

# Converting Colors

XYZ(44.6540, 37.7314, 20.6250)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(44.6540, 37.7314, 20.6250)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(44.4701, 37.6118,  
20.5388)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E29171
RGB	226, 145, 113
RGB Percent	89%, 57%, 44%
CMY	0.1137, 0.4313, 0.5569
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.50, 0.11
HSL	17°, 66%, 66%
HSV	17°, 50%, 89%
XYZ	44.4701, 37.6118, 20.5388
YIQ	165.5710, 58.5480, 7.2200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

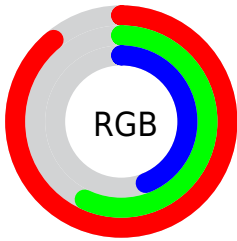
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	226, 158, 113
Decimal	14848369
CIE Lab	67.73, 27.24, 29.67
CIE LCh	68, 40.277, 47.440
Yxy	37.6118, 0.4333, 0.3665
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293038449 (0xFFE29171)
YUV	165.5710, -25.9175, 52.9962
Hunter-Lab	61.3285, 22.1080, 23.0738

# Details

The XYZ color **44.4701, 37.6118, 20.5388** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **39.8284, 47.5832, 79.0367**, and the grayscale version is **36.1406, 38.0227, 41.4068**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68.4550, 64.8235, 44.5015**, and **20.8932, 16.6026, 7.1044** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.0515, 32.5635, 13.8844**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.5604, 43.4965, 28.9806**.

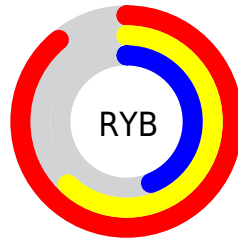
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (57%)

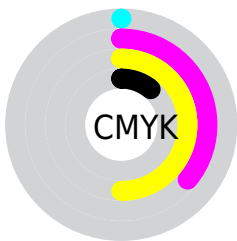
Blue (44%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (44%)

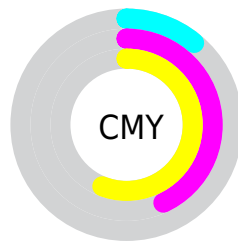


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (50%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (56%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 44.4701, 37.6118, 20.5388 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 44.4701, 37.6118, 20.5388 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 44.4701, 37.6118,  
20.5388


 44.4701, 37.6118,  
20.5388


355.4431,  
335.9518, 267.5173

 31.2397, 25.6815,  
12.5994


 81.1666, 71.5127,  
45.1895


 20.9342, 16.5855,  
7.0258


 105.3635, 94.2522,  
62.7378

 13.1881, 9.9394,  
3.3995


 133.9467,  
121.3635, 84.3261

 7.6361, 5.3588,  
1.3021

 167.2814,  
153.2311, 110.3730

 3.9128, 2.4593,  
0.0635

205.7330,  
190.2393, 141.2971

 1.6529, 0.8561,  
0.0000

249.6669,

 0.4265, 0.0000,

232.7726, 177.5168

0.0000

299.4485,  
281.2152, 219.4507

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 44.4701, 37.6118,  
20.5388

■ 44.4701, 37.6118,  
20.5388

■ 41.0515, 32.5635,  
13.8844

■ 48.5604, 43.4965,  
28.9806

■ 38.2628, 28.3067,  
8.8842

■ 53.3550, 50.2484,  
39.3256

■ 36.0618, 24.8004,  
5.3893

■ 58.8876, 57.9039,  
51.6822

■ 34.3987, 21.9972,  
3.2227

■ 65.1891, 66.4952,  
66.1501

■ 33.1980, 19.8368,  
2.0792

■ 72.2882, 76.0530,  
82.8222

■ 33.1979, 19.8367,  
2.0791

■ 80.2124, 86.6068,  
101.7860

■ 85.1740, 94.9087,  
108.4378

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.4257, 37.6118, 31.5151



44.4701, 37.6118, 20.5388



38.4152, 37.6118, 15.7805

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.4701, 37.6118, 20.5388



25.2933, 37.6118, 33.9422



39.4572, 37.6118, 83.1292

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.4701, 37.6118, 20.5388



39.8284, 47.5832, 79.0367

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33.2089, 37.6118, 84.3461



44.4701, 37.6118, 20.5388



25.5033, 37.6118, 52.1086

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.4701, 37.6118, 20.5388



27.6382, 37.6118, 21.8692



28.2497, 37.6118, 71.7430



45.3088, 37.6118, 68.7856



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.4701, 37.6118, 20.5388



34.2214, 37.6118, 15.5006



28.2497, 37.6118, 71.7430



37.3211, 37.6118, 85.2097

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.4710, 37.6137, 20.5395



81.3609, 81.5147, 76.9210



47.2179, 31.9588, 55.8252



17.0437, 16.9410, 15.6153



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.4710, 37.6137, 20.5395



53.8148, 42.5724, 17.9513



54.9142, 58.5000, 24.0206



14.0218, 14.3295, 14.3336



19.0267, 11.4914, 1.2152



1.3936, 0.9460, 0.1092



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.8284, 47.5832, 79.0367



46.9895, 56.9648, 103.1264



29.8236, 27.5737, 75.7017



13.7714, 14.8819, 17.5343



15.3072, 18.0839, 43.7321



1.1359, 1.4032, 3.0562



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.4701, 37.6118, 20.5388 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

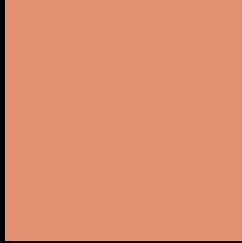
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.4701, 37.6118, 20.5388 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 44.4701, 37.6118, 20.5388**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.4701, 37.6118, 20.5388.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.4701, 37.6118,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.4701, 37.6118, 20.5388

### Protanopia

35.3281, 37.7804, 23.8427

### Deuteranopia

38.3300, 37.5853, 19.9863



## Tritanopia

47.1962, 37.6162, 33.6273

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

44.4701, 37.6118, 20.5388

**Protanomaly**

38.0623, 37.3877, 22.6632

**Deuteranomaly**

40.2729, 37.3401, 20.1237

**Tritanomaly**

46.1833, 37.6461, 28.4992

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

44.4701, 37.6118, 20.5388

**Achromatopsia**

36.2450, 38.1326, 41.5264

**Achromatomaly**

38.2324, 37.2517, 32.7790

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 44.4701, 37.6118, 20.5388 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 145, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 145, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 145, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 145, 113) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 44.4701, 37.6118, 20.5388 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 145, 113) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 145, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 145, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 145, 113); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 145, 113); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 145, 113) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 44.4701, 37.6118, 20.5388 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 145, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
145, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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