

# Converting Colors

XYZ(44.6147, 71.3855, 60.0226)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(44.6147, 71.3855, 60.0226)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(44.6049, 71.2960,  
60.1258)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3FF7BE
RGB	63, 247, 190
RGB Percent	25%, 97%, 75%
CMY	0.7529, 0.0314, 0.2549
CMYK	0.74, 0.00, 0.23, 0.03
HSL	161°, 92%, 61%
HSV	161°, 74%, 97%
XYZ	44.6049, 71.2960, 60.1258
YIQ	185.4860, -91.3670, -56.7350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

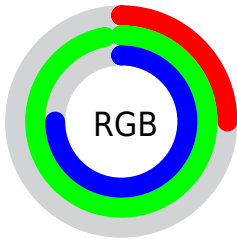
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">63, 172, 247</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">4192190</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">87.63, -58.12, 14.59</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">88, 59.924, 165.911</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">71.2960, 0.2534, 0.4050</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4282382270 (0xFF3FF7BE)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">185.4860, 2.2254, -107.4202</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">84.4370, -53.4698, 16.8867</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **44.6049, 71.2960, 60.1258** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33FFCC**. The color can be described as light washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **43.5278, 24.6869, 20.2429**, and the grayscale version is **46.4114, 48.8284, 53.1741**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62.5479, 83.4081, 99.9915**, and **22.7130, 38.2013, 29.8434** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.5524, 70.3338, 55.7789**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.4120, 72.6457, 64.7404**.

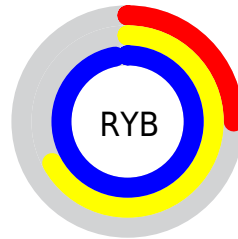
# Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (97%)

Blue (75%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (97%)

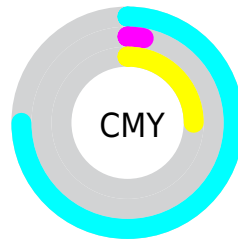


Cyan (74%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (3%)


Yellow (25%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 44.6049, 71.2960, 60.1258 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 44.6049, 71.2960, 60.1258 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 44.6049, 71.2960,  
60.1258


 44.6049, 71.2960,  
60.1258


355.9817,  
465.0875, 442.8788


 31.3463, 52.5838,  
43.0941


 81.3679, 121.0551,  
106.5573


 21.0158, 37.4706,  
29.6270


 105.6030,  
152.8708, 136.7941

 13.2481, 25.5721,  
19.3060


 134.2277,  
189.8231, 172.2698

 7.6778, 16.5038,  
11.7125

 167.6073,  
232.2964, 213.4028

 3.9395, 9.8813,  
6.4281

206.1071,  
280.6751, 260.6116

 1.6680, 5.3204,  
3.0341

250.0926,

 0.4361, 2.4364,

335.3436, 314.3149

1.1121

299.9290,  
396.6862, 374.9311

■ 0.0000, 0.8445,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 44.6049, 71.2960,  
60.1258

■ 44.6049, 71.2960,  
60.1258

■ 42.5524, 70.3338,  
55.7789

■ 47.4120, 72.6457,  
64.7404

■ 41.1453, 69.6976,  
51.6865


■ 51.0526, 74.4182,  
69.6251


■ 40.5635, 69.4446,  
49.5364


■ 55.6012, 76.6535,  
74.7883


■ 61.1227, 79.3851,  
80.2363

 67.6757, 82.6430,  
85.9750

 75.3139, 86.4550,  
92.0101

 84.0875, 90.8468,  
98.3470

 91.9492, 94.7629,  
104.8929

 92.5520, 95.0040,  
108.0673

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.0026, 71.2960, 34.9793



44.6049, 71.2960, 60.1258



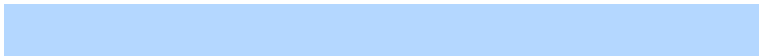
44.7750, 71.2960, 101.0712

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.6049, 71.2960, 60.1258



75.5198, 71.2960, 179.5765



88.5668, 71.2960, 33.9570

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.6049, 71.2960, 60.1258



43.5278, 24.6869, 20.2429

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.5221, 71.2960, 58.1248



44.6049, 71.2960, 60.1258



89.3020, 71.2960, 145.6424

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.6049, 71.2960, 60.1258



61.3402, 71.2960, 180.7034



97.8085, 71.2960, 98.2373



74.6228, 71.2960, 23.8430



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.6049, 71.2960, 60.1258



47.9888, 71.2960, 133.0445



97.8085, 71.2960, 98.2373



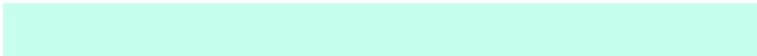
92.3408, 71.2960, 40.2379

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.6068, 71.2988, 60.1275



74.6635, 89.7992, 93.9946



42.0828, 70.9676, 16.1838



15.5306, 18.9962, 19.7488



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.6068, 71.2988, 60.1275



44.9647, 75.2573, 57.8846



42.7020, 55.4977, 96.4605



16.7654, 18.6653, 20.0487



21.5186, 36.7523, 26.5483



1.9373, 3.2486, 2.5755



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.5278, 24.6869, 20.2429



43.8780, 22.9815, 13.7675



43.5073, 28.6352, 7.9377



16.7105, 16.5671, 18.2223



21.0415, 10.7600, 4.9268

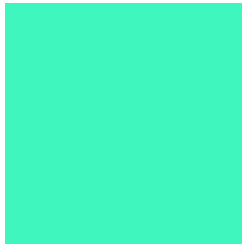


1.8935, 0.9634, 0.6657



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.6049, 71.2960, 60.1258 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

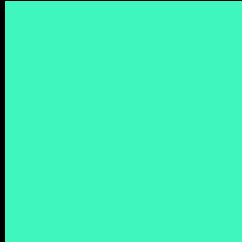
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.6049, 71.2960, 60.1258 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

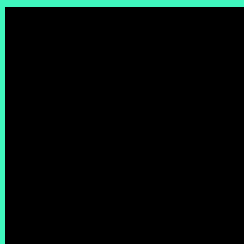
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

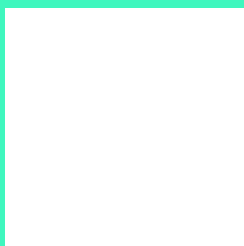
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 44.6049, 71.2960, 60.1258**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.6049, 71.2960, 60.1258.



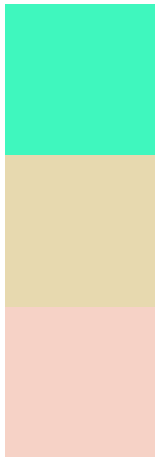
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.6049, 71.2960,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.6049, 71.2960, 60.1258

### Protanopia

65.5057, 69.7098, 50.5603

### Deuteranopia

71.2457, 69.7632, 63.1367



## Tritanopia

54.7646, 71.1034, 105.4457

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

44.6049, 71.2960, 60.1258



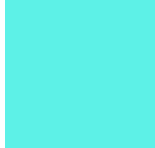
## Protanomaly

52.5592, 67.3281, 53.4055



## Deuteranomaly

54.8284, 66.2992, 61.5370



## Tritanomaly

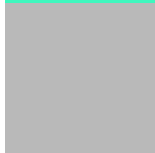
50.3933, 71.0073, 86.6511

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

44.6049, 71.2960, 60.1258



## Achromatopsia

46.1135, 48.5150, 52.8328



## Achromatomaly

42.5100, 54.3623, 55.2662

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 44.6049, 71.2960, 60.1258 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 247, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 247, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 247, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 247, 190) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 44.6049, 71.2960, 60.1258 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 247, 190) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 247, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(63, 247, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 247, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 247, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 247,  
190) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 44.6049, 71.2960, 60.1258 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 247, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 247,  
190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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