

# Converting Colors

XYZ(44.8016, 25.3718, 12.4013)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(44.8016, 25.3718, 12.4013)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(44.7971, 25.3528, 12.4300)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(44.7971, 25.3528,  
12.4300)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF3D5B
RGB	255, 61, 91
RGB Percent	100%, 24%, 36%
CMY	0.0000, 0.7607, 0.6431
CMYK	0.00, 0.76, 0.64, 0.00
HSL	351°, 100%, 62%
HSV	351°, 76%, 100%
XYZ	44.7971, 25.3528, 12.4300
YIQ	122.4260, 105.9940, 50.4580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

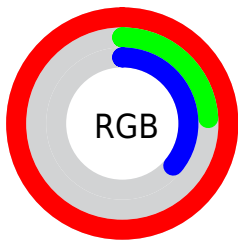
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 61, 91
Decimal	16727387
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	57.42, 72.66, 29.56
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	57, 78.440, 22.139
Yxy	25.3528, 0.5425, 0.3070
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294917467 (0xFFFF3D5B)
YUV	122.4260, -15.4930, 116.2674
Hunter-Lab	50.3516, 70.6938, 20.6095

# Details

The XYZ color **44.7971, 25.3528, 12.4300** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3366**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **51.2777, 77.9493, 83.5872**, and the grayscale version is **18.6649, 19.6369, 21.3846**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53.2554, 37.5984, 29.6497**, and **21.9790, 11.2736, 3.6024** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.9441, 22.9277, 7.8645**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.5647, 29.1803, 18.6182**.

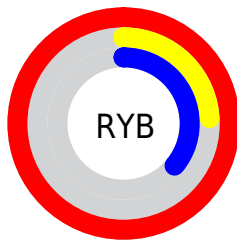
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (24%)

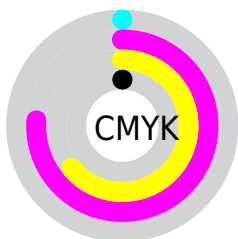
Blue (36%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (36%)

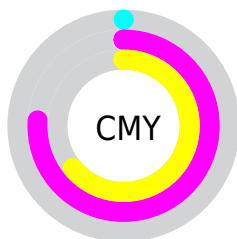


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (64%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (76%)


Yellow (64%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 44.7971, 25.3528, 12.4300 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 44.7971, 25.3528, 12.4300 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 44.7971, 25.3528,  
12.4300


 44.7971, 25.3528,  
12.4300


356.7487,  
279.5904, 218.3096


 31.4982, 16.3401,  
6.9112


 81.6548, 52.2290,  
30.9519


 21.1322, 9.7651,  
3.3290

 105.9443, 70.8613,  
44.7920


 13.3337, 5.2435,  
1.2650


 134.6282, 93.4689,  
62.2430

 7.7373, 2.3908,  
0.0328

 168.0716,  
120.4362, 83.7234

 3.9777, 0.8212,  
0.0000

 206.6400,  
152.1476, 109.6517

 1.6895, 0.0000,  
0.0000

250.6988,

 0.4497, 0.0000,

188.9875, 140.4465

0.0000

300.6132,  
231.3403, 176.5262

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 44.7971, 25.3528,  
12.4300

■ 44.7971, 25.3528,  
12.4300

■ 42.9441, 22.9277,  
7.8645

■ 47.5647, 29.1803,  
18.6182

■ 41.8796, 21.6898,  
4.7630


■ 51.3468, 34.5760,  
26.5646


■ 41.6130, 21.4092,  
3.8950

■ 56.2321, 41.6872,  
36.3911

■ 62.2987, 50.6431,  
48.2086

■ 69.6178, 61.5604,  
62.1191

 78.2547, 74.5462,  
78.2177

 88.2704, 89.6999,  
96.5935

95.0498, 99.9999,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.5627, 25.3528, 35.2350



44.7971, 25.3528, 12.4300



36.8525, 25.3528, 3.6783

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.7971, 25.3528, 12.4300



12.5380, 25.3528, 6.5688



21.7285, 25.3528, 116.0317

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.7971, 25.3528, 12.4300



51.2777, 77.9493, 83.5872

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.6877, 25.3528, 91.1752



44.7971, 25.3528, 12.4300



10.3484, 25.3528, 21.1644

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.7971, 25.3528, 12.4300



17.9554, 25.3528, 2.1343



11.0185, 25.3528, 51.8126



31.5004, 25.3528, 107.6437



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.7971, 25.3528, 12.4300



30.0212, 25.3528, 1.9052



11.0185, 25.3528, 51.8126



19.0085, 25.3528, 110.9228

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.7977, 25.3543, 12.4304



72.1287, 65.3258, 66.8288



50.0489, 26.1944, 97.0255



14.8094, 13.0392, 13.1235



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.7977, 25.3543, 12.4304



42.3301, 22.1847, 6.1642



49.5021, 36.4361, 8.8408



18.1238, 18.0328, 19.2692



21.7776, 11.2003, 2.2133



2.1521, 1.1032, 0.3825



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.7977, 25.3543, 12.4304



42.3301, 22.1847, 6.1642



38.4620, 45.1860, 101.3019



18.1238, 18.0328, 19.2692



21.7776, 11.2003, 2.2133



2.1521, 1.1032, 0.3825



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.7971, 25.3528, 12.4300 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

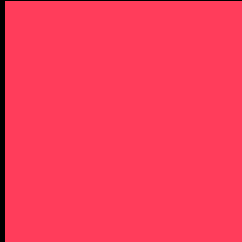
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.7971, 25.3528, 12.4300 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 44.7971, 25.3528, 12.4300**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.7971, 25.3528, 12.4300.



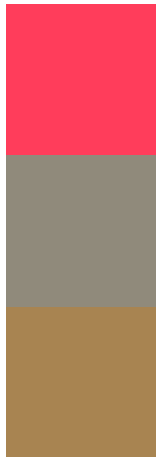
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.7971, 25.3528,

12.4300.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.7971, 25.3528, 12.4300

### Protanopia

24.1652, 25.5363, 22.3942

### Deuteranopia

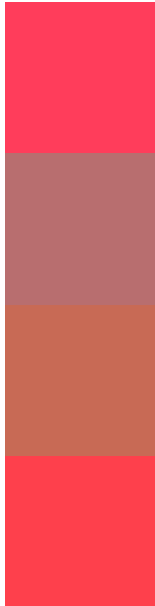
25.8849, 25.4214, 11.3271



## Tritanopia

43.8647, 25.3846, 8.0566

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

44.7971, 25.3528, 12.4300

## Protanomaly

28.2123, 22.4899, 17.8930

## Deuteranomaly

30.6131, 23.2433, 11.4672

## Tritanomaly

44.0110, 25.2594, 9.3934

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

44.7971, 25.3528, 12.4300

## Achromatopsia

18.4984, 19.4618, 21.1939

## Achromatomaly

24.0040, 18.8081, 17.4041

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 44.7971, 25.3528, 12.4300 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 61, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 61, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 61, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 61, 91) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 44.7971, 25.3528, 12.4300 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 61, 91) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 61, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 61, 91)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 61, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 61, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 61,  
91) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 44.7971, 25.3528, 12.4300 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 61, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 61,  
91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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