

# Converting Colors

XYZ(43.9980, 50.0773, 27.9798)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(43.9980, 50.0773, 27.9798)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(44.0473, 50.2314, 28.1430)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(44.0473, 50.2314,  
28.1430)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BEC081
RGB	190, 192, 129
RGB Percent	75%, 75%, 51%
CMY	0.2549, 0.2470, 0.4941
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.33, 0.25
HSL	62°, 33%, 63%
HSV	62°, 33%, 75%
XYZ	44.0473, 50.2314, 28.1430
YIQ	184.2200, 19.0310, -20.0170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

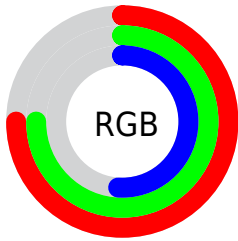
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	129, 192, 131
Decimal	12501121
CIELab	76.21, -10.53, 31.59
CIELCh	76, 33.295, 108.443
Yxy	50.2314, 0.3598, 0.4103
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290691201 (0xFFBEC081)
YUV	184.2200, -27.2235, 5.0691
Hunter-Lab	70.8741, -13.0944, 26.0687

# Details

The XYZ color **44.0473, 50.2314, 28.1430** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **26.7266, 24.3329, 53.1601**, and the grayscale version is **45.8211, 48.2074, 52.4978**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.3687, 90.2864, 57.4471**, and **20.7972, 24.2640, 10.9844** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.7374, 49.6916, 22.0342**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.6003, 50.8720, 35.5170**.

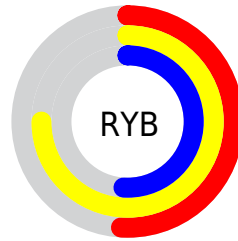
# Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (75%)

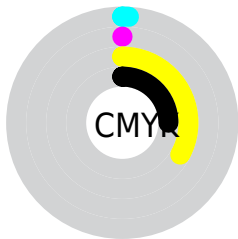
Blue (51%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (51%)

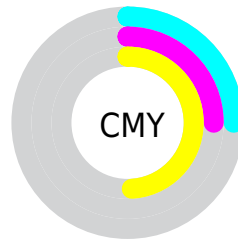


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 44.0473, 50.2314, 28.1430 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 44.0473, 50.2314, 28.1430 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 44.0473, 50.2314,  
28.1430

■ 44.0473, 50.2314,  
28.1430

353.7502,  
387.5702, 307.0830

■ 30.9058, 35.5973,  
18.1935

■ 80.5348, 90.5176,  
57.7385

■ 20.6786, 24.1233,  
10.9181

■ 104.6115,  
116.9386, 78.2216

■ 13.0004, 15.4251,  
5.8983

■ 133.0640,  
148.0572, 103.0530

■ 7.5058, 9.1183,  
2.7156

166.2576,  
184.2580, 132.6512

■ 3.8295, 4.8184,  
0.9512

204.5576,  
225.9253, 167.4347

■ 1.6061, 2.1411,  
0.0000

248.3295,

■ 0.3964, 0.6876,

273.4435, 207.8222

0.0000

297.9386,  
327.1970, 254.2321

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 44.0473, 50.2314,  
28.1430

■ 44.0473, 50.2314,  
28.1430

■ 42.7374, 49.6916,  
22.0342

■ 45.6003, 50.8720,  
35.5170

■ 41.6532, 49.2404,  
17.1165

■ 47.4049, 51.6116,  
44.2184

■ 40.7812, 48.8742,  
13.3131


■ 49.4740, 52.4570,  
54.3092


■ 40.1050, 48.5863,  
10.5368


■ 51.8184, 53.4127,  
65.8464


■ 39.6054, 48.3692,  
8.6876


■ 54.4483, 54.4826,  
78.8839


 39.2597, 48.2136,  
7.6453

 57.3735, 55.6708,  
93.4729

 39.0750, 48.1274,  
7.2301

 59.2200, 56.4275,  
102.3781

 59.3775, 56.5086,  
102.3855

 59.5355, 56.5901,  
102.3929

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.1878, 50.2314, 27.4626



44.0473, 50.2314, 28.1430



39.3161, 50.2314, 34.9186

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.0473, 50.2314, 28.1430



40.2182, 50.2314, 84.6470



60.4898, 50.2314, 61.8706

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.0473, 50.2314, 28.1430



26.7266, 24.3329, 53.1601

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.2964, 50.2314, 80.8019



44.0473, 50.2314, 28.1430



45.3798, 50.2314, 95.7395

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.0473, 50.2314, 28.1430



37.2418, 50.2314, 66.3006



51.6408, 50.2314, 94.1963



60.0541, 50.2314, 44.5268



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.0473, 50.2314, 28.1430



37.4311, 50.2314, 43.0143



51.6408, 50.2314, 94.1963



59.7946, 50.2314, 68.3157

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.0486, 50.2337, 28.1441



86.8372, 93.8994, 84.7174



33.6916, 28.7713, 24.5473



18.5201, 20.0998, 17.6428



92.9021, 97.7402, 106.4391



19.4759, 20.4902, 22.3138



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.0486, 50.2337, 28.1441



78.1449, 90.3281, 43.2110



37.2015, 46.7039, 27.8236



10.8807, 11.7415, 10.7547



26.3048, 32.3895, 4.8654



1.1467, 1.4047, 0.2107



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26.7266, 24.3329, 53.1601



42.1608, 36.5172, 95.1867



32.1753, 27.1418, 53.4151



9.5573, 9.7629, 12.6655



6.4662, 2.5939, 33.7165



0.2898, 0.1175, 1.4573



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.0473, 50.2314, 28.1430 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.0473, 50.2314, 28.1430 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

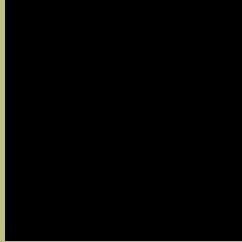
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 44.0473, 50.2314, 28.1430**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.0473, 50.2314, 28.1430.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.0473, 50.2314,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.0473, 50.2314, 28.1430

### Protanopia

46.4426, 50.1953, 27.3195

### Deuteranopia

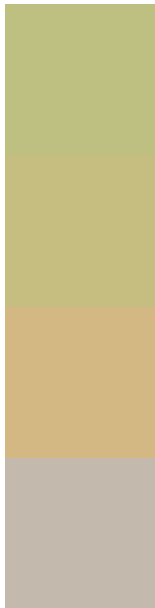
51.2266, 50.1558, 28.8109



## Tritanopia

50.4152, 49.9500, 60.4102

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

44.0473, 50.2314, 28.1430

## Protanomaly

45.3826, 49.9595, 27.6733

## Deuteranomaly

48.3886, 49.9167, 28.5573

## Tritanomaly

47.6074, 49.7370, 46.6262

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

44.0473, 50.2314, 28.1430

## Achromatopsia

45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980

## Achromatomaly

44.7209, 48.6601, 42.1573

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 44.0473, 50.2314, 28.1430 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 192, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 192, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 192, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 192, 129) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 44.0473, 50.2314, 28.1430 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 192, 129) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 192, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 192, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 192, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 192, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 192,  
129) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 44.0473, 50.2314, 28.1430 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 192, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190,  
192, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor