

# Converting Colors

XYZ(45.2518, 50.9384, 49.4131)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(45.2518, 50.9384, 49.4131)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(45.4591, 51.1450, 49.5955)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(45.4591, 51.1450,  
49.5955)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B1C2B2
RGB	177, 194, 178
RGB Percent	69%, 76%, 70%
CMY	0.3059, 0.2392, 0.3020
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.08, 0.24
HSL	124°, 12%, 73%
HSV	124°, 9%, 76%
XYZ	45.4591, 51.1450, 49.5955
YIQ	187.0930, -4.9960, -8.5800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

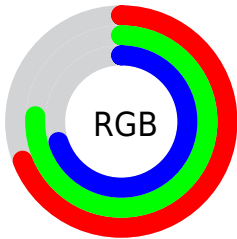
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	177, 193, 194
Decimal	11649714
CIELab	76.77, -8.84, 6.06
CIELCh	77, 10.716, 145.564
Yxy	51.1450, 0.3109, 0.3498
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289839794 (0xFFB1C2B2)
YUV	187.0930, -4.4828, -8.8516
Hunter-Lab	71.5157, -11.6887, 8.9439

# Details

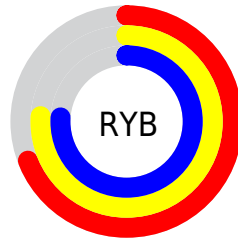
The XYZ color **45.4591, 51.1450, 49.5955** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **47.5977, 46.7651, 56.9724**, and the grayscale version is **47.3142, 49.7782, 54.2085**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.6412, 91.6354, 91.1736**, and **21.3919, 24.5219, 23.0078** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.6375, 48.3433, 40.3817**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.1558, 54.3726, 60.1262**.

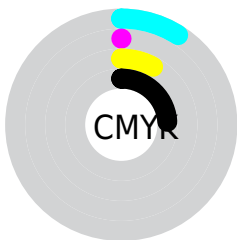
# Distribution



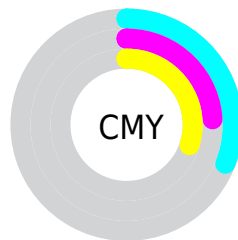
- Red (69%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 45.4591, 51.1450, 49.5955 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 45.4591, 51.1450, 49.5955 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 45.4591, 51.1450,  
49.5955

■ 45.4591, 51.1450,  
49.5955

359.3823,  
391.1269, 401.7716

■ 32.0220, 36.3240,  
34.7232

■ 82.6417, 91.8691,  
90.9654

■ 21.5339, 24.6845,  
23.1679

107.1180,  
118.5410, 118.3000

■ 13.6295, 15.8422,  
14.5110

136.0047,  
149.9319, 150.6258

■ 7.9434, 9.4125,  
8.3342

169.6672,  
186.4264, 188.3614

■ 4.1103, 5.0112,  
4.2187

208.4709,  
228.4087, 231.9252

■ 1.7647, 2.2539,  
1.7461

252.7810,

■ 0.4963, 0.7491,

276.2633, 281.7358

0.3920

302.9630,  
330.3746, 338.2118

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 45.4591, 51.1450,  
49.5955

■ 45.4591, 51.1450,  
49.5955

■ 39.6375, 48.3433,  
40.3817

■ 52.1558, 54.3726,  
60.1262

■ 34.6509, 45.9434,  
32.4299

■ 59.7573, 58.0360,  
72.0193

■ 30.4623, 43.9290,  
25.6862

■ 68.2970, 62.1527,  
85.3222

■ 27.0301, 42.2799,  
20.0914

■ 77.8054, 66.7377,  
100.0789

■ 24.3093, 40.9743,  
15.5816

■ 78.5828, 67.0655,  
103.4109

■ 22.2497, 39.9878,  
12.0864

■ 20.7949, 39.2929,  
9.5272

■ 19.8789, 38.8577,  
7.8140

■ 19.3998, 38.6318,  
6.8380

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.9447, 51.1450, 46.1889



45.4591, 51.1450, 49.5955



44.8184, 51.1450, 54.8270

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.4591, 51.1450, 49.5955



48.3101, 51.1450, 67.6098



52.2234, 51.1450, 50.9964

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.4591, 51.1450, 49.5955



47.5977, 46.7651, 56.9724

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.6134, 51.1450, 56.5584



45.4591, 51.1450, 49.5955



50.3179, 51.1450, 66.4081

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.4591, 51.1450, 49.5955



46.4350, 51.1450, 65.4393



51.9070, 51.1450, 62.2605



50.8555, 51.1450, 46.9573



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.4591, 51.1450, 49.5955



44.9432, 51.1450, 58.7458



51.9070, 51.1450, 62.2605



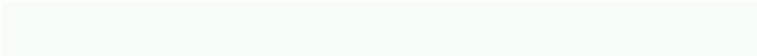
52.4748, 51.1450, 52.7386

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.4605, 51.1472, 49.5966



89.0957, 95.9063, 100.4601



49.2604, 53.1176, 49.2520



19.2933, 20.8976, 21.6574



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

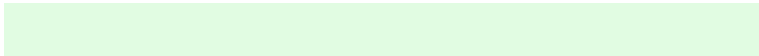


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.4605, 51.1472, 49.5966



79.6743, 91.3683, 85.6143



46.3250, 51.4930, 54.1489



9.9679, 11.2682, 10.8344



12.7356, 25.3883, 4.5006



0.5587, 1.1003, 0.2389



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.5977, 46.7651, 56.9724



84.5306, 81.4109, 102.3736



46.6919, 46.4028, 52.2026



10.4709, 10.2370, 12.5702



20.2296, 9.7816, 30.1847



0.8820, 0.4258, 1.3459



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.4591, 51.1450, 49.5955 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

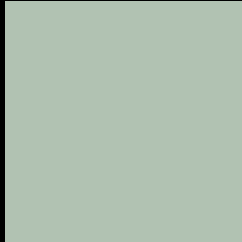
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.4591, 51.1450, 49.5955 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

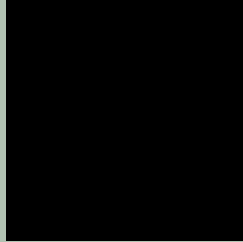
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 45.4591, 51.1450, 49.5955

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.4591, 51.1450, 49.5955.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.4591, 51.1450,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

45.4591, 51.1450, 49.5955

### Protanopia

48.7004, 51.2261, 47.8783

### Deuteranopia

52.0357, 51.0111, 50.2836



## Tritanopia

48.4890, 51.0584, 65.0572

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

45.4591, 51.1450, 49.5955

## Protanomaly

47.4535, 51.2150, 48.4587

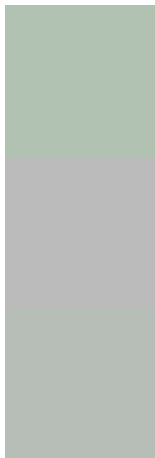
## Deuteranomaly

49.4602, 50.9374, 49.8729

## Tritanomaly

47.3035, 50.9050, 58.9623

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

45.4591, 51.1450, 49.5955

## Achromatopsia

47.2335, 49.6933, 54.1160

## Achromatomaly

46.5936, 50.3549, 52.6111

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 45.4591, 51.1450, 49.5955 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(177, 194, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 194, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 194, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 194, 178) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 45.4591, 51.1450, 49.5955 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 194, 178) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 194, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(177, 194, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 194, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 194, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 194,  
178) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 45.4591, 51.1450, 49.5955 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 194, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
194, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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