

# Converting Colors

XYZ(44.9600, 29.2481, 40.0124)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(44.9600, 29.2481, 40.0124)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(44.9074, 29.2532,  
39.8388)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E865A7
RGB	232, 101, 167
RGB Percent	91%, 40%, 65%
CMY	0.0902, 0.6039, 0.3451
CMYK	0.00, 0.56, 0.28, 0.09
HSL	330°, 74%, 65%
HSV	330°, 56%, 91%
XYZ	44.9074, 29.2532, 39.8388
YIQ	147.6930, 56.8900, 48.2980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

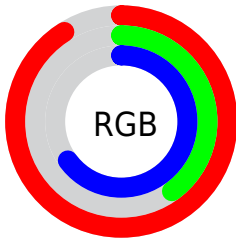
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	232, 101, 167
Decimal	15230375
CIE Lab	61.00, 57.51, -10.28
CIE LCh	61, 58.426, 349.865
Yxy	29.2532, 0.3939, 0.2566
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293420455 (0xFFE865A7)
YUV	147.6930, 9.5184, 73.9372
Hunter-Lab	54.0862, 53.5563, -5.8114

# Details

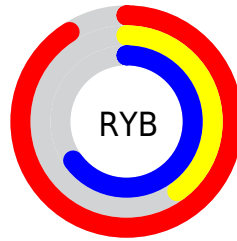
The XYZ color **44.9074, 29.2532, 39.8388** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **41.1079, 63.2338, 46.1184**, and the grayscale version is **27.9667, 29.4232, 32.0418**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66.4818, 50.6479, 75.3793**, and **21.1920, 11.8498, 17.3900** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.9470, 24.9603, 33.8329**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.5999, 34.8582, 46.5567**.

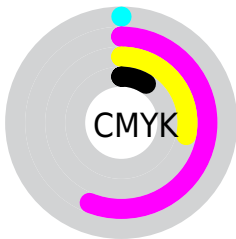
# Distribution



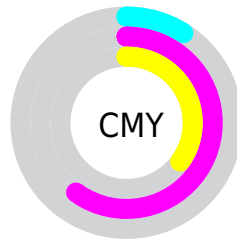
- Red (91%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (9%)




- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (35%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 44.9074, 29.2532, 39.8388 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 44.9074, 29.2532, 39.8388 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 44.9074, 29.2532,  
39.8388


 44.9074, 29.2532,  
39.8388

357.1884,  
298.4078, 360.9755

 31.5855, 19.2724,  
27.1001

 81.8194, 58.4791,  
76.1524


 21.1991, 11.8673,  
17.4153


 106.1401, 78.4931,  
100.5643

 13.3829, 6.6534,  
10.3659


 134.8578,  
102.6203, 129.7043

 7.7715, 3.2463,  
5.5335

 168.3378,  
131.2450, 163.9911

 3.9997, 1.2616,  
2.4994

206.9456,  
164.7517, 203.8430

 1.7020, 0.1112,  
0.8398

251.0463,

 0.4575, 0.0000,

203.5248, 249.6787

0.0000

301.0055,  
247.9487, 301.9167

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 44.9074, 29.2532,  
39.8388

■ 44.9074, 29.2532,  
39.8388

■ 41.9470, 24.9603,  
33.8329

■ 48.5999, 34.8582,  
46.5567

■ 39.6586, 21.8640,  
28.5061

■ 53.0729, 41.8690,  
54.0136

■ 37.9762, 19.8359,  
23.8240

■ 58.3735, 50.3759,  
62.2368

■ 36.8161, 18.7133,  
19.7456

■ 64.5441, 60.4603,  
71.2514

■ 36.4826, 18.4374,  
18.4286

■ 71.6243, 72.1977,  
81.0809

■ 79.6508, 85.6586,  
91.7480

■ 85.9176, 95.4274,  
102.3604

■ 87.0887, 95.8958,  
108.5274

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.6084, 29.2532, 67.3729



44.9074, 29.2532, 39.8388



44.0258, 29.2532, 19.5927

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



44.9074, 29.2532, 39.8388



23.1073, 29.2532, 6.4134



19.3731, 29.2532, 76.0307

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



44.9074, 29.2532, 39.8388



41.1079, 63.2338, 46.1184

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.1551, 29.2532, 48.3846



44.9074, 29.2532, 39.8388



18.0216, 29.2532, 11.7081

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



44.9074, 29.2532, 39.8388



30.4688, 29.2532, 5.7999



15.7103, 29.2532, 25.0106



25.2999, 29.2532, 93.7683



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



44.9074, 29.2532, 39.8388



40.6655, 29.2532, 11.7860



15.7103, 29.2532, 25.0106



17.9885, 29.2532, 67.1239

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



44.9083, 29.2547, 39.8393



79.4741, 74.0834, 87.5687



34.5960, 23.0617, 78.9719



16.6641, 15.2875, 18.2459



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



44.9083, 29.2547, 39.8393



51.3847, 30.0974, 40.6165



40.3909, 27.4477, 16.0513



14.6784, 14.4885, 16.5068



20.3174, 10.2612, 10.5664



1.5483, 0.7770, 1.0278



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.9083, 29.2547, 39.8393



51.3847, 30.0974, 40.6165



48.4815, 66.1833, 84.9475



14.6784, 14.4885, 16.5068



20.3174, 10.2612, 10.5664



1.5483, 0.7770, 1.0278



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.9074, 29.2532, 39.8388 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

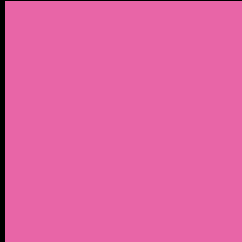
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 44.9074, 29.2532, 39.8388 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 44.9074, 29.2532, 39.8388**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.9074, 29.2532, 39.8388.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 44.9074, 29.2532,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

44.9074, 29.2532, 39.8388

### Protanopia

30.1448, 29.6215, 57.5548

### Deuteranopia

29.8779, 29.2509, 37.3290



## Tritanopia

41.0091, 29.1948, 20.9265

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

44.9074, 29.2532, 39.8388



## Protanomaly

33.3145, 27.9881, 50.6601



## Deuteranomaly

34.0972, 28.2730, 38.3105



## Tritanomaly

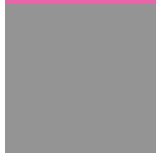
42.0147, 28.9510, 26.6662

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

44.9074, 29.2532, 39.8388



## Achromatopsia

28.1479, 29.6138, 32.2495



## Achromatomaly

32.6231, 28.1829, 34.7308

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 44.9074, 29.2532, 39.8388 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(232, 101, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 101, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 101, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 101, 167) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 44.9074, 29.2532, 39.8388 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 101, 167) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 101, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 101, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 101, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 101, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 101,  
167) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 44.9074, 29.2532, 39.8388 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 101, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
101, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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