

# Converting Colors

XYZ(45.3193, 69.3220, 11.4688)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(45.3193, 69.3220, 11.4688)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(45.2581, 69.1413, 11.4505)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(45.2581, 69.1413,  
11.4505)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9FEF10
RGB	159, 239, 16
RGB Percent	62%, 94%, 6%
CMY	0.3765, 0.0627, 0.9372
CMYK	0.33, 0.00, 0.93, 0.06
HSL	82°, 87%, 50%
HSV	82°, 93%, 94%
XYZ	45.2581, 69.1413, 11.4505
YIQ	189.6580, 23.9030, -86.3130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

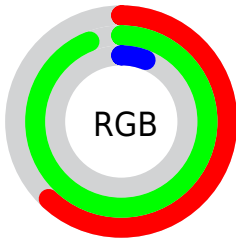
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	16, 239, 96
Decimal	10481424
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	86.57, -51.69, 82.45
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	87, 97.311, 122.084
Yxy	69.1413, 0.3596, 0.5494
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288671504 (0xFF9FEF10)
YUV	189.6580, -85.6134, -26.8871
Hunter-Lab	83.1512, -48.3595, 50.0412

# Details

The XYZ color **45.2581, 69.1413, 11.4505** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF33**. The color can be described as middle washed chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **20.5936, 9.0922, 82.3348**, and the grayscale version is **49.2172, 51.7804, 56.3888**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67.0390, 87.4063, 24.1642**, and **21.8735, 36.1085, 5.8168** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.0520, 68.5326, 10.9063**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **47.3079, 70.1669, 13.0511**.

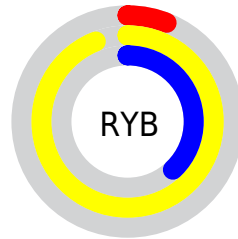
# Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (94%)

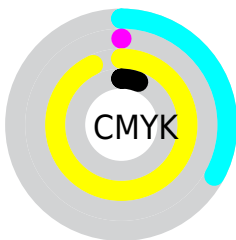
Blue (6%)



Red (6%)

Yellow (94%)

Blue (38%)

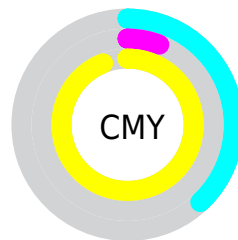


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (93%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (6%)


Yellow (94%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 45.2581, 69.1413, 11.4505 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 45.2581, 69.1413, 11.4505 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 45.2581, 69.1413,  
11.4505


 45.2581, 69.1413,  
11.4505


358.5840,  
457.5292, 211.5799

 31.8629, 50.8268,  
6.2527


 82.3423, 117.9834,  
29.1395

 21.4119, 36.0708,  
2.9281


 106.7620,  
149.2797, 42.4679


 13.5396, 24.4889,  
1.0580

 135.5872,  
185.6722, 59.3435

 7.8807, 15.6967,  
0.0000

 169.1833,  
227.5450, 80.1850

 4.0699, 9.3098,  
0.0000

 207.9157,  
275.2828, 105.4108

 1.7417, 4.9438,  
0.0000

 252.1497,

 0.4822, 2.2143,

329.2698, 135.4396

0.0000

302.2507,  
389.8905, 170.6897

■ 0.0000, 0.7278,  
0.0000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 45.2581, 69.1413,  
11.4505

■ 45.2581, 69.1413,  
11.4505

■ 44.0520, 68.5326,  
10.9063

■ 47.3079, 70.1669,  
13.0511

■ 49.7271, 71.3519,  
15.9761

■ 52.5598, 72.7163,  
20.4389

■ 55.8413, 74.2747,  
26.6142

■ 59.6024, 76.0396,  
34.6530

■ 63.8708, 78.0223,  
44.6899

■ 68.6716, 80.2331,  
56.8470

■ 74.0281, 82.6815,  
71.2365

■ 79.9620, 85.3765,  
87.9629

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.1515, 69.1413, 6.8658



45.2581, 69.1413, 11.4505



34.3477, 69.1413, 30.8029

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.2581, 69.1413, 11.4505



47.4230, 69.1413, 247.1379



119.3172, 69.1413, 70.8542

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.2581, 69.1413, 11.4505



20.5936, 9.0922, 82.3348

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



111.9999, 69.1413, 149.7397



45.2581, 69.1413, 11.4505



67.3072, 69.1413, 280.2782

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.2581, 69.1413, 11.4505



35.3817, 69.1413, 162.4625



91.5643, 69.1413, 237.2906



109.7637, 69.1413, 26.6875



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.2581, 69.1413, 11.4505



31.4266, 69.1413, 59.4322



91.5643, 69.1413, 237.2906



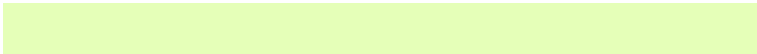
118.7454, 69.1413, 93.7281

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.2597, 69.1443, 11.4520



76.8048, 91.6848, 58.7768



39.7009, 26.4067, 3.4958



15.9354, 19.3919, 11.3215



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.2597, 69.1443, 11.4520



50.9679, 79.3600, 12.6317



32.2513, 62.4382, 10.8432



16.5408, 18.1589, 16.7830



24.4913, 37.9473, 6.0337



2.1456, 3.2126, 0.5070



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.5936, 9.0922, 82.3348



22.4133, 9.4694, 95.2542



41.0975, 19.6623, 83.2944



15.4325, 15.5047, 19.9009



10.8483, 4.5979, 45.4436

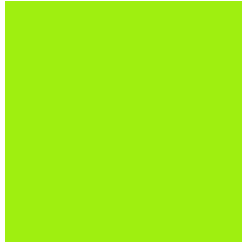


1.0074, 0.4366, 3.7854



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.2581, 69.1413, 11.4505 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

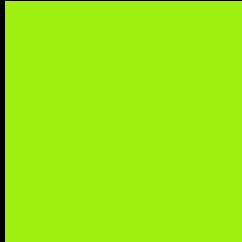
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.2581, 69.1413, 11.4505 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 45.2581, 69.1413, 11.4505

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.2581, 69.1413, 11.4505.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.2581, 69.1413,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

45.2581, 69.1413, 11.4505

### Protanopia

61.5180, 68.1664, 9.9151

### Deuteranopia

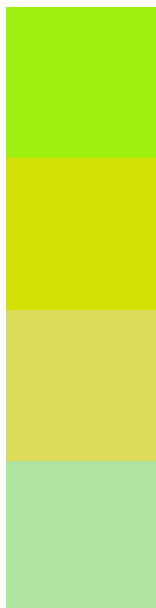
68.0295, 68.0652, 31.7427



## **Tritanopia**

61.3779, 68.6011, 92.4445

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

45.2581, 69.1413, 11.4505

## Protanomaly

53.8399, 67.3215, 10.3290

## Deuteranomaly

56.6922, 66.6169, 19.5432

## Tritanomaly

51.4570, 66.9887, 43.0189

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

45.2581, 69.1413, 11.4505

## Achromatopsia

48.9429, 51.4918, 56.0745

## Achromatomaly

44.9770, 56.2278, 28.5612

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 45.2581, 69.1413, 11.4505 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 239, 16)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 239, 16)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 239, 16) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 239, 16) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 45.2581, 69.1413, 11.4505 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 239, 16) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 239, 16) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 239, 16) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 239, 16); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 239, 16);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 239,  
16) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 45.2581, 69.1413, 11.4505 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 239, 16) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
239, 16) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor