

# Converting Colors

XYZ(44.2260, 23.3047, 40.2138)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(44.2260, 23.3047, 40.2138)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(44.0916, 23.2289,  
40.1900)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F02CAA
RGB	240, 44, 170
RGB Percent	94%, 17%, 67%
CMY	0.0588, 0.8274, 0.3333
CMYK	0.00, 0.82, 0.29, 0.06
HSL	321°, 87%, 56%
HSV	321°, 82%, 94%
XYZ	44.0916, 23.2289, 40.1900
YIQ	116.9680, 76.3700, 80.7380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

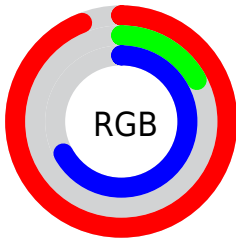
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	240, 44, 170
Decimal	15740074
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.31, 79.70, -20.52
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	55, 82.298, 345.560
Yxy	23.2289, 0.4101, 0.2161
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293930154 (0xFFFF02CAA)
YUV	116.9680, 26.1448, 107.8991
Hunter-Lab	48.1964, 78.9539, -15.7033

# Details

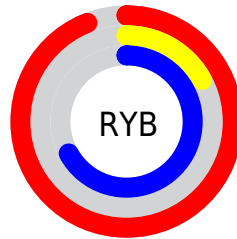
The XYZ color **44.0916, 23.2289, 40.1900** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0099**. The color can be described as light washed rose. A complement of this color would be **35.2377, 64.0715, 26.4340**, and the grayscale version is **16.8061, 17.6813, 19.2549**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.7357, 38.5065, 75.4655**, and **21.8604, 10.8917, 18.0897** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.6566, 21.6145, 35.8404**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.0969, 25.8989, 44.9909**.

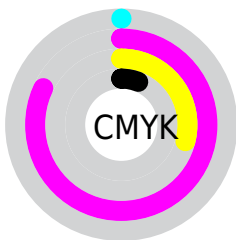
# Distribution



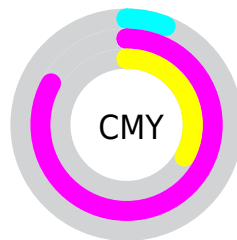
- Red (94%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (6%)




- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (33%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 44.0916, 23.2289, 40.1900 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 44.0916, 23.2289, 40.1900 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 44.0916, 23.2289,  
40.1900


 44.0916, 23.2289,  
40.1900


353.9278,  
268.8985, 362.4996


 30.9407, 14.7626,  
27.3718


 80.6011, 48.7689,  
76.6930


 20.7053, 8.6530,  
17.6178


 104.6904, 66.6114,  
101.2149

 13.0200, 4.5155,  
10.5093


 133.1565, 88.3481,  
130.4751

 7.5194, 1.9659,  
5.6279

 166.3649,  
114.3634, 164.8921

 3.8382, 0.5876,  
2.5551

 204.6809,  
145.0417, 204.8846

 1.6110, 0.0000,  
0.8691

248.4698,

 0.3996, 0.0000,

180.7674, 250.8709

0.0000

298.0970,  
221.9249, 303.2698

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 44.0916, 23.2289,  
40.1900

■ 44.0916, 23.2289,  
40.1900

■ 42.6566, 21.6145,  
35.8404

■ 46.0969, 25.8989,  
44.9909


■ 41.7914, 20.8678,  
32.5193


■ 48.7490, 29.7764,  
50.2730


■ 52.1141, 34.9924,  
56.0632


■ 56.2495, 41.6596,  
62.3850

■ 61.2062, 49.8789,  
69.2600

 67.0308, 59.7421,  
76.7080

 73.7664, 71.3337,  
84.7476

 81.4529, 84.7324,  
93.3962

 88.5069, 96.7700,  
102.1302

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.3160, 23.2289, 80.1267



44.0916, 23.2289, 40.1900



43.9495, 23.2289, 13.9676

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.0916, 23.2289, 40.1900



17.6545, 23.2289, 1.1328



11.8434, 23.2289, 81.6507

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.0916, 23.2289, 40.1900



35.2377, 64.0715, 26.4340

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.0214, 23.2289, 41.5101



44.0916, 23.2289, 40.1900



11.6823, 23.2289, 3.7935

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



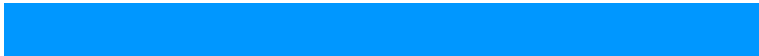
44.0916, 23.2289, 40.1900



26.8028, 23.2289, 1.1007



8.9721, 23.2289, 14.6231



17.9446, 23.2289, 113.2557



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.0916, 23.2289, 40.1900



39.8769, 23.2289, 5.7609



8.9721, 23.2289, 14.6231



10.5652, 23.2289, 67.8219

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.0923, 23.2302, 40.1904



75.2155, 65.6459, 85.9032



23.3895, 11.5787, 83.4405



15.5817, 13.1733, 17.7288



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.0923, 23.2302, 40.1904



48.1548, 24.1145, 38.0695



38.0529, 20.8144, 8.3874



16.2007, 15.9300, 18.6129



22.9429, 11.4496, 18.1477



1.9559, 0.9714, 1.7585



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.0923, 23.2302, 40.1904



48.1548, 24.1145, 38.0695



43.9077, 67.5395, 72.0894



16.2007, 15.9300, 18.6129



22.9429, 11.4496, 18.1477



1.9559, 0.9714, 1.7585



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.0916, 23.2289, 40.1900 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

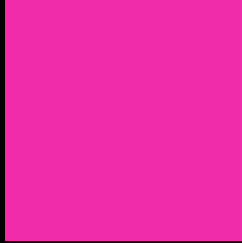
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.0916, 23.2289, 40.1900 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

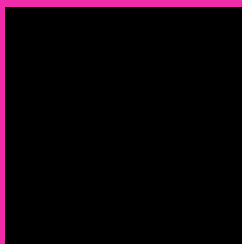
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 44.0916, 23.2289, 40.1900**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.0916, 23.2289, 40.1900.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.0916, 23.2289,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.0916, 23.2289, 40.1900

### Protanopia

26.4786, 23.8177, 79.5456

### Deuteranopia

24.0007, 23.4899, 36.5267



## Tritanopia

37.6739, 23.0866, 10.2551

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

44.0916, 23.2289, 40.1900



## Protanomaly

27.2982, 19.3668, 62.6210



## Deuteranomaly

28.1759, 20.3747, 37.5696



## Tritanomaly

39.4061, 22.6919, 17.9258

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

44.0916, 23.2289, 40.1900



## Achromatopsia

16.9083, 17.7888, 19.3720



## Achromatomaly

23.0004, 16.7713, 25.3175

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 44.0916, 23.2289, 40.1900 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 44, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 44, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 44, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 44, 170) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 44.0916, 23.2289, 40.1900 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 44, 170) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 44, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(240, 44, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 44, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 44, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 44,  
170) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 44.0916, 23.2289, 40.1900 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 44, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240, 44,  
170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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