

# Converting Colors

XYZ(44.2233, 45.9793, 54.1224)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(44.2233, 45.9793, 54.1224)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(44.2207, 45.9767,  
54.1207)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4B4BC
RGB	180, 180, 188
RGB Percent	71%, 71%, 74%
CMY	0.2941, 0.2941, 0.2627
CMYK	0.04, 0.04, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	240°, 6%, 72%
HSV	240°, 4%, 74%
XYZ	44.2207, 45.9767, 54.1207
YIQ	180.9120, -2.5680, 2.4880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

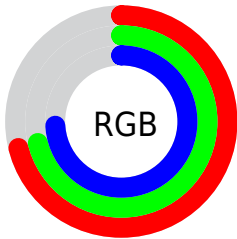
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	180, 180, 188
Decimal	11842748
CIE Lab	73.53, 1.53, -4.06
CIE LCh	74, 4.343, 290.604
Yxy	45.9767, 0.3064, 0.3186
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290032828 (0xFFB4B4BC)
YUV	180.9120, 3.4944, -0.7998
Hunter-Lab	67.8061, -2.2495, 0.1409

# Details

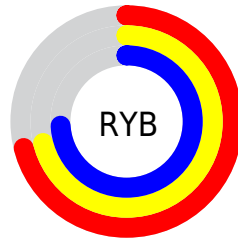
The XYZ color **44.2207, 45.9767, 54.1207** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **46.9604, 49.9523, 50.3472**, and the grayscale version is **43.8573, 46.1413, 50.2478**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.9167, 84.3554, 97.6054**, and **20.7149, 21.4400, 25.9682** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.5978, 36.7930, 52.7505**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.9542, 56.4989, 55.6921**.

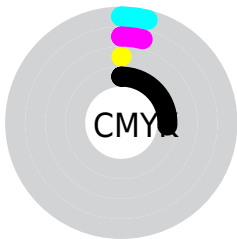
# Distribution



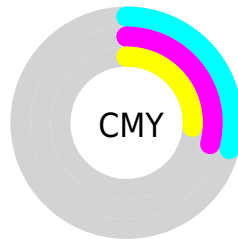
- Red (71%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (26%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 44.2207, 45.9767, 54.1207 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 44.2207, 45.9767, 54.1207 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 44.2207, 45.9767,  
54.1207

■ 44.2207, 45.9767,  
54.1207

354.4452,  
370.7150, 419.7577

■ 31.0427, 32.2274,  
38.3043

■ 80.7940, 84.1841,  
97.7096

■ 20.7834, 21.5353,  
25.9153

104.9201,  
109.4111, 126.3193

■ 13.0773, 13.5158,  
16.5351

133.4262,  
139.2327, 160.0304

■ 7.5592, 7.7847,  
9.7451

166.6777,  
174.0334, 199.2616

■ 3.8636, 3.9575,  
5.1269

205.0400,  
214.1976, 244.4314

■ 1.6253, 1.6498,  
2.2619

248.8785,

■ 0.4088, 0.3908,

260.1097, 295.9583

0.7097

298.5584,  
312.1540, 354.2609

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 44.2207, 45.9767,  
54.1207

■ 44.2207, 45.9767,  
54.1207

■ 36.5978, 36.7930,  
52.7505

■ 52.9542, 56.4989,  
55.6921

■ 30.0372, 28.8888,  
51.5706

■ 62.8362, 68.4042,  
57.4692

■ 24.4931, 22.2089,  
50.5735

■ 73.9076, 81.7423,  
59.4602

■ 19.9146, 16.6922,  
49.7500

■ 86.0772, 96.4109,  
61.6501

■ 16.2465, 12.2723,  
49.0902

■ 13.4280, 8.8759,  
48.5832

■ 11.3911, 6.4210,  
48.2167

■ 10.0571, 4.8129,  
47.9766

■ 9.3309, 3.9373,  
47.8459

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.4591, 45.9767, 54.3460



44.2207, 45.9767, 54.1207



44.8495, 45.9767, 52.7905

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.2207, 45.9767, 54.1207



44.6425, 45.9767, 46.8662



42.2601, 45.9767, 49.3742

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.2207, 45.9767, 54.1207



46.9604, 49.9523, 50.3472

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42.5693, 45.9767, 47.4268



44.2207, 45.9767, 54.1207



43.9408, 45.9767, 46.0070

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.2207, 45.9767, 54.1207



45.0950, 45.9767, 48.5886



43.1824, 45.9767, 46.2092

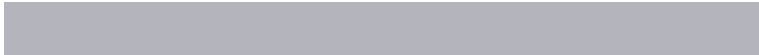


42.3331, 45.9767, 51.5624



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.2207, 45.9767, 54.1207



45.1059, 45.9767, 51.4771



43.1824, 45.9767, 46.2092



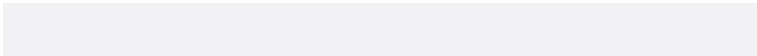
42.3226, 45.9767, 48.6708

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.2220, 45.9787, 54.1217



85.0471, 89.2346, 98.9677



45.8690, 49.2956, 54.5998



18.3064, 19.2104, 21.2857



90.7827, 95.5105, 104.0109



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.2220, 45.9787, 54.1217



78.9278, 81.8622, 97.8672



45.1342, 46.4478, 54.1642



9.6729, 10.0165, 12.0958



6.1809, 2.4736, 32.5446



0.2422, 0.0971, 1.2748

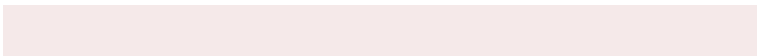


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.2995, 46.6299, 49.7954



81.2469, 83.2639, 88.5551



46.0212, 49.4693, 50.3035



9.9889, 10.2074, 10.8272



14.1206, 7.2794, 0.6629

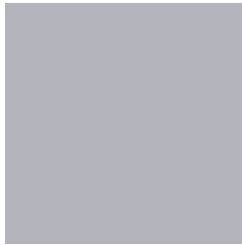


0.5532, 0.2852, 0.0263



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.2207, 45.9767, 54.1207 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.2207, 45.9767, 54.1207 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

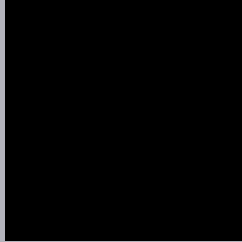
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 44.2207, 45.9767, 54.1207**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.2207, 45.9767, 54.1207.



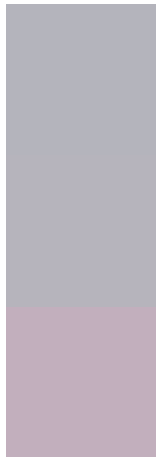
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.2207, 45.9767,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.2207, 45.9767, 54.1207

### Protanopia

44.6898, 46.2184, 54.1426

### Deuteranopia

46.7634, 45.8034, 54.5204



## Tritanopia

44.8018, 45.9142, 56.9531

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

44.2207, 45.9767, 54.1207

## Protanomaly

44.4544, 46.0971, 54.1316

## Deuteranomaly

45.8937, 45.9372, 54.5920

## Tritanomaly

44.5801, 45.8255, 55.7858

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

44.2207, 45.9767, 54.1207

## Achromatopsia

43.9204, 46.2077, 50.3202

## Achromatomaly

44.2317, 46.3322, 51.9591

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 44.2207, 45.9767, 54.1207 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 180, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 180, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 180, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 180, 188) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 44.2207, 45.9767, 54.1207 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

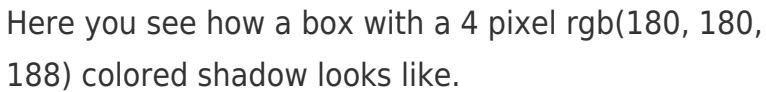
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 180, 188) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 180, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 180, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 180, 188); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 180, 188); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 180, 188) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 44.2207, 45.9767, 54.1207 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 180, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
180, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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