

# Converting Colors

XYZ(45.1123, 37.5739, 50.9604)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(45.1123, 37.5739, 50.9604)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(45.0483, 37.4704, 50.7572)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(45.0483, 37.4704,  
50.7572)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D092B9
RGB	208, 146, 185
RGB Percent	82%, 57%, 73%
CMY	0.1843, 0.4274, 0.2745
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.11, 0.18
HSL	322°, 40%, 69%
HSV	322°, 30%, 82%
XYZ	45.0483, 37.4704, 50.7572
YIQ	168.9840, 24.4330, 25.2730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

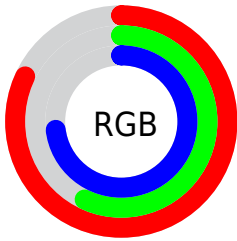
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	208, 146, 185
Decimal	13669049
CIE Lab	67.63, 29.37, -10.89
CIE LCh	68, 31.323, 339.659
Yxy	37.4704, 0.3380, 0.2811
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291859129 (0xFFD092B9)
YUV	168.9840, 7.8959, 34.2170
Hunter-Lab	61.2131, 24.2399, -6.3135

# Details

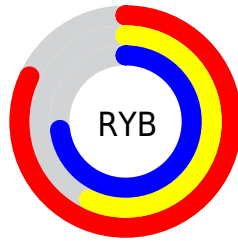
The XYZ color **45.0483, 37.4704, 50.7572** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **41.5729, 54.0885, 45.7875**, and the grayscale version is **37.6588, 39.6200, 43.1462**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.0038, 69.3842, 92.5003**, and **21.3939, 16.6227, 23.9107** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.3365, 31.3148, 45.6094**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.3899, 44.8137, 56.3339**.

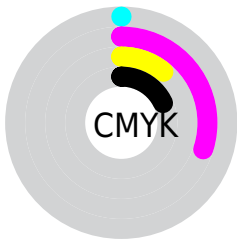
# Distribution



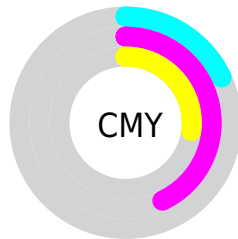
- Red (82%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 45.0483, 37.4704, 50.7572 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 45.0483, 37.4704, 50.7572 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 45.0483, 37.4704,  
50.7572


 45.0483, 37.4704,  
50.7572


357.7495,  
335.3426, 406.4393

 31.6969, 25.5719,  
35.6400


 82.0295, 71.2957,  
92.7036

 21.2845, 16.5037,  
23.8688


 106.3900, 93.9912,  
120.3699

 13.4458, 9.8813,  
15.0250


135.1510,  
121.0546, 153.0563

 7.8153, 5.3203,  
8.6901


168.6777,  
152.8702, 191.1814

 4.0278, 2.4364,  
4.4456

207.3356,  
189.8224, 235.1637

 1.7179, 0.8445,  
1.8728

251.4899,

 0.4674, 0.0000,

232.2956, 285.4218

0.4754

301.5061,  
280.6742, 342.3741

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 45.0483, 37.4704,  
50.7572

■ 45.0483, 37.4704,  
50.7572

■ 41.3365, 31.3148,  
45.6094

■ 49.3899, 44.8137,  
56.3339

■ 38.2187, 26.2783,  
40.8740

■ 54.3878, 53.3984,  
62.3505

■ 35.6608, 22.2928,  
36.5365

■ 60.0712, 63.2811,  
68.8203

■ 33.6234, 19.2810,  
32.5800

■ 66.4664, 74.5133,  
75.7554

■ 32.0617, 17.1546,  
28.9862

■ 73.5982, 87.1438,  
83.1672

■ 30.9231, 15.8093,  
25.7334

■ 76.2391, 90.7166,  
89.3162

■ 30.1128, 15.0571,  
22.7864

■ 77.3553, 91.1631,  
95.1941

■ 30.0983, 15.0443,  
22.7315

■ 78.5202, 91.6291,  
101.3285

■ 79.7344, 92.1147,  
107.7224

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



41.8745, 37.4704, 64.8833



45.0483, 37.4704, 50.7572



45.5736, 37.4704, 36.4984

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.0483, 37.4704, 50.7572



34.0794, 37.4704, 19.7993



28.9344, 37.4704, 60.2301

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.0483, 37.4704, 50.7572



41.5729, 54.0885, 45.7875

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27.2235, 37.4704, 45.4246



45.0483, 37.4704, 50.7572



30.0117, 37.4704, 23.5614

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.0483, 37.4704, 50.7572



38.9403, 37.4704, 20.6012



27.5992, 37.4704, 32.2365



32.4837, 37.4704, 71.1532



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.0483, 37.4704, 50.7572



44.3069, 37.4704, 29.0053



27.5992, 37.4704, 32.2365



28.1405, 37.4704, 55.4212

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.0494, 37.4721, 50.7580



86.8199, 85.6851, 99.5432



37.9707, 33.5193, 64.1438



18.3166, 17.8796, 20.9946



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.0494, 37.4721, 50.7580



67.4163, 52.7429, 74.9940



42.1477, 36.3114, 35.4776



12.1170, 11.9315, 13.8920



18.8068, 9.3955, 14.4204



1.0892, 0.5404, 1.0046



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.0494, 37.4721, 50.7580



67.4163, 52.7429, 74.9940



44.8054, 55.3815, 62.8095



12.1170, 11.9315, 13.8920



18.8068, 9.3955, 14.4204

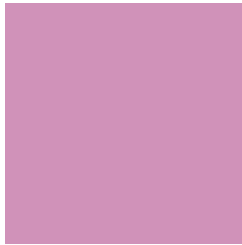


1.0892, 0.5404, 1.0046



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.0483, 37.4704, 50.7572 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

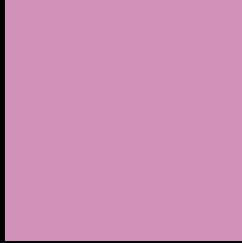
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.0483, 37.4704, 50.7572 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

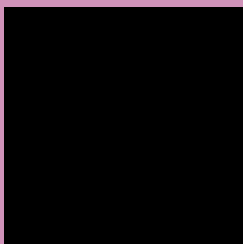
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 45.0483, 37.4704, 50.7572**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.0483, 37.4704, 50.7572.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.0483, 37.4704,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

45.0483, 37.4704, 50.7572

### Protanopia

37.4541, 37.8512, 58.1553

### Deuteranopia

38.4219, 37.7514, 49.5177



## Tritanopia

42.6048, 37.4005, 39.1559

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

45.0483, 37.4704, 50.7572

## Protanomaly

39.5871, 37.1943, 55.5448

## Deuteranomaly

40.6854, 37.6349, 49.9197

## Tritanomaly

43.4567, 37.5190, 42.9817

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

45.0483, 37.4704, 50.7572

## Achromatopsia

37.7116, 39.6755, 43.2066

## Achromatomaly

40.0112, 38.6522, 45.9092

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 45.0483, 37.4704, 50.7572 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 146, 185)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 146, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 146, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 146, 185) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 45.0483, 37.4704, 50.7572 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 146, 185) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 146, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 146, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 146, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 146, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 146,  
185) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 45.0483, 37.4704, 50.7572 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 146, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
146, 185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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