

# Converting Colors

XYZ(43.7675, 47.9554, 49.4083)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(43.7675, 47.9554, 49.4083)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(43.8115, 48.0254,  
49.6085)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B0BBB3
RGB	176, 187, 179
RGB Percent	69%, 73%, 70%
CMY	0.3098, 0.2666, 0.2980
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.04, 0.27
HSL	136°, 7%, 71%
HSV	136°, 6%, 73%
XYZ	43.8115, 48.0254, 49.6085
YIQ	182.7990, -3.9880, -4.8200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

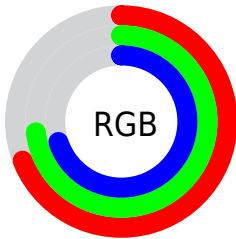
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">176, 185, 187</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11582387</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">74.84, -5.32, 2.73</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">75, 5.977, 152.868</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">48.0254, 0.3097, 0.3395</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289772467</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFB0BBB3</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">182.7990, -1.8729, -5.9627</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">69.3004, -8.4284, 6.0676</a>

# Details

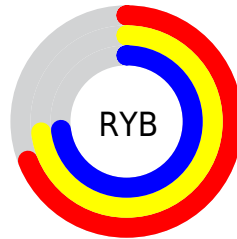
The XYZ color **43.8115, 48.0254, 49.6085** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **44.6723, 45.0774, 51.6961**, and the grayscale version is **44.9122, 47.2512, 51.4565**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.3247, 87.2551, 91.2056**, and **20.6032, 22.8416, 23.0616** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.5626, 45.4721, 42.5328**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.7813, 50.9374, 57.4284**.

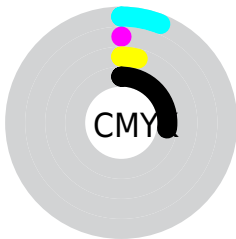
# Distribution



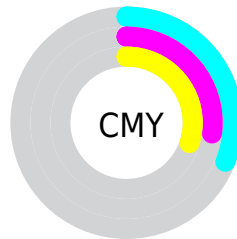
- Red (69%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 43.8115, 48.0254, 49.6085 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 43.8115, 48.0254, 49.6085 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 43.8115, 48.0254,  
49.6085

■ 43.8115, 48.0254,  
49.6085

352.8037,  
378.8928, 401.8241

■ 30.7196, 33.8470,  
34.7334

■ 80.1821, 87.2422,  
90.9849

■ 20.5362, 22.7761,  
23.1757

104.1916,  
113.0494, 118.3232

■ 12.8959, 14.4283,  
14.5168

132.5709,  
143.5017, 150.6531

■ 7.4334, 8.4191,  
8.3381

165.6856,  
178.9834, 188.3930

■ 3.7833, 4.3643,  
4.2212

203.9008,  
219.8790, 231.9616

■ 1.5803, 1.8794,  
1.7475

247.5820,

■ 0.3795, 0.5359,

266.5728, 281.7772

0.3930

297.0945,  
319.4493, 338.2585

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 43.8115, 48.0254,  
49.6085

■ 43.8115, 48.0254,  
49.6085

■ 38.5626, 45.4721,  
42.5328

■ 49.7813, 50.9374,  
57.4284

■ 34.0030, 43.2575,  
36.1764

■ 56.4941, 54.2150,  
66.0100

■ 30.1048, 41.3691,  
30.5176

■ 63.9759, 57.8725,  
75.3745

■ 26.8362, 39.7910,  
25.5324

■ 72.2504, 61.9217,  
85.5411

■ 24.1633, 38.5063,  
21.1957

■ 75.8013, 63.5185,  
96.2690

■ 22.0485, 37.4961,  
17.4804

■ 77.0612, 64.0225,  
102.9037

■ 20.4497, 36.7394,  
14.3578

■ 19.3189, 36.2119,  
11.7968

■ 18.5958, 35.8834,  
9.7630

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.5216, 48.0254, 47.4225



43.8115, 48.0254, 49.6085



43.5906, 48.0254, 52.5916

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.8115, 48.0254, 49.6085



45.7514, 48.0254, 58.5015



47.4251, 48.0254, 49.1093

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.8115, 48.0254, 49.6085



44.6723, 45.0774, 51.6961

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.7665, 48.0254, 51.9926



43.8115, 48.0254, 49.6085



46.7906, 48.0254, 57.4828

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.8115, 48.0254, 49.6085



44.7000, 48.0254, 57.8024



47.5325, 48.0254, 55.0695



46.6067, 48.0254, 47.1425



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.8115, 48.0254, 49.6085



43.7476, 48.0254, 54.6526



47.5325, 48.0254, 55.0695



47.6000, 48.0254, 49.9994

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.8128, 48.0275, 49.6096



82.4266, 87.9433, 94.0797



45.3918, 48.8761, 48.1166



18.1757, 19.3783, 20.7495



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.8128, 48.0275, 49.6096



77.2403, 85.4162, 87.2170



44.3736, 48.2518, 52.5627



9.7432, 10.8034, 10.9921



12.6819, 24.6630, 6.3877



0.5253, 0.9775, 0.4006



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.6723, 45.0774, 51.6961



79.0860, 79.0813, 91.6975



44.1133, 44.8538, 48.7521



9.9888, 9.9604, 11.5884



17.2144, 8.5169, 16.9545



0.7004, 0.3441, 0.8016



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.8115, 48.0254, 49.6085 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

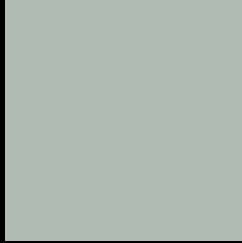
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.8115, 48.0254, 49.6085 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

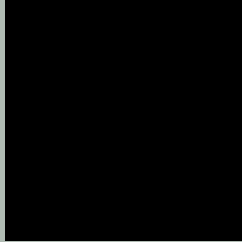
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

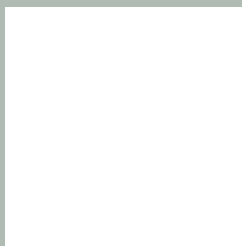
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 43.8115, 48.0254, 49.6085

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.8115, 48.0254, 49.6085.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.8115, 48.0254,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.8115, 48.0254, 49.6085

### Protanopia

45.8556, 47.8601, 48.4161

### Deuteranopia

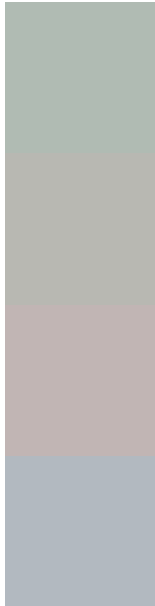
48.8895, 47.8735, 50.3798



## Tritanopia

46.0397, 47.9882, 60.8689

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.8115, 48.0254, 49.6085

## Protanomaly

44.9435, 47.6857, 48.9550

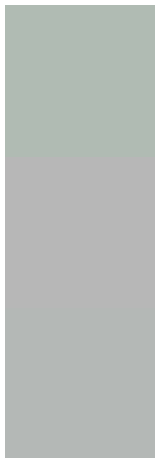
## Deuteranomaly

46.7544, 47.6805, 49.9190

## Tritanomaly

45.2235, 47.9687, 56.7445

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.8115, 48.0254, 49.6085

## Achromatopsia

45.0092, 47.3531, 51.5676

## Achromatomaly

44.4064, 47.3617, 51.0572

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 43.8115, 48.0254, 49.6085 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 187, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 187, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 187, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 187, 179) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 43.8115, 48.0254, 49.6085 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 187, 179) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 187, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 187, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 187, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 187, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 187,  
179) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 43.8115, 48.0254, 49.6085 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 187, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
187, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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