

# Converting Colors

XYZ(44.7413, 71.3927, 36.0423)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(44.7413, 71.3927, 36.0423)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(44.7596, 71.4498,  
36.2431)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	73F68C
RGB	115, 246, 140
RGB Percent	45%, 96%, 55%
CMY	0.5490, 0.0353, 0.4510
CMYK	0.53, 0.00, 0.43, 0.04
HSL	131°, 88%, 71%
HSV	131°, 53%, 96%
XYZ	44.7596, 71.4498, 36.2431
YIQ	194.7470, -44.0500, -60.7380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

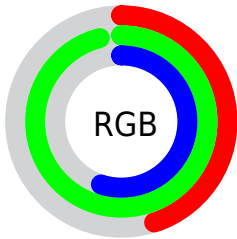
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">115, 225, 246</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7599756</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">87.70, -57.99, 40.19</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">88, 70.559, 145.277</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">71.4498, 0.2936, 0.4687</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285789836 (0xFF73F68C)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">194.7470, -26.9903, -69.9381</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">84.5280, -53.4039, 33.7478</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **44.7596, 71.4498, 36.2431** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FF99**. A complement of this color would be **57.1900, 37.0760, 72.5507**, and the grayscale version is **51.8970, 54.5996, 59.4590**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.2895, 84.5741, 64.6185**, and **21.1780, 37.7282, 15.3986** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.6088, 69.4665, 29.0684**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.0425, 73.9901, 44.8598**.

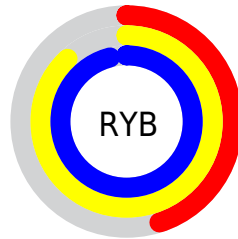
# Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (96%)

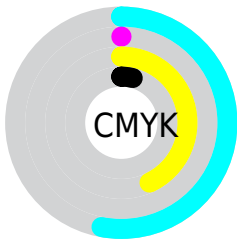
Blue (55%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (96%)

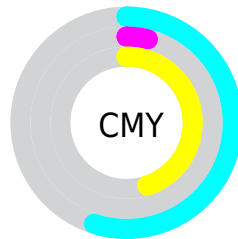


Cyan (53%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (43%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (4%)


Yellow (45%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 44.7596, 71.4498, 36.2431 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 44.7596, 71.4498, 36.2431 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 44.7596, 71.4498,  
36.2431

 44.7596, 71.4498,  
36.2431


356.5992,  
465.6243, 345.0913


 31.4686, 52.7093,  
24.3308


 81.5988, 121.2740,  
70.5804

 21.1095, 37.5708,  
15.3647


 105.8778,  
153.1265, 93.8425

 13.3170, 25.6497,  
8.9263

 134.5501,  
190.1185, 121.7249

 7.7257, 16.5618,  
4.5970

167.9810,  
232.6343, 154.6463

 3.9702, 9.9226,  
1.9582

206.5361,  
281.0584, 193.0250

 1.6853, 5.3476,  
0.5294

250.5806,

 0.4471, 2.4526,

335.7752, 237.2798

0.0000

300.4798,  
397.1690, 287.8290

0.0000, 0.8528,  
0.0000

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

44.7596, 71.4498,  
36.2431

44.7596, 71.4498,  
36.2431

40.6088, 69.4665,  
29.0684

50.0425, 73.9901,  
44.8598

37.5000, 67.9894,  
23.2522


56.5280, 77.1161,  
54.9863


35.3382, 66.9733,  
18.7097


64.2871, 80.8649,  
66.6921

34.0069, 66.3601,  
15.3444

73.3834, 85.2682,  
80.0408

 33.4692, 66.1191,  
13.6823

 83.8767, 90.3555,  
95.0925

 92.2471, 94.3943,  
107.9657

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.0838, 71.4498, 20.6969



44.7596, 71.4498, 36.2431



40.6382, 71.4498, 70.4564

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.7596, 71.4498, 36.2431



65.2970, 71.4498, 210.4189



101.3398, 71.4498, 44.7243

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.7596, 71.4498, 36.2431



57.1900, 37.0760, 72.5507

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



105.2676, 71.4498, 85.6299



44.7596, 71.4498, 36.2431



82.5890, 71.4498, 194.3358

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.7596, 71.4498, 36.2431



51.1901, 71.4498, 180.7049



97.9209, 71.4498, 142.9362



87.9259, 71.4498, 23.9953



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.7596, 71.4498, 36.2431



41.3720, 71.4498, 104.6746



97.9209, 71.4498, 142.9362



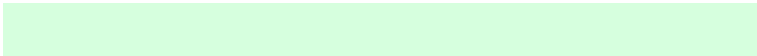
103.8979, 71.4498, 55.9653

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.7614, 71.4528, 36.2447



76.7330, 91.1195, 82.6414



66.1720, 82.6797, 28.6912



15.9806, 19.2886, 17.0398



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.7614, 71.4528, 36.2447



43.7255, 75.2137, 30.9345



50.9891, 73.9439, 69.0396



16.4114, 18.5237, 18.1849



17.9018, 35.3055, 7.5025



1.6076, 3.1167, 0.8394



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.1900, 37.0760, 72.5507



58.4845, 34.2536, 73.9460



50.1805, 34.2722, 35.6389



17.0701, 16.7109, 20.1155



25.8415, 12.6801, 30.2036

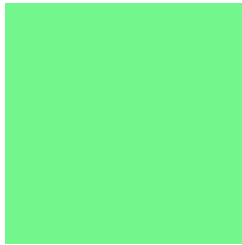


2.3053, 1.1281, 2.8341



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.7596, 71.4498, 36.2431 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.7596, 71.4498, 36.2431 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 44.7596, 71.4498, 36.2431**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.7596, 71.4498, 36.2431.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.7596, 71.4498,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.7596, 71.4498, 36.2431

### Protanopia

64.6973, 70.1052, 31.2408

### Deuteranopia

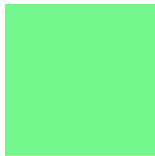
70.8082, 69.9618, 43.9544



## Tritanopia

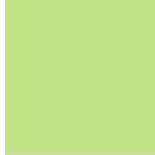
57.8649, 71.0569, 102.7610

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

44.7596, 71.4498, 36.2431



## Protanomaly

54.2946, 68.6774, 32.9487



## Deuteranomaly

57.1223, 67.9458, 40.6760



## Tritanomaly

51.8481, 70.7578, 72.5529

# Monochromacy



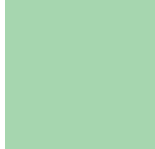
## Original Color

44.7596, 71.4498, 36.2431



## Achromatopsia

51.8711, 54.5724, 59.4294



## Achromatomaly

47.5103, 59.2953, 49.4985

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 44.7596, 71.4498, 36.2431 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 246, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 246, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 246, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 246, 140) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 44.7596, 71.4498, 36.2431 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 246, 140) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 246, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 246, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 246, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 246, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 246,  
140) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 44.7596, 71.4498, 36.2431 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 246, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
246, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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