

# Converting Colors

XYZ(44.7297, 28.2394, 3.0932)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(44.7297, 28.2394, 3.0932)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(44.7297, 28.2394,  
3.0932)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>               |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex           | FF5800                     |
| RGB           | 255, 88, 0                 |
| RGB Percent   | 100%, 35%, 0%              |
| CMY           | 0.0000, 0.6549, 1.0000     |
| CMYK          | 0.00, 0.65, 1.00, 0.00     |
| HSL           | 21°, 100%, 50%             |
| HSV           | 21°, 100%, 100%            |
| XYZ           | 44.7297, 28.2394, 3.0932   |
| YIQ           | 127.9010, 127.7800, 8.0360 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

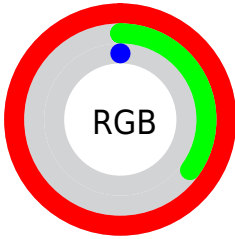
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                    |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>               | 255, 134, 0                     |
| Decimal                             | 16734208                        |
| CIE <sub>Lab</sub>                  | 60.10, 60.88, 70.19             |
| CIE <sub>LCh</sub>                  | 60, 92.913, 49.063              |
| Yxy                                 | 28.2394, 0.5881,<br>0.3713      |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4294924288<br>(0xFFFF5800)      |
| YUV                                 | 127.9010, -63.0552,<br>111.4658 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 53.1408, 57.2509,<br>33.7474    |

# Details

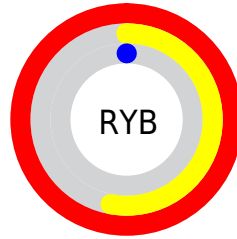
The XYZ color **44.7297, 28.2394, 3.0932** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6600**, and the color name is **orange (pantone)**. The color can be described as dark saturated red. A complement of this color would be **31.8672, 34.8545, 99.6550**, and the grayscale version is **20.6657, 21.7420, 23.6770**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.3488, 41.9041, 10.4835**, and **21.2732, 11.3926, 1.0778** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.7301, 28.2406, 3.0935**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.4427, 31.3764, 4.5569**.

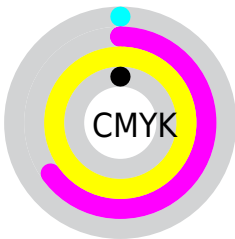
# Distribution



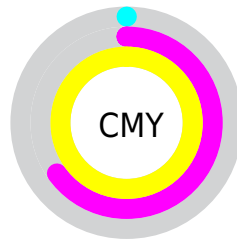
- Red (100%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 44.7297, 28.2394, 3.0932 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 44.7297, 28.2394, 3.0932 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 44.7297, 28.2394,  
3.0932

 44.7297, 28.2394,  
3.0932

356.4799,  
293.6091, 137.5389

 31.4449, 18.5062,  
1.1424


 81.5542, 56.8664,  
11.8576

 21.0914, 11.3140,  
0.0000


 105.8247, 76.5290,  
19.5082

 13.3037, 6.2785,  
0.0000


 134.4878,  
100.2703, 29.8959

 7.7164, 3.0151,  
0.0000

 167.9088,  
128.4745, 43.4392

 3.9643, 1.1396,  
0.0000

 206.4532,  
161.5261, 60.5566


 1.6820, 0.0116,  
0.0000

 250.4863,


 0.4449, 0.0000,


199.8094, 81.6667


0.0000


 300.3734,  
243.7090, 107.1879


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 44.7297, 28.2394,  
3.0932


 44.7297, 28.2394,  
3.0932


 44.7301, 28.2406,  
3.0935

 46.4427, 31.3764,  
4.5569

 48.7245, 35.2732,  
7.3728

 51.6658, 39.9967,  
11.9267

 55.3274, 45.5978,  
18.4565

 59.7621, 52.1227,  
27.1620

65.0168, 59.6141,  
38.2184

71.1347, 68.1114,  
51.7825

78.1552, 77.6518,  
67.9978

86.1156, 88.2705,  
86.9967

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.6829, 28.2394, 13.9683



44.7297, 28.2394, 3.0932



31.4048, 28.2394, 0.8671

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.7297, 28.2394, 3.0932



10.0980, 28.2394, 19.9452



34.9998, 28.2394, 143.0194

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.7297, 28.2394, 3.0932



31.8672, 34.8545, 99.6550

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.7417, 28.2394, 149.7983



44.7297, 28.2394, 3.0932



10.5402, 28.2394, 57.3946

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.7297, 28.2394, 3.0932



13.0352, 28.2394, 4.7356



14.4986, 28.2394, 111.1911



48.0191, 28.2394, 96.4747



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.7297, 28.2394, 3.0932



23.4062, 28.2394, 0.8302



14.4986, 28.2394, 111.1911



30.5958, 28.2394, 150.8675

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.7303, 28.2411, 3.0936



71.1342, 68.1105, 51.7806



48.4955, 24.1622, 40.1383



14.6505, 13.7849, 9.7916



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.7303, 28.2411, 3.0936



44.7304, 28.2409, 3.0935



64.9083, 68.5971, 9.8196



18.5219, 19.0121, 18.8378



23.4974, 15.0060, 1.6580



2.3851, 1.6555, 0.1938



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.8672, 34.8545, 99.6550



31.8671, 34.8543, 99.6557



18.8958, 8.9118, 95.3312



17.9962, 19.3639, 23.0391



16.7960, 18.5016, 52.1205



1.7374, 2.0054, 5.1088



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.7297, 28.2394, 3.0932 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.7297, 28.2394, 3.0932 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 44.7297, 28.2394, 3.0932**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.7297, 28.2394, 3.0932.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.7297, 28.2394,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.7297, 28.2394, 3.0932

### Protanopia

25.7866, 28.5294, 5.1845

### Deuteranopia

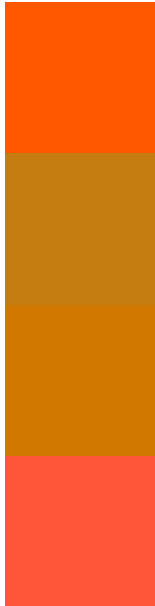
28.6169, 28.2442, 3.9434



## Tritanopia

46.1718, 28.3052, 12.2625

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

44.7297, 28.2394, 3.0932

## Protanomaly

30.4608, 26.5780, 4.0549

## Deuteranomaly

33.0110, 26.9883, 3.4694

## Tritanomaly

45.2023, 28.0425, 6.7717

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

44.7297, 28.2394, 3.0932

## Achromatopsia

20.5175, 21.5861, 23.5072

## Achromatomaly

24.8459, 21.4030, 10.6063

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 44.7297, 28.2394, 3.0932 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 88, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 88, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 88, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 88, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 44.7297, 28.2394, 3.0932 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 88, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 88, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 88, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 88, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 88, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 88, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 44.7297, 28.2394, 3.0932 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 88, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 88,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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