

# Converting Colors

XYZ(44.6041, 22.3918, 29.3082)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(44.6041, 22.3918, 29.3082)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(44.6126, 22.3993,  
29.1663)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FA0092
RGB	250, 0, 146
RGB Percent	98%, 0%, 57%
CMY	0.0196, 0.9998, 0.4274
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.42, 0.02
HSL	325°, 100%, 49%
HSV	325°, 100%, 98%
XYZ	44.6126, 22.3993, 29.1663
YIQ	91.3940, 102.1340, 98.4060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

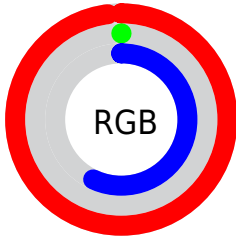
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	250, 0, 146
Decimal	16384146
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	54.45, 84.92, -7.46
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	54, 85.248, 354.978
Yxy	22.3993, 0.4639, 0.2329
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294574226 (0xFFFA0092)
YUV	91.3940, 26.9208, 139.0975
Hunter-Lab	47.3279, 85.4353, -3.4085

# Details

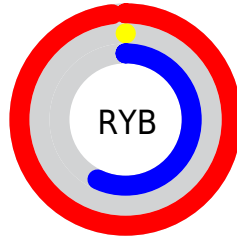
The XYZ color **44.6126, 22.3993, 29.1663** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0099**. The color can be described as middle saturated rose. A complement of this color would be **36.6881, 69.3721, 24.5694**, and the grayscale version is **9.9656, 10.4846, 11.4178**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.1272, 34.3538, 58.3163**, and **22.6048, 11.4093, 12.0771** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.6106, 22.3985, 29.1560**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **45.8081, 23.4358, 33.7408**.

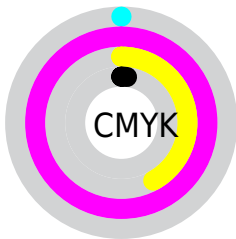
# Distribution



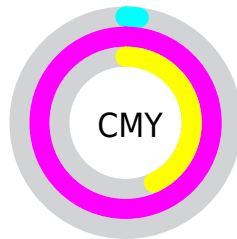
- Red (98%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (43%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 44.6126, 22.3993, 29.1663 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 44.6126, 22.3993, 29.1663 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 44.6126, 22.3993,  
29.1663


 44.6126, 22.3993,  
29.1663


356.0125,  
264.6245, 312.0843

 31.3524, 14.1506,  
18.9600


 81.3794, 47.4051,  
59.3865


 21.0205, 8.2255,  
11.4649


 105.6167, 64.9309,  
80.2375


 13.2515, 4.2396,  
6.2623


 134.2438, 86.3180,  
105.4739

 7.6802, 1.8085,  
2.9339

 167.6259,  
111.9505, 135.5141

 3.9410, 0.4924,  
1.0610

 206.1285,  
142.2131, 170.7767

 1.6688, 0.0000,  
0.0000

250.1169,

 0.4366, 0.0000,

177.4900, 211.6802

0.0000

299.9564,  
218.1657, 258.6432

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 44.6126, 22.3993,  
29.1663

■ 44.6126, 22.3993,  
29.1663

■ 44.6106, 22.3985,  
29.1560

■ 45.8081, 23.4358,  
33.7408

■ 47.5245, 25.3932,  
38.8615

■ 49.9010, 28.5470,  
44.5837

■ 53.0224, 33.0641,  
50.9444

■ 56.9601, 39.0845,  
57.9757

■ 61.7767, 46.7307,  
65.7067

■ 67.5283, 56.1125,  
74.1638

■ 74.2663, 67.3302,  
83.3718

■ 82.0381, 80.4762,  
93.3541

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.6085, 22.3993, 67.3237



44.6126, 22.3993, 29.1663



42.0306, 22.3993, 8.4964

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.6126, 22.3993, 29.1663



14.5804, 22.3993, 1.1743



12.5684, 22.3993, 95.2446

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.6126, 22.3993, 29.1663



36.6881, 69.3721, 24.5694

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.8216, 22.3993, 53.1347



44.6126, 22.3993, 29.1663



9.7231, 22.3993, 5.1950

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.6126, 22.3993, 29.1663



22.8984, 22.3993, 0.6261



7.9576, 22.3993, 20.1642



19.7585, 22.3993, 119.6441



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.6126, 22.3993, 29.1663



36.6593, 22.3993, 3.1207



7.9576, 22.3993, 20.1642



10.9582, 22.3993, 81.6707

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.6132, 22.4006, 29.1666



70.6021, 58.6369, 77.5280



22.5155, 9.6149, 91.1114



14.5424, 11.6162, 15.7752



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.6132, 22.4006, 29.1666



46.6564, 23.4266, 30.4524



39.6010, 20.3957, 2.7724



17.6697, 17.3952, 20.1164



23.7363, 11.9102, 15.8517



2.2512, 1.1242, 1.7462



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.6132, 22.4006, 29.1666



46.6564, 23.4266, 30.4524



47.7777, 73.8080, 82.9666



17.6697, 17.3952, 20.1164



23.7363, 11.9102, 15.8517



2.2512, 1.1242, 1.7462



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.6126, 22.3993, 29.1663 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

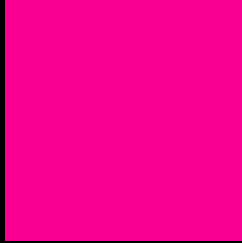
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.6126, 22.3993, 29.1663 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 44.6126, 22.3993, 29.1663**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.6126, 22.3993, 29.1663.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.6126, 22.3993,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.6126, 22.3993, 29.1663

### Protanopia

24.8499, 23.1204, 64.1257

### Deuteranopia

23.4200, 23.0273, 26.1320



## Tritanopia

39.9587, 22.7544, 6.4236

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

44.6126, 22.3993, 29.1663



## Protanomaly

25.5045, 16.5910, 48.8719



## Deuteranomaly

26.8940, 17.6940, 26.4239



## Tritanomaly

40.9077, 21.8526, 11.9594

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

44.6126, 22.3993, 29.1663



## Achromatopsia

9.9438, 10.4616, 11.3927



## Achromatomaly

16.7767, 10.5634, 16.1936

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 44.6126, 22.3993, 29.1663 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 0, 146)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 0, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 0, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 0, 146) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 44.6126, 22.3993, 29.1663 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 0, 146) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 0, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 0, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 0, 146); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 0, 146);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 0,  
146) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 44.6126, 22.3993, 29.1663 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 0, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250, 0,  
146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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