

# Converting Colors

XYZ(44.2194, 41.5088, 15.9454)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(44.2194, 41.5088, 15.9454)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(44.2359, 41.4957, 16.0339)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(44.2359, 41.4957,  
16.0339)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DCA15D
RGB	220, 161, 93
RGB Percent	86%, 63%, 36%
CMY	0.1373, 0.3686, 0.6353
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.58, 0.14
HSL	32°, 64%, 61%
HSV	32°, 58%, 86%
XYZ	44.2359, 41.4957, 16.0339
YIQ	170.8890, 56.9920, -8.6400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

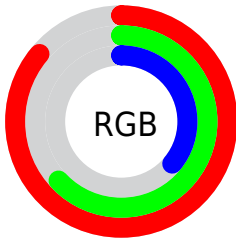
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	203, 220, 93
Decimal	14459229
CIE Lab	70.52, 14.54, 43.56
CIE LCh	71, 45.924, 71.541
Yxy	41.4957, 0.4347, 0.4078
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292649309 (0xFFDCA15D)
YUV	170.8890, -38.3993, 43.0703
Hunter-Lab	64.4172, 9.8477, 30.3343

# Details

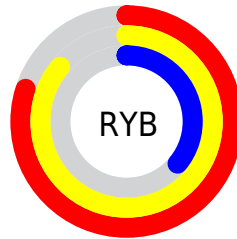
The XYZ color **44.2359, 41.4957, 16.0339** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. The color can be described as light muted orange. A complement of this color would be **28.6602, 29.9497, 71.9803**, and the grayscale version is **38.8205, 40.8422, 44.4772**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.9067, 72.4161, 37.0286**, and **20.8236, 18.8005, 4.9142** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.6848, 37.7350, 11.0481**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.2153, 45.6645, 22.5459**.

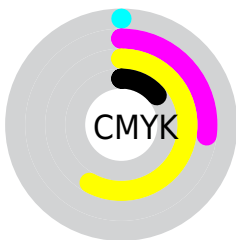
# Distribution



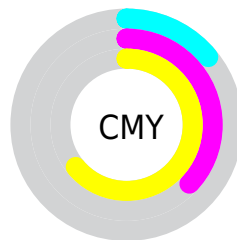
- Red (86%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 44.2359, 41.4957, 16.0339 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 44.2359, 41.4957, 16.0339 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



44.2359, 41.4957,  
16.0339

44.2359, 41.4957,  
16.0339

354.5060,  
352.3881, 241.3942

31.0547, 28.7066,  
9.3935

80.8167, 77.4358,  
37.4247

20.7925, 18.8590,  
4.8984

104.9471,  
101.3556, 53.0121

13.0840, 11.5684,  
2.1301

133.4579,  
129.7545, 72.4190

7.5638, 6.4505,  
0.6336

166.7145,  
163.0168, 96.0639

3.8666, 3.1209,  
0.0000

205.0823,  
201.5269, 124.3654

1.6269, 1.1952,  
0.0000

248.9266,

0.4099, 0.0578,

245.6692, 157.7419

0.0000

298.6127,  
295.8282, 196.6120

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 44.2359, 41.4957,  
16.0339

■ 44.2359, 41.4957,  
16.0339

■ 41.6848, 37.7350,  
11.0481

■ 47.2153, 45.6645,  
22.5459

■ 39.5307, 34.3596,  
7.4545

■ 50.6451, 50.2508,  
30.6977

■ 37.7419, 31.3525,  
5.0995

■ 54.5494, 55.2710,  
40.5951

■ 36.2743, 28.6902,  
3.7695

■ 58.9492, 60.7386,  
52.3338

■ 35.9705, 28.1263,  
3.5331

■ 63.8643, 66.6663,  
66.0029

■ 69.3132, 73.0664,  
81.6855

■ 75.3136, 79.9505,  
99.4597

■ 79.5447, 86.3947,  
107.0911

■ 82.6847, 92.6748,  
108.1378

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.3819, 41.4957, 22.7746



44.2359, 41.4957, 16.0339



36.5966, 41.4957, 15.3895

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.2359, 41.4957, 16.0339



26.8179, 41.4957, 54.0550



49.9132, 41.4957, 84.1636

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.2359, 41.4957, 16.0339



28.6602, 29.9497, 71.9803

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.4279, 41.4957, 99.6376



44.2359, 41.4957, 16.0339



29.5092, 41.4957, 78.8877

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.2359, 41.4957, 16.0339



27.1713, 41.4957, 33.2157



35.0047, 41.4957, 97.4459



54.9381, 41.4957, 59.7235



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.2359, 41.4957, 16.0339



32.2991, 41.4957, 18.1333



35.0047, 41.4957, 97.4459



47.5637, 41.4957, 90.8918

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.2369, 41.4977, 16.0347



82.7486, 85.3339, 74.1659



39.1191, 25.3204, 32.6463



17.4310, 17.9211, 15.1108



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.2369, 41.4977, 16.0347



57.6478, 51.8147, 14.3695



55.8190, 66.5400, 20.2579



13.6306, 14.2005, 13.7481



21.2235, 16.7325, 2.1111



1.4609, 1.2559, 0.1654



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.6602, 29.9497, 71.9803



33.9857, 34.2985, 99.4368



21.7876, 15.5507, 69.5632



12.8347, 13.6092, 16.6025



10.4906, 8.8507, 40.8938

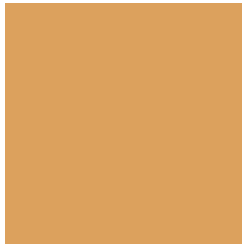


0.7653, 0.7447, 2.6779



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.2359, 41.4957, 16.0339 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.2359, 41.4957, 16.0339 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

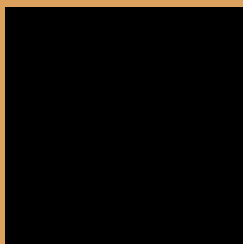
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 44.2359, 41.4957, 16.0339**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.2359, 41.4957, 16.0339.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.2359, 41.4957,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.2359, 41.4957, 16.0339

### Protanopia

38.3364, 41.6974, 17.3371

### Deuteranopia

42.5383, 41.6800, 15.9283



## Tritanopia

49.4561, 41.6316, 40.5510

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

44.2359, 41.4957, 16.0339

## Protanomaly

40.3867, 41.6380, 16.9747

## Deuteranomaly

43.2316, 41.7707, 15.9092

## Tritanomaly

47.2164, 41.4592, 29.5586

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

44.2359, 41.4957, 16.0339

## Achromatopsia

38.7082, 40.7240, 44.3485

## Achromatomaly

39.7629, 40.4394, 31.6965

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 44.2359, 41.4957, 16.0339 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 161, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 161, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 161, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 161, 93) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 44.2359, 41.4957, 16.0339 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 161, 93) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 161, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 161, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 161, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 161, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 161,  
93) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 44.2359, 41.4957, 16.0339 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 161, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220,  
161, 93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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