

# Converting Colors

XYZ(44.8731, 35.8682, 94.6223)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(44.8731, 35.8682, 94.6223)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(44.9078, 35.9626,  
95.0171)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AF90FA
RGB	175, 144, 250
RGB Percent	69%, 56%, 98%
CMY	0.3137, 0.4353, 0.0196
CMYK	0.30, 0.42, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	258°, 91%, 77%
HSV	258°, 42%, 98%
XYZ	44.9078, 35.9626, 95.0171
YIQ	165.3530, -15.5500, 39.5380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

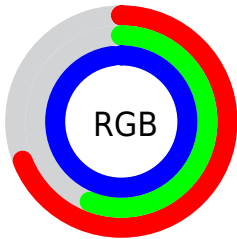
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	175, 144, 250
Decimal	11505914
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	66.49, 33.87, -48.90
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	66, 59.478, 304.707
Yxy	35.9626, 0.2553, 0.2045
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289695994 (0xFFAF90FA)
YUV	165.3530, 41.7310, 8.4604
Hunter-Lab	59.9688, 28.7247, -51.9634

# Details

The XYZ color **44.9078, 35.9626, 95.0171** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99FF**. A complement of this color would be **68.4336, 85.4456, 39.2726**, and the grayscale version is **35.7459, 37.6075, 40.9546**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.8484, 64.9318, 103.3540**, and **21.1477, 15.6009, 52.3487** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.8188, 27.2964, 93.7186**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.3579, 46.5763, 96.6210**.

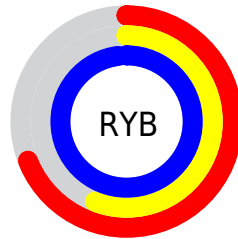
# Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (56%)

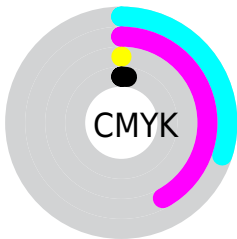
Blue (98%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (98%)

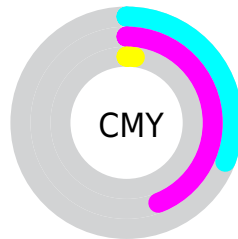


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 44.9078, 35.9626, 95.0171 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 44.9078, 35.9626, 95.0171 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 44.9078, 35.9626,  
95.0171

■ 44.9078, 35.9626,  
95.0171

357.1900,  
328.7970, 565.2055

■ 31.5858, 24.4053,  
71.5522

■ 81.8200, 68.9743,  
156.2840

■ 21.1993, 15.6346,  
52.3084

■ 106.1408, 91.1976,  
194.9231

■ 13.3831, 9.2659,  
36.8670

134.8586,  
117.7449, 239.4574

■ 7.7717, 4.9150,  
24.8096

168.3388,  
149.0008, 290.3055

■ 3.9998, 2.1975,  
15.7175

206.9467,  
185.3495, 347.8857

■ 1.7020, 0.7186,  
9.1723

251.0476,

■ 0.4575, 0.0000,

227.1755, 412.6168

4.7554

301.0069,  
274.8633, 484.9172

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
2.0482

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.5847

■ 44.9078, 35.9626,  
95.0171

■ 44.9078, 35.9626,  
95.0171

■ 37.8188, 27.2964,  
93.7186

■ 53.3579, 46.5763,  
96.6210

■ 32.0108, 20.4512,  
92.7035

■ 63.2347, 59.2447,  
98.5457

■ 27.4010, 15.2918,  
91.9506

■ 74.6046, 74.0722,  
100.8084

■ 23.8942, 11.6618,  
91.4348

■ 87.5281, 91.1545,  
103.4245

■ 21.3780, 9.3732,  
91.1256

■ 94.2555, 99.6822,  
104.7160

■ 20.0119, 8.3232,  
90.9950

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.6083, 35.9626, 111.3578



44.9078, 35.9626, 95.0171



52.1540, 35.9626, 64.1197

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.9078, 35.9626, 95.0171



42.0464, 35.9626, 9.4182



19.7776, 35.9626, 43.3282

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.9078, 35.9626, 95.0171



68.4336, 85.4456, 39.2726

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.8998, 35.9626, 21.6950



44.9078, 35.9626, 95.0171



32.7931, 35.9626, 7.7679

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.9078, 35.9626, 95.0171



50.3107, 35.9626, 17.3177



25.3154, 35.9626, 11.0649



21.9303, 35.9626, 74.3170



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.9078, 35.9626, 95.0171



54.2644, 35.9626, 43.8662



25.3154, 35.9626, 11.0649



19.7882, 35.9626, 34.7978

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.9092, 35.9640, 95.0179



77.2627, 76.4627, 105.2943



54.3424, 64.0014, 99.9325



15.9502, 15.5967, 22.4198



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.9092, 35.9640, 95.0179



40.4785, 29.6595, 98.1992



58.9186, 43.1861, 95.6736



16.7600, 16.8889, 21.7618



10.7386, 4.4787, 48.2720



1.0953, 0.4667, 4.4755



# Inverse Universe

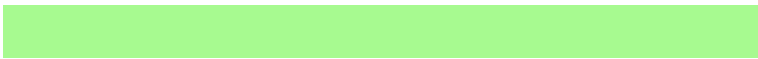
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.1846, 45.3861, 72.5009



61.0871, 40.9225, 70.3010



55.1500, 78.5976, 38.6509



17.7640, 17.4330, 20.6130



25.1810, 12.4881, 23.4595

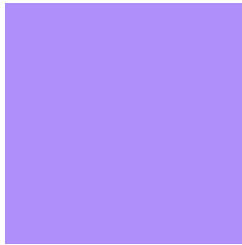


2.3784, 1.1751, 2.4160



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.9078, 35.9626, 95.0171 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

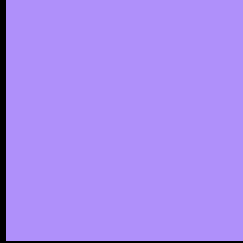
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.9078, 35.9626, 95.0171 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

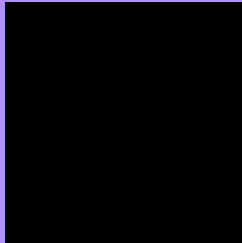
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 44.9078, 35.9626, 95.0171**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.9078, 35.9626, 95.0171.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.9078, 35.9626,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.9078, 35.9626, 95.0171

### Protanopia

38.9056, 36.3762, 99.5785

### Deuteranopia

37.1252, 36.1366, 92.2071



## Tritanopia

34.8821, 36.0193, 45.1583

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

44.9078, 35.9626, 95.0171

## Protanomaly

40.6129, 36.0427, 97.7449

## Deuteranomaly

39.3251, 35.7335, 92.8203

## Tritanomaly

37.8991, 35.7063, 60.7716

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

44.9078, 35.9626, 95.0171

## Achromatopsia

35.7637, 37.6262, 40.9749

## Achromatomaly

38.3830, 36.5345, 57.2534

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 44.9078, 35.9626, 95.0171 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 144, 250)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 144, 250)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 144, 250) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 144, 250) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 44.9078, 35.9626, 95.0171 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 144, 250) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 144, 250) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 144, 250)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 144, 250); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 144, 250);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 144,  
250) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 44.9078, 35.9626, 95.0171 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 144, 250) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
144, 250) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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