

# Converting Colors

XYZ(44.1823, 43.3944, 35.4361)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(44.1823, 43.3944, 35.4361)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(44.3178, 43.5404,  
35.3465)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CAAA97
RGB	202, 170, 151
RGB Percent	79%, 67%, 59%
CMY	0.2078, 0.3333, 0.4078
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.25, 0.21
HSL	22°, 32%, 69%
HSV	22°, 25%, 79%
XYZ	44.3178, 43.5404, 35.3465
YIQ	177.4020, 25.1710, 0.8750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

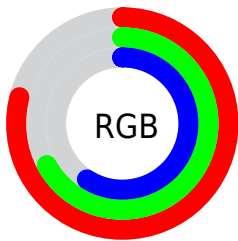
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	202, 181, 151
Decimal	13281943
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	71.92, 8.75, 14.13
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	72, 16.623, 58.230
Yxy	43.5404, 0.3597, 0.3534
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291472023 (0xFFCAA97)
YUV	177.4020, -13.0162, 21.5724
Hunter-Lab	65.9851, 4.4125, 14.4295

# Details

The XYZ color **44.3178, 43.5404, 35.3465** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **40.3563, 44.7094, 62.3802**, and the grayscale version is **42.0594, 44.2498, 48.1880**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.1847, 79.5182, 68.9327**, and **20.8113, 20.0800, 14.8355** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.5538, 38.4164, 26.6799**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.5943, 49.2389, 45.5717**.

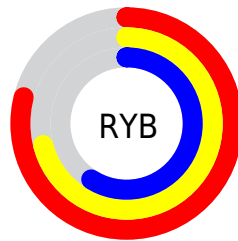
# Distribution



Red (79%)

Green (67%)

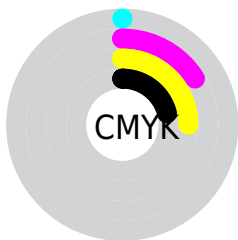
Blue (59%)



Red (79%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (59%)

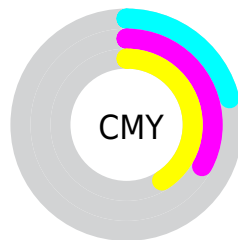


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (21%)



Cyan (21%)

Magenta (33%)


Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 44.3178, 43.5404, 35.3465 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 44.3178, 43.5404, 35.3465 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 44.3178, 43.5404,  
35.3465

 44.3178, 43.5404,  
35.3465


354.8339,  
360.8295, 341.0457

 31.1194, 30.3094,  
23.6442


 80.9391, 80.5257,  
69.1799

 20.8421, 20.0735,  
14.8602


 105.0928,  
105.0488, 92.1480

 13.1204, 12.4485,  
8.5758


133.6289,  
134.1046, 119.7085

 7.5891, 7.0499,  
4.3725

166.9128,  
168.0776, 152.2800

 3.8827, 3.4933,  
1.8318

205.3100,  
207.3522, 190.2809

 1.6360, 1.3944,  
0.4488

249.1856,

 0.4157, 0.2126,

252.3128, 234.1298

0.0000

298.9051,  
303.3438, 284.2452

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 44.3178, 43.5404,  
35.3465

■ 44.3178, 43.5404,  
35.3465

■ 40.5538, 38.4164,  
26.6799

■ 48.5943, 49.2389,  
45.5717

■ 37.2780, 33.8424,  
19.4915

■ 53.3993, 55.5236,  
57.4249

■ 34.4692, 29.8005,  
13.6980

■ 58.7524, 62.4134,  
70.9745

■ 32.1033, 26.2697,  
9.2062

■ 64.6710, 69.9245,  
86.2845

■ 30.1533, 23.2275,  
5.9118

■ 71.1719, 78.0724,  
103.4151

■ 28.5889, 20.6490,  
3.6939

■ 75.3760, 85.7141,  
107.1795

■ 27.3742, 18.5064,  
2.4050

■ 78.1672, 91.2966,  
108.1099

■ 26.8918, 17.6256,  
1.9847

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.3696, 43.5404, 40.4070



44.3178, 43.5404, 35.3465



41.5523, 43.5404, 33.4656

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.3178, 43.5404, 35.3465



36.1759, 43.5404, 46.9280



44.0135, 43.5404, 62.5195

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.3178, 43.5404, 35.3465



40.3563, 44.7094, 62.3802

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.2159, 43.5404, 64.7678



44.3178, 43.5404, 35.3465



36.7689, 43.5404, 55.1745

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.3178, 43.5404, 35.3465



36.9246, 43.5404, 39.6615



38.5823, 43.5404, 61.9420



46.1884, 43.5404, 56.1029



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.3178, 43.5404, 35.3465



39.7035, 43.5404, 34.0841



38.5823, 43.5404, 61.9420



43.1109, 43.5404, 63.8179

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.3190, 43.5424, 35.3474



87.9898, 90.8594, 91.1947



44.0027, 38.1217, 50.0031



18.5638, 19.0958, 18.8518



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.3190, 43.5424, 35.3474



71.6405, 69.1231, 51.9494



49.5034, 53.9112, 37.0755



11.5491, 11.8871, 11.7652



17.3833, 11.4995, 1.3034



0.9690, 0.7378, 0.0913



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.3563, 44.7094, 62.3802



63.8559, 71.4060, 105.0249



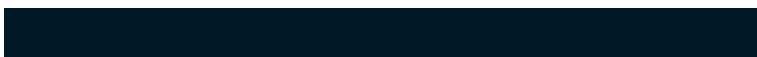
35.6165, 35.2297, 60.8002



11.1783, 11.9970, 14.2969



11.8090, 12.6420, 37.7740



0.6805, 0.7947, 1.9725



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.3178, 43.5404, 35.3465 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

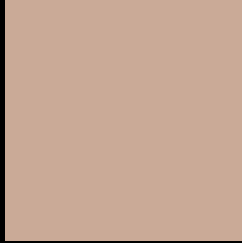
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.3178, 43.5404, 35.3465 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

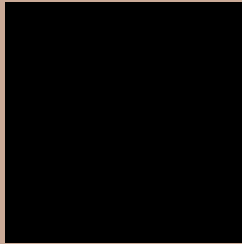
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 44.3178, 43.5404, 35.3465**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.3178, 43.5404, 35.3465.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.3178, 43.5404,

35.3465.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.3178, 43.5404, 35.3465

### Protanopia

41.3657, 43.6980, 36.8262

### Deuteranopia

44.5892, 43.6803, 35.3592



## Tritanopia

46.9497, 43.5062, 48.5709

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

44.3178, 43.5404, 35.3465

## Protanomaly

42.3717, 43.6484, 36.3287

## Deuteranomaly

44.5892, 43.6803, 35.3592

## Tritanomaly

45.8820, 43.3394, 43.4832

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

44.3178, 43.5404, 35.3465

## Achromatopsia

41.7894, 43.9657, 47.8787

## Achromatomaly

42.4536, 43.5384, 43.2120

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 44.3178, 43.5404, 35.3465 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 170, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 170, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 170, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 170, 151) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 44.3178, 43.5404, 35.3465 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 170, 151) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 170, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(202, 170, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 170, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 170, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 170,  
151) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 44.3178, 43.5404, 35.3465 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 170, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
170, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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