

# Converting Colors

XYZ(43.8186, 39.1532, 32.0372)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(43.8186, 39.1532, 32.0372)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(43.8178, 39.1526,  
32.0358)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D49A91
RGB	212, 154, 145
RGB Percent	83%, 60%, 57%
CMY	0.1686, 0.3961, 0.4314
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.32, 0.17
HSL	8°, 44%, 70%
HSV	8°, 32%, 83%
XYZ	43.8178, 39.1526, 32.0358
YIQ	170.3160, 37.4570, 9.4970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

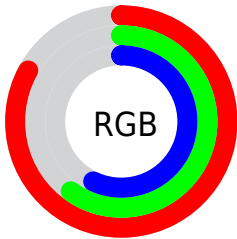
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	212, 155, 145
Decimal	13933201
CIE Lab	68.86, 20.47, 13.29
CIE LCh	69, 24.408, 32.994
Yxy	39.1526, 0.3810, 0.3404
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292123281 (0xFFD49A91)
YUV	170.3160, -12.4808, 36.5569
Hunter-Lab	62.5720, 15.4985, 13.4450

# Details

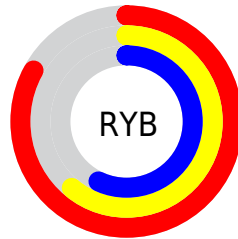
The XYZ color **43.8178, 39.1526, 32.0358** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **44.9159, 53.4832, 70.2434**, and the grayscale version is **38.4143, 40.4148, 44.0118**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.3493, 70.9844, 63.8156**, and **20.6261, 17.5946, 13.1355** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.5325, 32.9585, 23.2809**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.8732, 46.3985, 42.5531**.

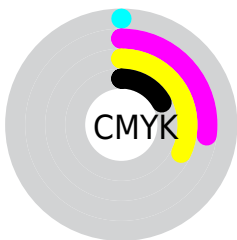
# Distribution



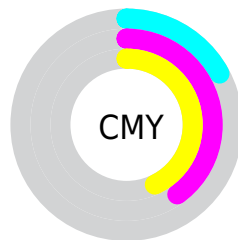
- Red (83%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (17%)




- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (43%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 43.8178, 39.1526, 32.0358 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 43.8178, 39.1526, 32.0358 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 43.8178, 39.1526,  
32.0358


 43.8178, 39.1526,  
32.0358


352.8290,  
342.5388, 325.7801

 30.7246, 26.8785,  
21.1238


 80.1916, 73.8714,  
63.9658

 20.5400, 17.4820,  
13.0224


 104.2028, 97.0848,  
85.8208

 12.8987, 10.5787,  
7.3131


132.5841,  
124.7135, 112.1606

 7.4354, 5.7843,  
3.5772

165.7009,  
157.1417, 143.4037

 3.7846, 2.7144,  
1.3964

203.9184,  
194.7540, 179.9687

 1.5810, 0.9845,  
0.1389

247.6020,

 0.3800, 0.0000,

237.9347, 222.2740

0.0000

297.1171,  
287.0682, 270.7383

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 43.8178, 39.1526,  
32.0358

■ 43.8178, 39.1526,  
32.0358

■ 39.5325, 32.9585,  
23.2809

■ 48.8732, 46.3985,  
42.5531

■ 35.9764, 27.7619,  
16.1897

■ 54.7311, 54.7361,  
54.9197

■ 33.1091, 23.5120,  
10.6569

■ 61.4254, 64.2102,  
69.2194

■ 30.8853, 20.1514,  
6.5647

■ 68.9874, 74.8611,  
85.5302

■ 29.2540, 17.6162,  
3.7780

■ 77.4469, 86.7275,  
103.9260

■ 28.1559, 15.8341,  
2.1361

■ 80.9614, 92.7371,  
108.2407

■ 27.5784, 14.8511,  
1.4130

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.1596, 39.1526, 41.5257



43.8178, 39.1526, 32.0358



40.6996, 39.1526, 26.3070

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



43.8178, 39.1526, 32.0358



30.9628, 39.1526, 33.6580



37.6039, 39.1526, 67.6832

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



43.8178, 39.1526, 32.0358



44.9159, 53.4832, 70.2434

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.9321, 39.1526, 64.6047



43.8178, 39.1526, 32.0358



30.2586, 39.1526, 43.7547

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



43.8178, 39.1526, 32.0358



33.3023, 39.1526, 27.1231



31.3083, 39.1526, 55.3361



41.4193, 39.1526, 63.1455



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



43.8178, 39.1526, 32.0358



38.1294, 39.1526, 24.7673



31.3083, 39.1526, 55.3361



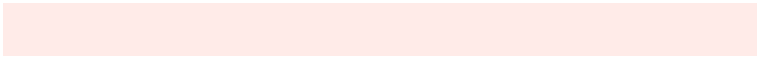
36.3121, 39.1526, 67.5063

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



43.8188, 39.1545, 32.0366



85.5594, 86.5827, 88.5838



48.0644, 38.5632, 61.4519



18.0064, 18.0972, 18.3074



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



43.8188, 39.1545, 32.0366



62.0063, 52.9044, 39.3364



50.1248, 51.7664, 34.1386



12.5565, 12.6872, 12.9478



17.0676, 9.2524, 0.8863



1.0742, 0.6477, 0.0684



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.9159, 53.4832, 70.2434



63.9155, 77.9898, 106.2926



37.8547, 39.3608, 67.8897



12.6432, 13.8099, 15.9367



17.9088, 24.0794, 42.1571



1.1205, 1.5330, 2.5561



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.8178, 39.1526, 32.0358 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 43.8178, 39.1526, 32.0358 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

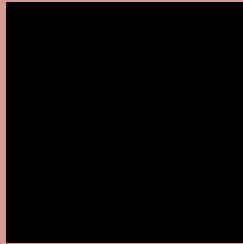
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 43.8178, 39.1526, 32.0358**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.8178, 39.1526, 32.0358.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 43.8178, 39.1526,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

43.8178, 39.1526, 32.0358

### Protanopia

37.3493, 39.3862, 35.3395

### Deuteranopia

39.9467, 39.1917, 31.8449



## Tritanopia

45.4090, 39.0737, 39.7990

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

43.8178, 39.1526, 32.0358

## Protanomaly

39.2610, 39.0557, 33.9030

## Deuteranomaly

41.2516, 39.0893, 31.7563

## Tritanomaly

44.6696, 39.0029, 36.6265

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

43.8178, 39.1526, 32.0358

## Achromatopsia

38.2080, 40.1978, 43.7754

## Achromatomaly

39.7161, 39.4384, 39.2373

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 43.8178, 39.1526, 32.0358 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(212, 154, 145) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 154, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 154, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 154, 145) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 43.8178, 39.1526, 32.0358 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 154, 145) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 154, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 154, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 154, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 154, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 154,  
145) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 43.8178, 39.1526, 32.0358 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 154, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
154, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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