

# Converting Colors

XYZ(44.0438, 32.9920, 51.5272)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(44.0438, 32.9920, 51.5272)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(44.1070, 32.9557,  
51.6133)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D57FBC
RGB	213, 127, 188
RGB Percent	84%, 50%, 74%
CMY	0.1647, 0.5019, 0.2627
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.12, 0.16
HSL	317°, 51%, 67%
HSV	317°, 40%, 84%
XYZ	44.1070, 32.9557, 51.6133
YIQ	159.6680, 31.6750, 37.2030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

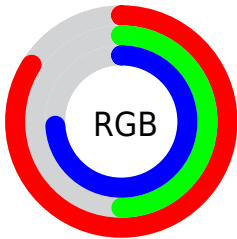
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	213, 127, 188
Decimal	13991868
CIE Lab	64.13, 41.74, -17.80
CIE LCh	64, 45.372, 336.907
Yxy	32.9557, 0.3428, 0.2561
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292181948 (0xFFD57FBC)
YUV	159.6680, 13.9677, 46.7722
Hunter-Lab	57.4071, 36.6828, -13.1213

# Details

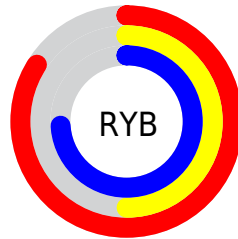
The XYZ color **44.1070, 32.9557, 51.6133** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **38.2156, 54.3685, 38.1880**, and the grayscale version is **33.1894, 34.9178, 38.0255**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74.0930, 60.8394, 93.4260**, and **20.7939, 13.9495, 24.5182** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.9882, 27.7631, 47.3508**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.8379, 39.3257, 56.2219**.

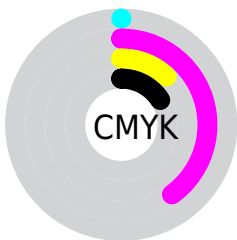
# Distribution



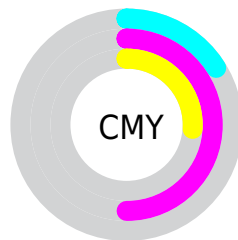
- Red (84%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (26%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 44.1070, 32.9557, 51.6133 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 44.1070, 32.9557, 51.6133 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 44.1070, 32.9557,  
51.6133

■ 44.1070, 32.9557,  
51.6133

353.9896,  
315.4501, 409.8563

■ 30.9529, 22.0925,  
36.3168

■ 80.6241, 64.3064,  
93.9815

■ 20.7146, 13.9249,  
24.3874

■ 104.7178, 85.5626,  
121.8902

■ 13.0268, 8.0684,  
15.4064

■ 133.1887,  
111.0520, 154.8401

■ 7.5242, 4.1388,  
8.9553

166.4023,  
141.1590, 193.2498

■ 3.8412, 1.7515,  
4.6156

204.7238,  
176.2679, 237.5377

■ 1.6127, 0.4567,  
1.9688

248.5186,

■ 0.4007, 0.0000,

216.7631, 288.1224

0.5360

298.1521,  
263.0290, 345.4224

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 44.1070, 32.9557,  
51.6133

■ 44.1070, 32.9557,  
51.6133

■ 40.9882, 27.7631,  
47.3508

■ 47.8379, 39.3257,  
56.2219

■ 38.4412, 23.6694,  
43.4181

■ 52.2121, 46.9361,  
61.1876

■ 36.4254, 20.5934,  
39.8003

■ 57.2619, 55.8510,  
66.5232

■ 34.8935, 18.4410,  
36.4797

■ 63.0167, 66.1285,  
72.2403

■ 33.7891, 17.1002,  
33.4358

■ 69.5042, 77.8232,  
78.3496

■ 33.0331, 16.3832,  
30.7328

■ 76.7505, 90.9870,  
84.8614

■ 77.6736, 91.4554,  
89.4168

■ 78.5657, 91.8122,  
94.1145

■ 79.4890, 92.1815,  
98.9770

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.3372, 32.9557, 72.2281



44.1070, 32.9557, 51.6133



45.2468, 32.9557, 31.7968

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.1070, 32.9557, 51.6133



29.8620, 32.9557, 10.9844



22.4528, 32.9557, 61.5780

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.1070, 32.9557, 51.6133



38.2156, 54.3685, 38.1880

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.5967, 32.9557, 40.3054



44.1070, 32.9557, 51.6133



24.4793, 32.9557, 14.3870

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.1070, 32.9557, 51.6133



36.4192, 32.9557, 12.1966



21.2845, 32.9557, 23.7257



26.7266, 32.9557, 79.2210



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.1070, 32.9557, 51.6133



43.6721, 32.9557, 22.1433



21.2845, 32.9557, 23.7257



21.5540, 32.9557, 54.3793

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.1080, 32.9572, 51.6140



84.6538, 81.4468, 98.5317



32.4318, 26.5991, 66.3761



17.8974, 17.0399, 20.8592



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.1080, 32.9572, 51.6140



62.4140, 43.0622, 72.3280



40.1910, 31.3904, 30.9872



12.7920, 12.5683, 14.8448



20.2243, 10.0260, 19.0169



1.2550, 0.6188, 1.3322



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.1080, 32.9572, 51.6140



62.4140, 43.0622, 72.3280



42.3267, 56.0129, 59.8369



12.7920, 12.5683, 14.8448



20.2243, 10.0260, 19.0169



1.2550, 0.6188, 1.3322



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.1070, 32.9557, 51.6133 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

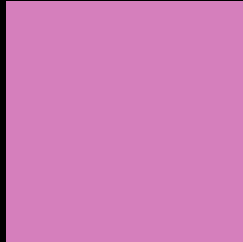
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.1070, 32.9557, 51.6133 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

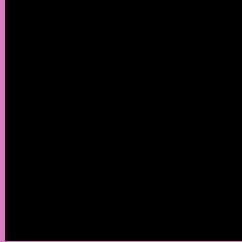
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 44.1070, 32.9557, 51.6133**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.1070, 32.9557, 51.6133.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.1070, 32.9557,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.1070, 32.9557, 51.6133

### Protanopia

33.8026, 33.2789, 63.6734

### Deuteranopia

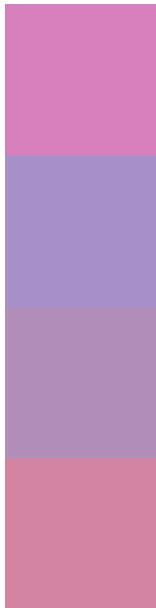
33.9805, 33.1863, 49.9620



## Tritanopia

39.8647, 32.8132, 31.4266

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

44.1070, 32.9557, 51.6133

**Protanomaly**

36.3349, 32.3321, 58.9692

**Deuteranomaly**

36.9395, 32.6127, 50.2469

**Tritanomaly**

41.2626, 32.7774, 37.8701

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

44.1070, 32.9557, 51.6133

**Achromatopsia**

33.4132, 35.1533, 38.2819

**Achromatomaly**

36.4360, 33.6658, 42.6080

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 44.1070, 32.9557, 51.6133 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 127, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 127, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 127, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 127, 188) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 44.1070, 32.9557, 51.6133 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 127, 188) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 127, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 127, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 127, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 127, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 127,  
188) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 44.1070, 32.9557, 51.6133 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 127, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
127, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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