**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.3480, 80.4144, 105.9472**, and **20.4732, 20.2681, 30.8501** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.1361, 34.5034, 60.6331**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.4419, 54.5091, 63.6351**.

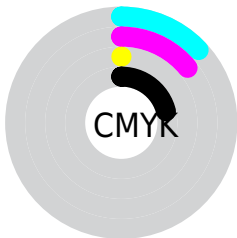
# Distribution



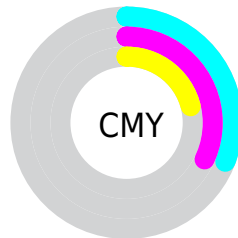
- Red (69%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 43.7012, 43.7665, 62.0216 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 43.7012, 43.7665, 62.0216 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 43.7012, 43.7665,  
62.0216

■ 43.7012, 43.7665,  
62.0216

352.3604,  
361.7546, 450.0197

■ 30.6326, 30.4870,  
44.6142

■ 80.0171, 80.8663,  
109.3286

■ 20.4697, 20.2085,  
30.8130

103.9950,  
105.4553, 140.0654

■ 12.8472, 12.5467,  
20.1992

132.3401,  
134.5830, 176.0824

■ 7.3997, 7.1172,  
12.3544

165.4177,  
168.6337, 217.7982

■ 3.7618, 3.5355,  
6.8601

203.5932,  
207.9918, 265.6313

■ 1.5683, 1.4173,  
3.2976

247.2319,

■ 0.3716, 0.2294,

253.0417, 320.0002

1.2485

296.6992,  
304.1678, 381.3235

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0191

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 43.7012, 43.7665,  
62.0216

■ 43.7012, 43.7665,  
62.0216

■ 36.1361, 34.5034,  
60.6331

■ 52.4419, 54.5091,  
63.6351

■ 29.6927, 26.6499,  
59.4568

■ 62.4013, 66.7863,  
65.4800

■ 24.3187, 20.1383,  
58.4832

■ 73.6251, 80.6572,  
67.5657

■ 19.9561, 14.8936,  
57.7008

■ 86.1556, 96.1758,  
69.9007

■ 16.5413, 10.8330,  
57.0970

■ 87.6608, 97.0443,  
69.9890

■ 14.0036, 7.8642,  
56.6577

■ 12.2623, 5.8810,  
56.3667

■ 11.2214, 4.7558,  
56.2043

■ 10.8484, 4.3610,  
56.1478

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.1002, 43.7665, 63.4665



43.7012, 43.7665, 62.0216



45.8162, 43.7665, 56.5638

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.7012, 43.7665, 62.0216



44.6033, 43.7665, 36.8926



36.7936, 43.7665, 46.2350

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.7012, 43.7665, 62.0216



52.5816, 57.5776, 48.3888

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.6484, 43.7665, 39.7332



43.7012, 43.7665, 62.0216



42.1013, 43.7665, 34.7141

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.7012, 43.7665, 62.0216



46.3521, 43.7665, 41.9737



39.5648, 43.7665, 35.6970



37.1820, 43.7665, 53.8256



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.7012, 43.7665, 62.0216



46.6290, 43.7665, 51.6615



39.5648, 43.7665, 35.6970



36.9440, 43.7665, 43.8598

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.7025, 43.7683, 62.0226



88.4825, 91.9114, 107.6849



48.8028, 54.6344, 63.8511



18.6827, 19.3575, 23.0016



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.7025, 43.7683, 62.0226



69.4550, 68.5403, 104.1767



47.0002, 45.4683, 62.1769



10.6747, 10.8816, 14.1081



7.0092, 2.8209, 36.1313



0.3881, 0.1592, 1.8652



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.9200, 47.0007, 61.0868



82.2520, 75.1945, 102.1971



49.0440, 55.7539, 48.2232



11.6517, 11.3894, 13.9662



21.4999, 10.4106, 31.4150



1.1197, 0.5413, 1.6764



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.7012, 43.7665, 62.0216 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

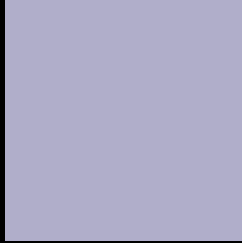
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.7012, 43.7665, 62.0216 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

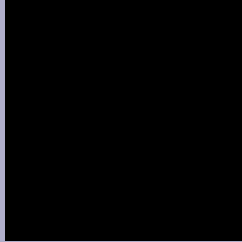
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 43.7012, 43.7665, 62.0216**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.7012, 43.7665, 62.0216.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.7012, 43.7665,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.7012, 43.7665, 62.0216

### Protanopia

43.1227, 43.7424, 62.6702

### Deuteranopia

44.7046, 43.7144, 61.9587



## Tritanopia

42.2752, 43.7670, 54.9349

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.7012, 43.7665, 62.0216

## Protanomaly

43.3430, 43.8560, 62.6805

## Deuteranomaly

44.4266, 43.8547, 62.0004

## Tritanomaly

42.7468, 43.6689, 57.2149

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.7012, 43.7665, 62.0216

## Achromatopsia

42.3164, 44.5201, 48.4824

## Achromatomaly

42.8232, 44.3792, 53.3227

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 43.7012, 43.7665, 62.0216 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 174, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 174, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 174, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 174, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 43.7012, 43.7665, 62.0216 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 174, 202) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 174, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 174, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 174, 202); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 174, 202); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 174, 202) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 43.7012, 43.7665, 62.0216 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 174, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
174, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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