

# Converting Colors

XYZ(45.3234, 39.3034, 45.3837)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(45.3234, 39.3034, 45.3837)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(45.3257, 39.3938,  
45.2592)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D199AE
RGB	209, 153, 174
RGB Percent	82%, 60%, 68%
CMY	0.1804, 0.4000, 0.3176
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.17, 0.18
HSL	338°, 38%, 71%
HSV	338°, 27%, 82%
XYZ	45.3257, 39.3938, 45.2592
YIQ	172.1380, 26.6350, 18.4030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

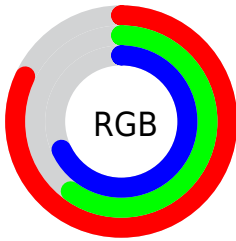
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	209, 153, 174
Decimal	13736366
CIE Lab	69.04, 24.10, -2.65
CIE LCh	69, 24.248, 353.731
Yxy	39.3938, 0.3487, 0.3031
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291926446 (0xFFD199AE)
YUV	172.1380, 0.9180, 32.3280
Hunter-Lab	62.7645, 19.0669, 1.1814

# Details

The XYZ color **45.3257, 39.3938, 45.2592** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **45.0161, 56.0051, 56.0172**, and the grayscale version is **39.2696, 41.3146, 44.9916**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.9387, 72.0289, 83.9239**, and **21.4930, 17.5825, 20.6733** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **40.9877, 32.6575, 37.8325**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.3890, 47.3815, 53.5396**.

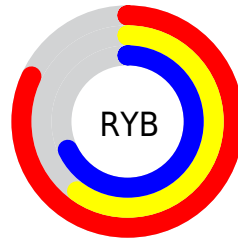
# Distribution



Red (82%)

Green (60%)

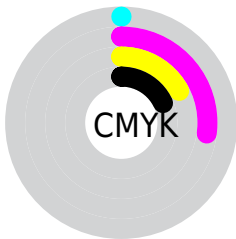
Blue (68%)



Red (82%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (68%)

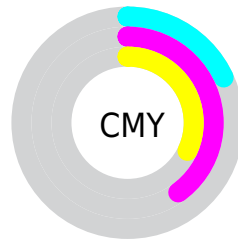


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (18%)

Magenta (40%)


Yellow (32%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 45.3257, 39.3938, 45.2592 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 45.3257, 39.3938, 45.2592 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 45.3257, 39.3938,  
45.2592


 45.3257, 39.3938,  
45.2592


358.8526,  
343.5619, 384.0130

 31.9164, 27.0662,  
31.3172

 82.4430, 74.2395,  
84.4318

 21.4529, 17.6230,  
20.5800


 106.8817, 97.5265,  
110.4995

 13.5698, 10.6796,  
12.6291


135.7277,  
125.2353, 141.4461

 7.9018, 5.8518,  
7.0459

169.3461,  
157.7504, 177.6903

 4.0834, 2.7552,  
3.4120

208.1025,  
195.4563, 219.6506

 1.7494, 1.0053,  
1.3086

252.3621,

 0.4869, 0.0000,

238.7372, 267.7454

0.0689

302.4904,  
287.9776, 322.3934

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 45.3257, 39.3938,  
45.2592

■ 45.3257, 39.3938,  
45.2592

■ 40.9877, 32.6575,  
37.8325

■ 50.3890, 47.3815,  
53.5396

■ 37.3368, 27.1032,  
31.2283

■ 56.2065, 56.6745,  
62.6989

■ 34.3364, 22.6632,  
25.4165

■ 62.8097, 67.3301,  
72.7638

■ 31.9450, 19.2605,  
20.3642

■ 70.2272, 79.4005,  
83.7595

■ 30.1157, 16.8082,  
16.0359

■ 77.6817, 91.3262,  
95.4416

■ 28.7945, 15.2048,  
12.3920

■ 79.6859, 92.1279,  
105.9956

■ 27.9117, 14.3186,  
9.3868

■ 80.1047, 92.2954,  
108.2006

■ 27.6830, 14.1107,  
8.5413

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



43.7592, 39.3938, 56.7551



45.3257, 39.3938, 45.2592



44.6657, 39.3938, 34.8856

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.3257, 39.3938, 45.2592



34.5309, 39.3938, 26.2114



33.2164, 39.3938, 62.4416

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.3257, 39.3938, 45.2592



45.0161, 56.0051, 56.0172

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.0435, 39.3938, 52.0408



45.3257, 39.3938, 45.2592



31.7652, 39.3938, 31.4948

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.3257, 39.3938, 45.2592



38.2599, 39.3938, 25.0255



30.5310, 39.3938, 40.6110



36.6371, 39.3938, 67.7165



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.3257, 39.3938, 45.2592



43.0730, 39.3938, 29.7992



30.5310, 39.3938, 40.6110



32.3256, 39.3938, 59.3511

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.3268, 39.3956, 45.2600



86.8984, 86.8736, 96.3889



43.5256, 38.0201, 65.3665



18.2911, 18.0997, 20.1499



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.3268, 39.3956, 45.2600



67.1590, 55.6602, 64.3282



44.5357, 40.8372, 35.6743



11.9895, 11.8805, 13.2203



17.1125, 8.7179, 5.4988



0.9949, 0.5027, 0.5077



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.3268, 39.3956, 45.2600



67.1590, 55.6602, 64.3282



45.8770, 53.8372, 68.2956



11.9895, 11.8805, 13.2203



17.1125, 8.7179, 5.4988



0.9949, 0.5027, 0.5077



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.3257, 39.3938, 45.2592 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

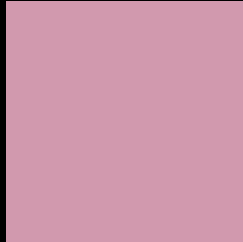
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.3257, 39.3938, 45.2592 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 45.3257, 39.3938, 45.2592**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.3257, 39.3938, 45.2592.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.3257, 39.3938,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

45.3257, 39.3938, 45.2592

### Protanopia

38.6983, 39.7490, 50.4324

### Deuteranopia

40.4890, 39.7198, 44.5624



## Tritanopia

44.4510, 39.2743, 41.3143

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

45.3257, 39.3938, 45.2592

## Protanomaly

40.8639, 39.5570, 48.6615

## Deuteranomaly

42.1060, 39.4962, 44.9395

## Tritanomaly

44.7295, 39.3857, 42.7808

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

45.3257, 39.3938, 45.2592

## Achromatopsia

39.2122, 41.2543, 44.9259

## Achromatomaly

41.0055, 40.2417, 45.1414

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 45.3257, 39.3938, 45.2592 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 153, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 153, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 153, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 153, 174) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 45.3257, 39.3938, 45.2592 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 153, 174) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 153, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 153, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 153, 174); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 153, 174); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 153, 174) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 45.3257, 39.3938, 45.2592 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 153, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
153, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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