

# Converting Colors

XYZ(43.8046, 35.9570, 59.3994)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(43.8046, 35.9570, 59.3994)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(43.8010, 35.9572,  
59.2754)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C78FC8
RGB	199, 143, 200
RGB Percent	78%, 56%, 78%
CMY	0.2196, 0.4392, 0.2157
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	299°, 34%, 67%
HSV	299°, 28%, 78%
XYZ	43.8010, 35.9572, 59.2754
YIQ	166.2420, 15.0790, 29.5990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

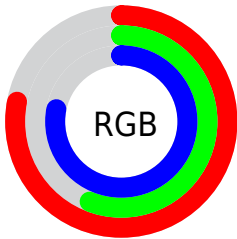
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	199, 143, 200
Decimal	13078472
CIE Lab	66.49, 30.66, -21.09
CIE LCh	66, 37.209, 325.479
Yxy	35.9572, 0.3150, 0.2586
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291268552 (0xFFC78FC8)
YUV	166.2420, 16.6427, 28.7288
Hunter-Lab	59.9643, 25.4479, -16.6338

# Details

The XYZ color **43.8010, 35.9572, 59.2754** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **37.1150, 49.2219, 33.5330**, and the grayscale version is **36.2804, 38.1698, 41.5669**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.2563, 68.4125, 103.6354**, and **20.5171, 15.6589, 29.1352** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.9696, 30.4316, 58.3586**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.1702, 42.5565, 60.3722**.

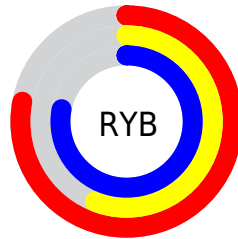
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (56%)

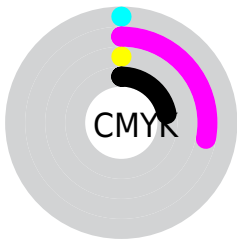
Blue (78%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (78%)

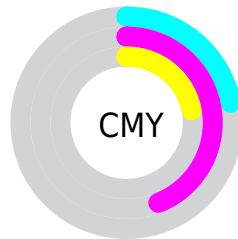


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (44%)


Yellow (22%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 43.8010, 35.9572, 59.2754 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 43.8010, 35.9572, 59.2754 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 43.8010, 35.9572,  
59.2754


 43.8010, 35.9572,  
59.2754


352.7615,  
328.7734, 439.6520

 30.7113, 24.4011,  
42.4134


 80.1664, 68.9660,  
105.3109

 20.5299, 15.6315,  
29.0971


 104.1729, 91.1875,  
135.3214

 12.8913, 9.2637,  
18.9081

132.5490,  
117.7330, 170.5519

 7.4302, 4.9136,  
11.4278


165.6601,  
148.9868, 211.4208

 3.7813, 2.1967,  
6.2375

203.8715,  
185.3334, 258.3468

 1.5792, 0.7182,  
2.9189

247.5487,

 0.3788, 0.0000,

227.1571, 311.7482

1.0534

297.0569,  
274.8423, 372.0438

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 43.8010, 35.9572,  
59.2754

■ 43.8010, 35.9572,  
59.2754

■ 40.9696, 30.4316,  
58.3586

■ 47.1702, 42.5565,  
60.3722

■ 38.6440, 25.9181,  
57.6100

■ 51.1000, 50.2776,  
61.6553

■ 36.7944, 22.3562,  
57.0200

■ 55.6162, 59.1710,  
63.1339

■ 35.3862, 19.6770,  
56.5770

■ 60.7419, 69.2832,  
64.8156

■ 34.3804, 17.8021,  
56.2681

■ 66.4990, 80.6579,  
66.7077

■ 33.7310, 16.6396,  
56.0780

■ 70.3012, 88.1223,  
67.9481

■ 33.3655, 16.0446,  
55.9824

■ 70.3956, 88.1710,  
67.9525

■ 33.3191, 15.9723,  
55.9709

■ 70.4903, 88.2198,  
67.9569

■ 70.5852, 88.2687,  
67.9614

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.0030, 35.9572, 73.9598



43.8010, 35.9572, 59.2754



46.0275, 35.9572, 41.6236

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.8010, 35.9572, 59.2754



35.0289, 35.9572, 15.8126



25.3762, 35.9572, 53.9143

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.8010, 35.9572, 59.2754



37.1150, 49.2219, 33.5330

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.5569, 35.9572, 36.7788



43.8010, 35.9572, 59.2754



29.7651, 35.9572, 17.4466

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.8010, 35.9572, 59.2754



40.6246, 35.9572, 18.8982



26.0760, 35.9572, 24.1911



28.4491, 35.9572, 70.3200



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.8010, 35.9572, 59.2754



45.5949, 35.9572, 31.5092



26.0760, 35.9572, 24.1911



24.8434, 35.9572, 47.9387

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.8021, 35.9588, 59.2762



88.0128, 86.1451, 106.5966



31.8647, 30.2318, 58.7999



18.6120, 17.9935, 22.7421



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.8021, 35.9588, 59.2762



72.7910, 56.3090, 101.6400



41.2246, 34.9585, 44.3146



11.0640, 10.8068, 13.4203



21.1938, 10.1600, 35.5884



1.0095, 0.4842, 1.6854



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.6771, 33.9395, 30.8996



62.5368, 52.2716, 44.7345



39.2011, 50.0362, 45.4253



10.6413, 10.6399, 11.0943



15.1609, 7.8139, 0.7913

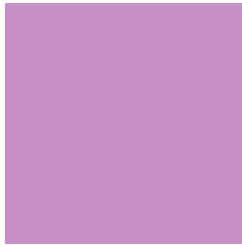


0.7206, 0.3711, 0.0516



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.8010, 35.9572, 59.2754 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

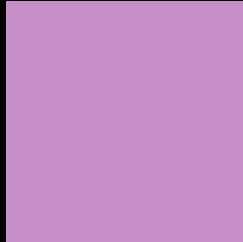
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.8010, 35.9572, 59.2754 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

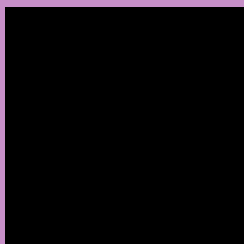
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 43.8010, 35.9572, 59.2754**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.8010, 35.9572, 59.2754.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.8010, 35.9572,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.8010, 35.9572, 59.2754

### Protanopia

36.6672, 36.1910, 67.3403

### Deuteranopia

36.8021, 35.9585, 57.8243



## Tritanopia

39.6761, 35.8907, 39.0189

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.8010, 35.9572, 59.2754

## Protanomaly

38.8771, 35.8808, 64.5511

## Deuteranomaly

39.0398, 35.8584, 58.2898

## Tritanomaly

41.0351, 35.7378, 45.8096

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.8010, 35.9572, 59.2754

## Achromatopsia

36.2450, 38.1326, 41.5264

## Achromatomaly

38.6228, 37.1330, 47.2512

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 43.8010, 35.9572, 59.2754 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 143, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 143, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 143, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 143, 200) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 43.8010, 35.9572, 59.2754 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 143, 200) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 143, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 143, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 143, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 143, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 143,  
200) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 43.8010, 35.9572, 59.2754 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 143, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
143, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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