

# Converting Colors

XYZ(45.0586, 56.0087, 90.0973)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(45.0586, 56.0087, 90.0973)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(45.0586, 56.0087,  
90.0973)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6CD3EF
RGB	108, 211, 239
RGB Percent	42%, 83%, 94%
CMY	0.5764, 0.1725, 0.0627
CMYK	0.55, 0.12, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	193°, 80%, 68%
HSV	193°, 55%, 94%
XYZ	45.0586, 56.0087, 90.0973
YIQ	183.3950, -70.3760, -13.1280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

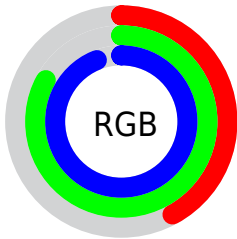
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	108, 166, 239
Decimal	7132143
CIE Lab	79.62, -22.28, -22.90
CIE LCh	80, 31.956, 225.788
Yxy	56.0087, 0.2357, 0.2930
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285322223 (0xFF6CD3EF)
YUV	183.3950, 27.4133, -66.1214
Hunter-Lab	74.8390, -23.4980, -18.9909

# Details

The XYZ color **45.0586, 56.0087, 90.0973** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **47.1089, 37.0433, 18.8563**, and the grayscale version is **45.1101, 47.4593, 51.6832**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69.9584, 87.0648, 107.7257**, and **21.2350, 27.6079, 49.0094** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.2919, 52.2139, 89.5644**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.6657, 60.2990, 90.6836**.

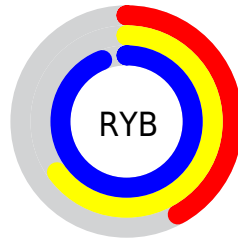
# Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (83%)

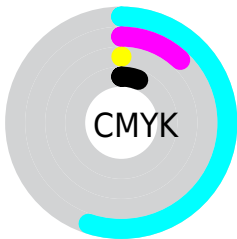
Blue (94%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (94%)

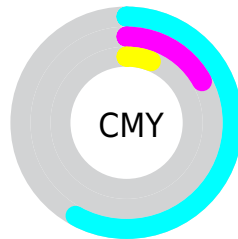


Cyan (55%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (6%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 45.0586, 56.0087, 90.0973 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 45.0586, 56.0087, 90.0973 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



45.0586, 56.0087,  
90.0973

45.0586, 56.0087,  
90.0973

357.7905,  
409.7243, 548.9256

31.7051, 40.2099,  
67.4872

82.0449, 99.0173,  
149.4102

21.2908, 27.7022,  
49.0166

106.4083,  
126.9959, 186.9501

13.4504, 18.1013,  
34.2669

135.1724,  
159.8032, 230.3037

7.8185, 11.0228,  
22.8197

168.7026,  
197.8236, 279.8895

4.0299, 6.0821,  
14.2564

207.3641,  
241.4415, 336.1260

1.7191, 2.8951,  
8.1584

251.5224,

0.4682, 1.0772,

291.0414, 399.4319

4.1073

301.5427,  
347.0075, 470.2255

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.6844

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.3500

■ 45.0586, 56.0087,  
90.0973

■ 45.0586, 56.0087,  
90.0973

■ 41.2919, 52.2139,  
89.5644

■ 49.6657, 60.2990,  
90.6836

■ 38.2931, 48.8731,  
89.0776

■ 55.1676, 65.1098,  
91.3222

■ 35.9860, 45.9477,  
88.6345

■ 61.6200, 70.4715,  
92.0171

■ 34.2748, 43.3877,  
88.2306

■ 69.0726, 76.4103,  
92.7706

■ 33.5461, 42.1638,  
88.0328

■ 77.5714, 82.9505,  
93.5850

■ 87.1596, 90.1148,  
94.4625

■ 90.0079, 93.8676,  
95.0367

■ 91.5896, 97.0309,  
95.5640

■ 92.5802, 99.0121,  
95.8942

# Harmonies

## Analogous

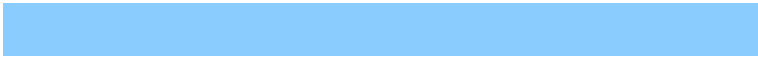
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42.1862, 56.0087, 71.1505



45.0586, 56.0087, 90.0973



50.2522, 56.0087, 102.2251

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.0586, 56.0087, 90.0973



66.1629, 56.0087, 70.1110



49.9361, 56.0087, 32.8287

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.0586, 56.0087, 90.0973



47.1089, 37.0433, 18.8563

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.3328, 56.0087, 32.6618



45.0586, 56.0087, 90.0973



66.0610, 56.0087, 51.8351

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.0586, 56.0087, 90.0973



62.6123, 56.0087, 89.2051



62.3442, 56.0087, 38.9336



44.8433, 56.0087, 39.4474



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.0586, 56.0087, 90.0973



54.4932, 56.0087, 103.5068



62.3442, 56.0087, 38.9336



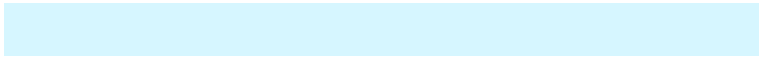
51.9955, 56.0087, 32.0690

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.0604, 56.0108, 90.0986



78.8809, 87.6281, 107.3642



41.3694, 66.6493, 33.3136



16.4877, 18.4436, 22.9409



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.0604, 56.0108, 90.0986



47.2915, 59.9098, 103.6790



32.2465, 30.3830, 85.8273



15.9439, 17.3220, 20.2248



18.6375, 23.4993, 48.6814



1.6210, 2.0960, 4.0734



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.7186, 33.7807, 65.3720



57.4139, 33.1439, 70.4090



58.8897, 60.6048, 22.7832



16.3011, 15.9702, 19.1421



24.7330, 12.1656, 27.5741



2.0932, 1.0263, 2.4815



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.0586, 56.0087, 90.0973 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

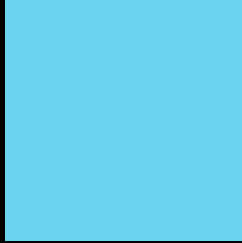
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.0586, 56.0087, 90.0973 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

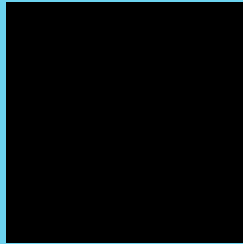
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 45.0586, 56.0087, 90.0973**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.0586, 56.0087, 90.0973.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.0586, 56.0087,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

45.0586, 56.0087, 90.0973

### Protanopia

54.5306, 55.1322, 81.1663

### Deuteranopia

56.5132, 55.2467, 92.4791



## Tritanopia

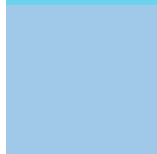
43.7861, 56.2447, 83.4115

# Trichromacy



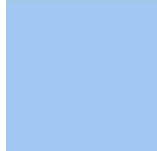
## Original Color

45.0586, 56.0087, 90.0973



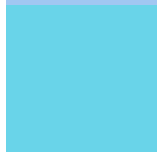
## Protanomaly

49.7170, 54.6083, 84.2640



## Deuteranomaly

51.1484, 54.8347, 91.8928



## Tritanomaly

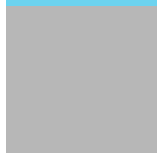
44.0772, 55.9734, 85.5716

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

45.0586, 56.0087, 90.0973



## Achromatopsia

45.0092, 47.3531, 51.5676



## Achromatomaly

43.5598, 49.5196, 63.7623

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 45.0586, 56.0087, 90.0973 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 211, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 211, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 211, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 211, 239) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 45.0586, 56.0087, 90.0973 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

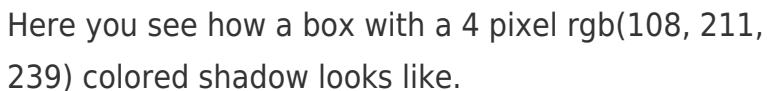
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 211, 239) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 211, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 211, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 211, 239); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 211, 239); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 211, 239) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 45.0586, 56.0087, 90.0973 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 211, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
211, 239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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