

# Converting Colors

XYZ(44.6508, 25.5694,  
152.5328)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(44.6508, 25.5694, 152.5328)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(33.9970, 21.2517,  
96.9179)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	935DFF
RGB	147, 93, 255
RGB Percent	58%, 36%, 100%
CMY	0.4235, 0.6353, 0.0000
CMYK	0.42, 0.64, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	260°, 100%, 68%
HSV	260°, 64%, 100%
XYZ	33.9970, 21.2517, 96.9179
YIQ	127.6140, -19.8180, 61.8300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

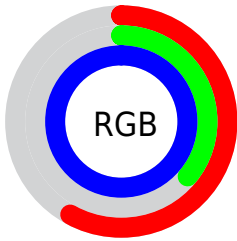
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	147, 93, 255
Decimal	9657855
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	53.22, 56.55, -73.04
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	53, 92.368, 307.748
Yxy	21.2517, 0.2234, 0.1397
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287847935 (0xFF935DFF)
YUV	127.6140, 62.8013, 17.0015
Hunter-Lab	46.0996, 50.9640, -92.3792

# Details

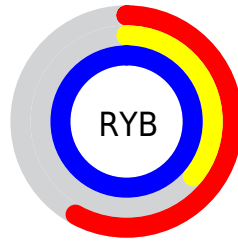
The XYZ color **33.9970, 21.2517, 96.9179** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966FF**. The color can be described as light muted purple. A complement of this color would be **61.8220, 84.7272, 23.4517**, and the grayscale version is **20.1801, 21.2310, 23.1206**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.0610, 41.0432, 99.6805**, and **14.7087, 7.5955, 53.5142** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29.2939, 16.0404, 96.1599**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.8983, 28.1881, 97.9457**.

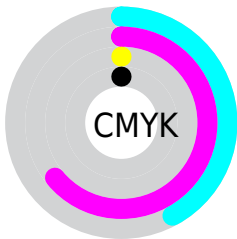
# Distribution



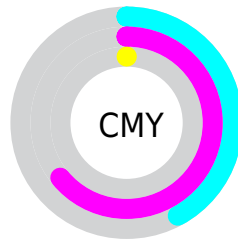
- Red (58%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.9970, 21.2517, 96.9179 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.9970, 21.2517, 96.9179 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 33.9970, 21.2517,  
96.9179


 33.9970, 21.2517,  
96.9179


311.7048,  
258.6131, 571.4273

 23.0542, 13.3081,  
73.1266


 65.2733, 45.5061,  
158.9299


 14.7544, 7.6411,  
53.5870


 86.3375, 62.5856,  
197.9877

 8.7324, 3.8661,  
37.8807


 111.5062, 83.4793,  
242.9714

 4.6228, 1.5990,  
25.5890

 141.1448,  
108.5715, 294.2995

 2.0601, 0.3569,  
16.2934

175.6186,  
138.2465, 352.3906

 0.6674, 0.0000,  
9.5754

215.2930,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

172.8889, 417.6633

5.0165

260.5333,  
212.8830, 490.5360

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.1980

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.6732

■ 33.9970, 21.2517,  
96.9179

■ 33.9970, 21.2517,  
96.9179

■ 29.2939, 16.0404,  
96.1599

■ 39.8983, 28.1881,  
97.9457

■ 25.6889, 12.3871,  
95.6447

■ 47.0803, 36.9909,  
99.2663

■ 23.0674, 10.0928,  
95.3401

■ 55.6208, 47.7888,  
100.9004

■ 21.7970, 9.1516,  
95.2254

■ 65.5902, 60.6979,  
102.8666

■ 77.0540, 75.8257,  
105.1824

■ 90.0732, 93.2718,  
107.8636

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



22.8351, 21.2517, 127.6304



33.9970, 21.2517, 96.9179



43.0105, 21.2517, 50.0284

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.9970, 21.2517, 96.9179



28.1680, 21.2517, 0.4388



6.7301, 21.2517, 31.1644

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.9970, 21.2517, 96.9179



61.8220, 84.7272, 23.4517

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7.3365, 21.2517, 8.1750



33.9970, 21.2517, 96.9179



17.7742, 21.2517, 0.0168

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.9970, 21.2517, 96.9179



38.9590, 21.2517, 3.3717



10.7540, 21.2517, 1.3522



8.7007, 21.2517, 74.0723



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.9970, 21.2517, 96.9179



45.3396, 21.2517, 25.3154



10.7540, 21.2517, 1.3522



6.6550, 21.2517, 21.0920

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.9980, 21.2523, 96.9180



70.5934, 67.2685, 103.8712



43.4510, 51.3206, 102.2235



14.4259, 13.4986, 22.0951



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.9980, 21.2523, 96.9180



28.3050, 14.9997, 96.0111



53.9594, 31.5428, 97.8521



17.5735, 17.6719, 22.7347



11.5300, 4.8544, 49.7639



1.2329, 0.5295, 4.8505



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.6965, 33.3057, 58.7487



52.2569, 28.3539, 51.6601



45.4816, 76.3034, 22.6870



18.5201, 18.1914, 21.3561



25.4119, 12.6540, 21.3512

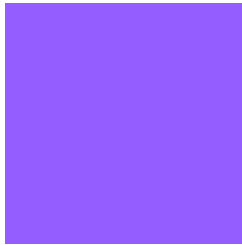


2.5250, 1.2524, 2.3462



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.9970, 21.2517, 96.9179 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

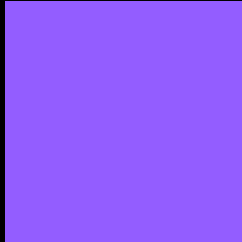
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.9970, 21.2517, 96.9179 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 33.9970, 21.2517, 96.9179**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.9970, 21.2517, 96.9179.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.9970, 21.2517,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.9970, 21.2517, 96.9179

### Protanopia

25.5746, 21.4304, 97.3963

### Deuteranopia

21.7101, 21.4563, 74.9487



## Tritanopia

19.9144, 21.1953, 27.0863

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

33.9970, 21.2517, 96.9179



## Protanomaly

26.4821, 20.0053, 97.0734



## Deuteranomaly

23.1155, 19.5939, 82.6844



## Tritanomaly

23.5245, 20.2648, 46.3877

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

33.9970, 21.2517, 96.9179



## Achromatopsia

20.5175, 21.5861, 23.5072



## Achromatomaly

23.7624, 20.4684, 42.7428

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.9970, 21.2517, 96.9179 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 93, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 93, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 93, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 93, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.9970, 21.2517, 96.9179 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 93, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 93, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(147, 93, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 93, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 93, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 93,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.9970, 21.2517, 96.9179 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 93, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147, 93,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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