

# Converting Colors

XYZ(45.3639, 22.4697, 68.0370)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(45.3639, 22.4697, 68.0370)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(45.3374, 22.4588,  
68.2751)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E51ADA
RGB	229, 26, 218
RGB Percent	90%, 10%, 85%
CMY	0.1020, 0.8980, 0.1451
CMYK	0.00, 0.89, 0.05, 0.10
HSL	303°, 80%, 50%
HSV	303°, 89%, 90%
XYZ	45.3374, 22.4588, 68.2751
YIQ	108.5850, 59.3560, 102.7480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

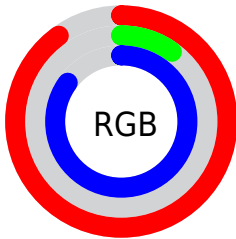
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	229, 26, 218
Decimal	15014618
CIE Lab	54.51, 86.75, -49.61
CIE LCh	55, 99.932, 330.232
Yxy	22.4588, 0.3332, 0.1651
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293204698 (0xFFE51ADA)
YUV	108.5850, 53.9416, 105.6040
Hunter-Lab	47.3907, 87.8323, -52.2447

# Details

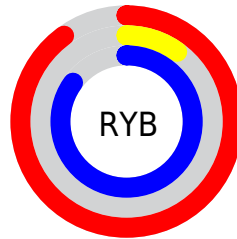
The XYZ color **45.3374, 22.4588, 68.2751** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC00CC**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **28.7804, 56.3929, 11.1200**, and the grayscale version is **14.2627, 15.0055, 16.3410**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.3416, 38.5832, 98.6639**, and **22.8838, 11.0437, 35.1079** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.8405, 21.7232, 67.3112**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **46.2265, 23.9754, 69.3760**.

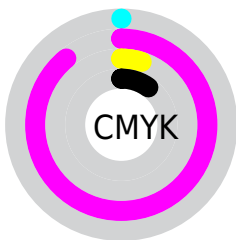
# Distribution



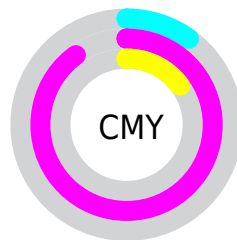
- Red (90%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (10%)




- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (15%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 45.3374, 22.4588, 68.2751 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 45.3374, 22.4588, 68.2751 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 45.3374, 22.4588,  
68.2751


 45.3374, 22.4588,  
68.2751

358.8991,  
264.9330, 473.0946


 31.9257, 14.1944,  
49.6535


 82.4604, 47.5031,  
118.4035


 21.4600, 8.2560,  
34.7689


 106.9025, 65.0519,  
150.7474


 13.5750, 4.2592,  
23.2028


 135.7520, 86.4642,  
188.5025

 7.9054, 1.8196,  
14.5366

 169.3743,  
112.1244, 232.0873

 4.0858, 0.4993,  
8.3518

 208.1348,  
142.4170, 281.9204

 1.7508, 0.0000,  
4.2299

252.3989,

 0.4877, 0.0000,

177.7264, 338.4203

1.7523

302.5319,  
218.4369, 402.0055

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.3962

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 45.3374, 22.4588,  
68.2751

■ 45.3374, 22.4588,  
68.2751

■ 44.8405, 21.7232,  
67.3112

■ 46.2265, 23.9754,  
69.3760

■ 44.7846, 21.6467,  
67.1843

■ 47.6016, 26.4627,  
70.6447

■ 49.5284, 30.0515,  
72.1033

■ 52.0619, 34.8517,  
73.7703

■ 55.2504, 40.9599,  
75.6616

■ 59.1372, 48.4630,  
77.7917

■ 63.7622, 57.4403,  
80.1740

■ 69.1620, 67.9652,  
82.8207

■ 75.3709, 80.1064,  
85.7431

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



33.8005, 22.4588, 122.3193



45.3374, 22.4588, 68.2751



50.0847, 22.4588, 24.2102

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.3374, 22.4588, 68.2751



21.2612, 22.4588, 0.0000



7.8327, 22.4588, 69.1179

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.3374, 22.4588, 68.2751



28.7804, 56.3929, 11.1200

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.4547, 22.4588, 24.6990



45.3374, 22.4588, 68.2751



12.4028, 22.4588, 0.5344

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.3374, 22.4588, 68.2751



33.6001, 22.4588, 0.5061



7.7890, 22.4588, 5.0706



12.5060, 22.4588, 123.0355



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.3374, 22.4588, 68.2751



47.8258, 22.4588, 8.9658



7.7890, 22.4588, 5.0706



7.0578, 22.4588, 51.7986

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.3383, 22.4599, 68.2755



76.2855, 63.4230, 99.7101



15.2463, 6.7750, 74.6338



15.9312, 12.8065, 21.1311



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.3383, 22.4599, 68.2755



57.1441, 27.6216, 85.6797



35.9155, 18.6908, 18.6560



14.9596, 14.6010, 17.9877



25.6201, 12.3823, 38.4902



1.9036, 0.9192, 2.8990



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.3383, 22.4599, 68.2755



57.1441, 27.6216, 85.6797



33.0090, 58.0843, 33.3874



14.9596, 14.6010, 17.9877



25.6201, 12.3823, 38.4902



1.9036, 0.9192, 2.8990



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.3374, 22.4588, 68.2751 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

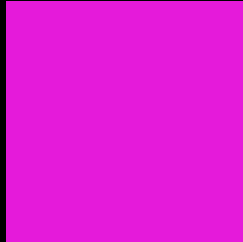
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.3374, 22.4588, 68.2751 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

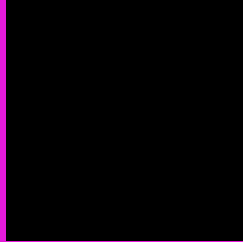
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 45.3374, 22.4588, 68.2751**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.3374, 22.4588, 68.2751.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.3374, 22.4588,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

45.3374, 22.4588, 68.2751

### Protanopia

27.0555, 23.1288, 97.6461

### Deuteranopia

23.4501, 22.8645, 60.9349



## Tritanopia

33.8290, 22.3865, 13.1277

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

45.3374, 22.4588, 68.2751



## Protanomaly

26.8856, 17.4361, 85.9529



## Deuteranomaly

26.5317, 18.1446, 63.0766



## Tritanomaly

36.3693, 21.0168, 26.5659

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

45.3374, 22.4588, 68.2751



## Achromatopsia

14.5356, 15.2926, 16.6537



## Achromatomaly

21.3577, 14.5342, 30.1135

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 45.3374, 22.4588, 68.2751 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 26, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 26, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 26, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 26, 218) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 45.3374, 22.4588, 68.2751 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 26, 218) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 26, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 26, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 26, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 26, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 26,  
218) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 45.3374, 22.4588, 68.2751 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 26, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229, 26,  
218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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