

# Converting Colors

XYZ(44.7915, 42.5171, 42.8916)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(44.7915, 42.5171, 42.8916)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(44.7915, 42.5171,  
42.8916)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C9A6A8
RGB	201, 166, 168
RGB Percent	79%, 65%, 66%
CMY	0.2118, 0.3490, 0.3412
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.16, 0.21
HSL	357°, 24%, 72%
HSV	357°, 17%, 79%
XYZ	44.7915, 42.5171, 42.8916
YIQ	176.6930, 20.2180, 8.0420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

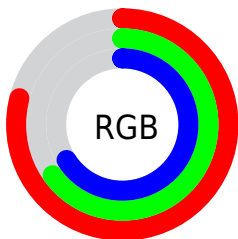
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	201, 166, 168
Decimal	13215400
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	71.23, 13.12, 3.78
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	71, 13.654, 16.064
Yxy	42.5171, 0.3440, 0.3266
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291405480 (0xFFC9A6A8)
YUV	176.6930, -4.2856, 21.3172
Hunter-Lab	65.2051, 8.5084, 6.6429

# Details

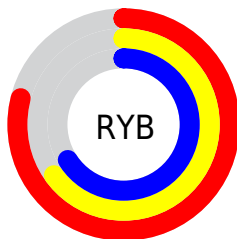
The XYZ color **44.7915, 42.5171, 42.8916** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **46.9230, 54.0049, 61.9864**, and the grayscale version is **41.6442, 43.8130, 47.7123**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80.4157, 78.3006, 80.6872**, and **21.2023, 19.4986, 19.1691** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.7804, 35.1175, 33.1354**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.6334, 51.1656, 54.1955**.

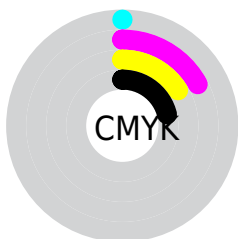
# Distribution



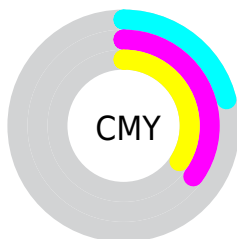
- Red (79%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (21%)




- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (34%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 44.7915, 42.5171, 42.8916 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 44.7915, 42.5171, 42.8916 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 44.7915, 42.5171,  
42.8916


 44.7915, 42.5171,  
42.8916


356.7264,  
356.6221, 374.0739

 31.4938, 29.5064,  
29.4693


 81.6464, 78.9816,  
80.8319

 21.1288, 19.4642,  
19.1875


 105.9344,  
103.2043, 106.1869

 13.3312, 12.0062,  
11.6277


134.6165,  
131.9330, 136.3566

 7.7356, 6.7479,  
6.3712

168.0581,  
165.5522, 171.7595

 3.9766, 3.3049,  
2.9997

206.6245,  
204.4464, 212.8141

 1.6889, 1.2929,  
1.0945

250.6811,

 0.4493, 0.1357,

248.9998, 259.9390

0.0000

300.5933,  
299.5969, 313.5528

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 44.7915, 42.5171,  
42.8916

■ 44.7915, 42.5171,  
42.8916

■ 39.7804, 35.1175,  
33.1354

■ 50.6334, 51.1656,  
54.1955

■ 35.5591, 28.9037,  
24.8570

■ 57.3377, 61.1108,  
67.1076

■ 32.0882, 23.8157,  
17.9852

■ 64.9387, 72.4051,  
81.6882

■ 29.3238, 19.7862,  
12.4417

■ 73.4678, 85.0963,  
97.9940

■ 27.2173, 16.7405,  
8.1407

■ 77.8976, 91.1576,  
108.0973

■ 25.7139, 14.5944,  
4.9863

■ 24.7500, 13.2492,  
2.8685

■ 24.2404, 12.5691,  
1.6534

■ 24.1507, 12.4429,  
1.4597

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.8369, 42.5171, 49.3975



44.7915, 42.5171, 42.8916



43.5438, 42.5171, 37.7944

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.7915, 42.5171, 42.8916



37.3229, 42.5171, 38.0845



39.3601, 42.5171, 59.6422

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.7915, 42.5171, 42.8916



46.9230, 54.0049, 61.9864

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.4327, 42.5171, 55.9808



44.7915, 42.5171, 42.8916



36.2868, 42.5171, 43.3231

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.7915, 42.5171, 42.8916



39.2051, 42.5171, 35.2033



36.3263, 42.5171, 49.8715



41.6418, 42.5171, 59.4988



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.7915, 42.5171, 42.8916



42.2239, 42.5171, 35.6989



36.3263, 42.5171, 49.8715



38.6511, 42.5171, 58.8017

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.7927, 42.5190, 42.8925



89.2408, 91.3829, 97.7112



47.6449, 43.5880, 61.1609



18.9331, 19.3104, 20.5900



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.7927, 42.5190, 42.8925



73.1914, 67.6273, 66.6403



47.5294, 48.2878, 42.8942



10.6580, 10.6466, 11.1823



15.1962, 7.8281, 0.9774



0.7283, 0.3742, 0.0923



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.7927, 42.5190, 42.8925



73.1914, 67.6273, 66.6403



43.7940, 47.3733, 62.0945



10.6580, 10.6466, 11.1823



15.1962, 7.8281, 0.9774

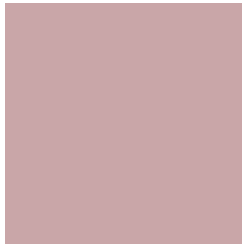


0.7283, 0.3742, 0.0923



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.7915, 42.5171, 42.8916 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

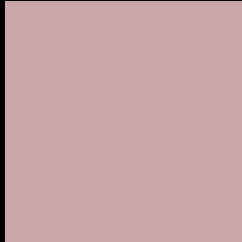
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.7915, 42.5171, 42.8916 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 44.7915, 42.5171, 42.8916**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.7915, 42.5171, 42.8916.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.7915, 42.5171,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.7915, 42.5171, 42.8916

### Protanopia

40.9425, 42.7156, 45.1168

### Deuteranopia

43.4112, 42.6353, 42.5006



## Tritanopia

45.7481, 42.6411, 47.4144

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

44.7915, 42.5171, 42.8916

## Protanomaly

42.1633, 42.5052, 44.5102

## Deuteranomaly

44.0036, 42.6656, 42.4753

## Tritanomaly

45.4522, 42.5228, 45.8565

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

44.7915, 42.5171, 42.8916

## Achromatopsia

41.7894, 43.9657, 47.8787

## Achromatomaly

42.8333, 43.3822, 46.1605

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 44.7915, 42.5171, 42.8916 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(201, 166, 168) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 166, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 166, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 166, 168) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 44.7915, 42.5171, 42.8916 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 166, 168) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 166, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 166, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(201, 166, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 166, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 166,  
168) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 44.7915, 42.5171, 42.8916 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 166, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
166, 168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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