

# Converting Colors

XYZ(44.3210, 40.6614, 53.7959)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(44.3210, 40.6614, 53.7959)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(44.4359, 40.7660,  
53.6707)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C3A1BD
RGB	195, 161, 189
RGB Percent	76%, 63%, 74%
CMY	0.2353, 0.3686, 0.2588
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.03, 0.24
HSL	311°, 22%, 70%
HSV	311°, 17%, 76%
XYZ	44.4359, 40.7660, 53.6707
YIQ	174.3580, 11.2760, 15.9160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

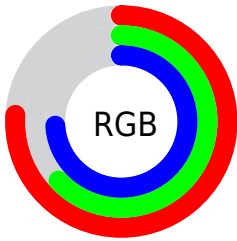
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	195, 161, 189
Decimal	12820925
CIE Lab	70.01, 17.32, -9.69
CIE LCh	70, 19.849, 330.775
Yxy	40.7660, 0.3200, 0.2935
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291011005 (0xFFC3A1BD)
YUV	174.3580, 7.2185, 18.1030
Hunter-Lab	63.8483, 12.4946, -5.1453

# Details

The XYZ color **44.4359, 40.7660, 53.6707** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **41.1898, 49.3985, 43.9255**, and the grayscale version is **40.3772, 42.4799, 46.2607**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81.1822, 76.3998, 96.8541**, and **20.8971, 18.3776, 25.7384** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.9216, 34.3276, 50.6782**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.4929, 48.2744, 56.8888**.

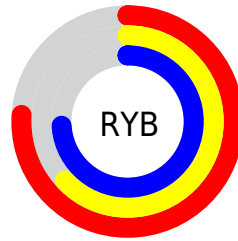
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (63%)

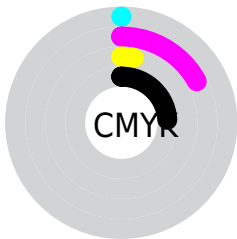
Blue (74%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (74%)

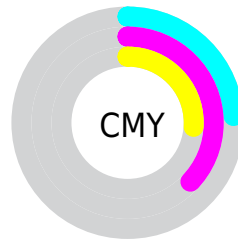


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (37%)


Yellow (26%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 44.4359, 40.7660, 53.6707 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 44.4359, 40.7660, 53.6707 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 44.4359, 40.7660,  
53.6707


 44.4359, 40.7660,  
53.6707


355.3064,  
349.3417, 417.9921

 31.2127, 28.1363,  
37.9471


 81.1156, 76.3285,  
97.0421

 20.9135, 18.4284,  
25.6401


 105.3027,  
100.0302, 125.5269

 13.1729, 11.2580,  
16.3312


133.8753,  
128.1912, 159.1026

 7.6255, 6.2407,  
9.6020

167.1986,  
161.1961, 198.1876

 3.9061, 2.9920,  
5.0337

205.6380,  
199.4292, 243.2005

 1.6491, 1.1275,  
2.2080

249.5589,

 0.4241, 0.0013,

243.2749, 294.5599

0.6790

299.3265,  
293.1176, 352.6842

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 44.4359, 40.7660,  
53.6707

■ 44.4359, 40.7660,  
53.6707

■ 40.9216, 34.3276,  
50.6782

■ 48.4929, 48.2744,  
56.8888

■ 37.9217, 28.9047,  
47.9002

■ 53.1121, 56.8933,  
60.3378

■ 35.4110, 24.4460,  
45.3284

■ 58.3162, 66.6679,  
64.0262

■ 33.3605, 20.8938,  
42.9528

■ 64.1259, 77.6390,  
67.9610

■ 31.7380, 18.1840,  
40.7624

■ 69.4321, 87.5887,  
71.7729

■ 30.5075, 16.2442,  
38.7449

■ 69.8555, 87.7581,  
74.0024

■ 29.6264, 14.9898,  
36.8858

■ 70.2881, 87.9311,  
76.2805

■ 29.0347, 14.3006,  
35.1647

■ 70.7299, 88.1078,  
78.6074

■ 28.9024, 14.1608,  
34.7363

■ 71.1811, 88.2883,  
80.9834

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.0192, 40.7660, 61.5298



44.4359, 40.7660, 53.6707



45.3089, 40.7660, 44.1467

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.4359, 40.7660, 53.6707



38.6628, 40.7660, 28.8440



33.6419, 40.7660, 54.1458

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.4359, 40.7660, 53.6707



41.1898, 49.3985, 43.9255

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.8511, 40.7660, 44.6287



44.4359, 40.7660, 53.6707



35.6489, 40.7660, 30.7670

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.4359, 40.7660, 53.6707



41.8656, 40.7660, 30.5786



33.5654, 40.7660, 36.2412



35.7870, 40.7660, 61.8299



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.4359, 40.7660, 53.6707



44.8619, 40.7660, 38.3607



33.5654, 40.7660, 36.2412



33.2144, 40.7660, 51.0141

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.4371, 40.7678, 53.6716



88.7076, 89.9143, 103.3050



38.4630, 37.6112, 56.8630



19.3011, 19.4576, 22.5278



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.4371, 40.7678, 53.6716



77.0236, 68.3038, 93.9922



42.7305, 40.0851, 44.6846



10.4185, 10.2160, 12.2945



18.8126, 9.2148, 22.7232



0.8333, 0.4063, 1.0897



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.4371, 40.7678, 53.6716



77.0236, 68.3038, 93.9922



42.8313, 50.0552, 52.5699



10.4185, 10.2160, 12.2945



18.8126, 9.2148, 22.7232



0.8333, 0.4063, 1.0897



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.4359, 40.7660, 53.6707 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

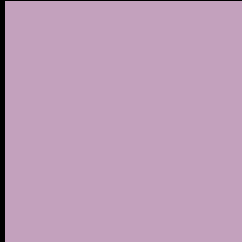
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.4359, 40.7660, 53.6707 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

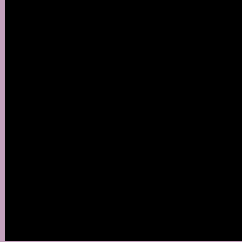
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 44.4359, 40.7660, 53.6707**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.4359, 40.7660, 53.6707.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.4359, 40.7660,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.4359, 40.7660, 53.6707

### Protanopia

40.1614, 40.9051, 57.4085

### Deuteranopia

41.7182, 40.9716, 53.2865



## Tritanopia

42.9260, 40.6664, 46.6613

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

44.4359, 40.7660, 53.6707

## Protanomaly

41.5758, 40.8348, 56.1427

## Deuteranomaly

42.5398, 40.8554, 53.2207

## Tritanomaly

43.5090, 40.6462, 49.2684

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

44.4359, 40.7660, 53.6707

## Achromatopsia

40.2316, 42.3268, 46.0938

## Achromatomaly

41.6161, 41.5757, 48.4793

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 44.4359, 40.7660, 53.6707 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 161, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 161, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 161, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 161, 189) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 44.4359, 40.7660, 53.6707 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 161, 189) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 161, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 161, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 161, 189); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 161, 189); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 161, 189) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 44.4359, 40.7660, 53.6707 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 161, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
161, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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