

# Converting Colors

XYZ(44.8297, 58.5094, 93.9186)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(44.8297, 58.5094, 93.9186)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(44.7287, 58.4077,  
93.7104)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	52DAF3
RGB	82, 218, 243
RGB Percent	32%, 85%, 95%
CMY	0.6784, 0.1451, 0.0471
CMYK	0.66, 0.10, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	189°, 87%, 64%
HSV	189°, 66%, 95%
XYZ	44.7287, 58.4077, 93.7104
YIQ	180.1860, -89.0810, -21.0570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

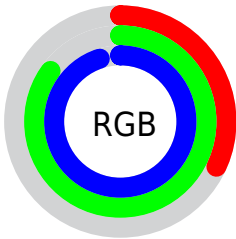
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	82, 156, 243
Decimal	5430003
CIE Lab	80.96, -29.04, -23.06
CIE LCh	81, 37.082, 218.454
Yxy	58.4077, 0.2272, 0.2967
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283620083 (0xFF52DAF3)
YUV	180.1860, 30.9673, -86.1091
Hunter-Lab	76.4249, -29.2741, -19.2025

# Details

The XYZ color **44.7287, 58.4077, 93.7104** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **43.7444, 30.1811, 11.5044**, and the grayscale version is **43.3576, 45.6155, 49.6753**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66.0227, 85.0359, 107.5415**, and **22.0668, 29.7822, 51.5992** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.0107, 55.5716, 93.3073**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.2205, 61.6781, 94.1587**.

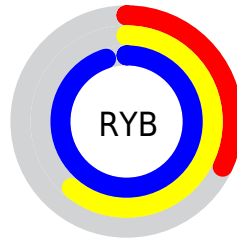
# Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (85%)

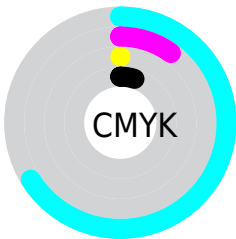
Blue (95%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (95%)

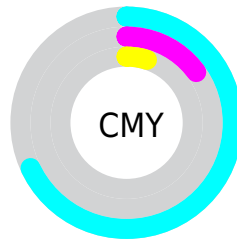


Cyan (66%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 44.7287, 58.4077, 93.7104 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 44.7287, 58.4077, 93.7104 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



44.7287, 58.4077,  
93.7104

44.7287, 58.4077,  
93.7104

356.4759,  
418.7034, 560.9067

31.4442, 42.1365,  
70.4712

81.5527, 102.5163,  
154.4620

21.0908, 29.2082,  
51.4316

105.8229,  
131.1225, 192.8114

13.3032, 19.2384,  
36.1731

134.4857,  
164.6092, 237.0346

7.7161, 11.8426,  
24.2771

167.9064,  
203.3608, 287.5502

3.9641, 6.6366,  
15.3252

206.4504,  
247.7616, 344.7766

1.6818, 3.2359,  
8.8988

250.4831,

0.4449, 1.2561,

298.1960, 409.1325

4.5793

300.3698,  
355.0485, 481.0363

■ 0.0000, 0.1068,  
1.9482

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.5232

■ 44.7287, 58.4077,  
93.7104

■ 44.7287, 58.4077,  
93.7104

■ 42.0107, 55.5716,  
93.3073

■ 48.2205, 61.6781,  
94.1587

■ 39.9778, 53.1203,  
92.9413

■ 52.5516, 65.4134,  
94.6514

■ 38.5281, 51.0024,  
92.6089

■ 57.7868, 69.6482,  
95.1929

■ 38.0737, 50.2627,  
92.4901

■ 63.9829, 74.4121,  
95.7858

71.1919, 79.7320,  
96.4327

79.4620, 85.6332,  
97.1359

88.8385, 92.1390,  
97.8974

91.0434, 94.9822,  
98.3300

92.2164, 97.3282,  
98.7210

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.1442, 58.4077, 70.0227



44.7287, 58.4077, 93.7104



50.2631, 58.4077, 111.6363

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.7287, 58.4077, 93.7104



70.4240, 58.4077, 80.4376



53.3706, 58.4077, 30.2496

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.7287, 58.4077, 93.7104



43.7444, 30.1811, 11.5044

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.1200, 58.4077, 31.7969



44.7287, 58.4077, 93.7104



71.4507, 58.4077, 57.5752

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.7287, 58.4077, 93.7104



65.2203, 58.4077, 102.8254



67.9088, 58.4077, 40.7421



46.8232, 58.4077, 35.8794

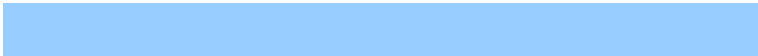


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.7287, 58.4077, 93.7104



55.1171, 58.4077, 115.9719



67.9088, 58.4077, 40.7421



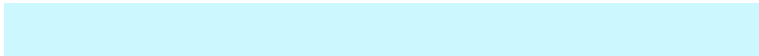
55.9143, 58.4077, 29.9796

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.7306, 58.4099, 93.7118



76.2374, 86.6284, 107.3106



38.1412, 66.9402, 24.5892



15.8344, 18.1849, 22.9254



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

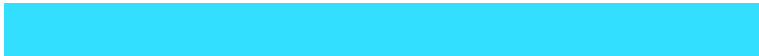


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.7306, 58.4099, 93.7118



45.8895, 60.8723, 103.9386



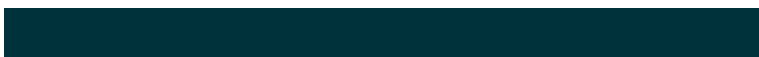
28.7980, 26.5448, 88.4010



16.7647, 18.2937, 21.1900



20.9774, 27.7486, 50.7884



1.9015, 2.5545, 4.4831



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.6359, 30.1530, 69.3778



55.7868, 28.9728, 72.6932



56.1830, 55.0583, 15.6506



17.0966, 16.7215, 20.2551



26.3929, 12.9006, 33.1073

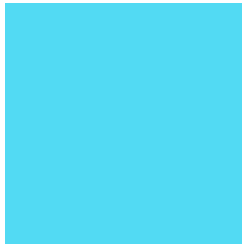


2.3489, 1.1455, 3.0635



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.7287, 58.4077, 93.7104 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

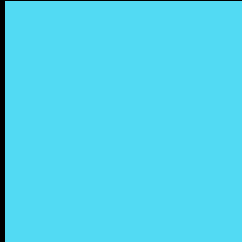
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.7287, 58.4077, 93.7104 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 44.7287, 58.4077, 93.7104**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.7287, 58.4077, 93.7104.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.7287, 58.4077,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

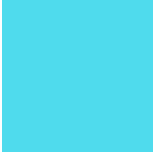
44.7287, 58.4077, 93.7104

### Protanopia

56.7251, 57.5707, 82.9854

### Deuteranopia

58.9313, 57.7265, 96.8432



## **Tritanopia**

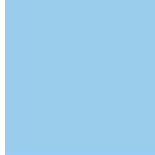
43.8420, 58.4397, 89.0900

# Trichromacy



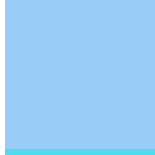
## Original Color

44.7287, 58.4077, 93.7104



## Protanomaly

49.9636, 56.4331, 86.8566



## Deuteranomaly

51.3643, 56.6119, 95.4088



## Tritanomaly

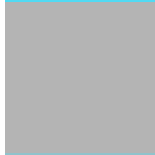
44.2198, 58.6005, 90.6418

# Monochromacy



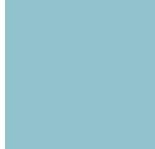
## Original Color

44.7287, 58.4077, 93.7104



## Achromatopsia

43.3819, 45.6411, 49.7032



## Achromatomaly

41.5729, 48.8247, 63.7329

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 44.7287, 58.4077, 93.7104 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 218, 243)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 218, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 218, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 218, 243) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 44.7287, 58.4077, 93.7104 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 218, 243) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 218, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 218, 243)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 218, 243); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 218, 243);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 218,  
243) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 44.7287, 58.4077, 93.7104 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 218, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 218,  
243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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