

# Converting Colors

XYZ(45.3860, 57.4933, 66.1062)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(45.3860, 57.4933, 66.1062)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(45.3408, 57.4371,  
65.8235)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8BD5CC
RGB	139, 213, 204
RGB Percent	55%, 84%, 80%
CMY	0.4549, 0.1647, 0.2000
CMYK	0.35, 0.00, 0.04, 0.16
HSL	173°, 47%, 69%
HSV	173°, 35%, 84%
XYZ	45.3408, 57.4371, 65.8235
YIQ	189.8480, -41.2150, -18.4870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

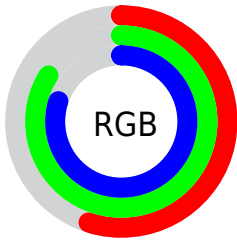
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">139, 178, 213</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9164236</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">80.42, -24.95, -2.86</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">80, 25.109, 186.542</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">57.4371, 0.2689, 0.3407</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287354316 (0xFF8BD5CC)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">189.8480, 6.9769, -44.5937</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">75.7873, -25.8376, 1.5560</a>

# Details

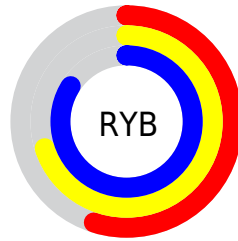
The XYZ color **45.3408, 57.4371, 65.8235** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **42.0205, 34.7511, 32.5121**, and the grayscale version is **48.8355, 51.3788, 55.9515**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76.3157, 90.3421, 108.0232**, and **21.4782, 28.5870, 33.2400** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.8171, 55.6576, 64.0507**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.5659, 59.5805, 67.6586**.

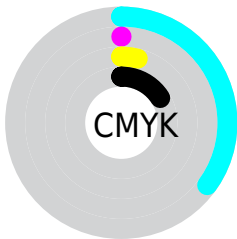
# Distribution



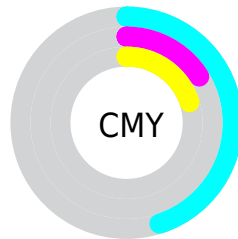
- Red (55%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (16%)




- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (20%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 45.3408, 57.4371, 65.8235 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 45.3408, 57.4371, 65.8235 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 45.3408, 57.4371,  
65.8235


 45.3408, 57.4371,  
65.8235


358.9126,  
415.0852, 464.1324


 31.9284, 41.3563,  
47.6736


 82.4655, 101.1027,  
114.8576

 21.4621, 28.5976,  
33.2103


 106.9085,  
129.4563, 146.5788

 13.5766, 18.7766,  
22.0152


 135.7590,  
162.6695, 183.6608

 7.9065, 11.5090,  
13.6696


169.3825,  
201.1269, 226.5222

 4.0865, 6.4103,  
7.7551

208.1442,  
245.2127, 275.5815

 1.7512, 3.0961,  
3.8531

252.4096,

 0.4880, 1.1821,

295.3115, 331.2573

1.5451

302.5439,  
351.8075, 393.9681

■ 0.0000, 0.0470,  
0.2512

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 45.3408, 57.4371,  
65.8235

■ 45.3408, 57.4371,  
65.8235

■ 41.8171, 55.6576,  
64.0507

■ 49.5659, 59.5805,  
67.6586

■ 38.9493, 54.2143,  
62.3343

■ 54.5246, 62.0999,  
69.5539

■ 36.6946, 53.0863,  
60.6733

■ 60.2531, 65.0157,  
71.5124

■ 35.0027, 52.2480,  
59.0652

■ 66.7836, 68.3443,  
73.5359

■ 33.8155, 51.6692,  
57.5073

■ 74.1467, 72.1014,  
75.6258

■ 33.0621, 51.3135,  
55.9959

■ 77.8938, 73.9939,  
77.5742

■ 32.7747, 51.1822,  
55.2168

■ 78.2389, 74.1319,  
79.3911

■ 78.5892, 74.2721,  
81.2361

■ 78.9450, 74.4144,  
83.1093

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.0096, 57.4371, 51.9241



45.3408, 57.4371, 65.8235



47.0228, 57.4371, 80.9734

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.3408, 57.4371, 65.8235



60.6977, 57.4371, 88.1788



58.6263, 57.4371, 39.9804

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.3408, 57.4371, 65.8235



42.0205, 34.7511, 32.5121

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



62.9333, 57.4371, 47.1394



45.3408, 57.4371, 65.8235



64.1808, 57.4371, 74.5107

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.3408, 57.4371, 65.8235



55.7273, 57.4371, 95.1257



65.0236, 57.4371, 59.3661



53.4727, 57.4371, 38.4007



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.3408, 57.4371, 65.8235



49.3171, 57.4371, 89.2833



65.0236, 57.4371, 59.3661



60.2307, 57.4371, 41.7526

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.3425, 57.4394, 65.8248



85.7874, 95.2822, 105.8804



40.8263, 55.8320, 33.0521



18.1043, 20.2631, 22.5736



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

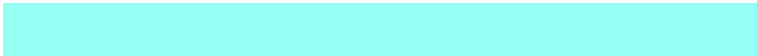


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.3425, 57.4394, 65.8248



63.9773, 84.2156, 96.8649



40.1903, 45.3567, 69.5899



12.7241, 14.0807, 15.6276



20.0449, 31.2733, 33.8618



1.2277, 1.8937, 2.1410



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.0205, 34.7511, 32.5121



58.2410, 44.9792, 39.2976



45.7632, 43.3330, 30.3794



12.4841, 12.4451, 13.2236



16.8953, 8.6944, 1.4867

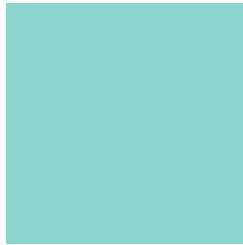


1.0399, 0.5327, 0.1995



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.3408, 57.4371, 65.8235 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

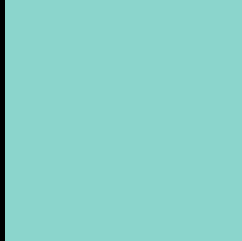
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.3408, 57.4371, 65.8235 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

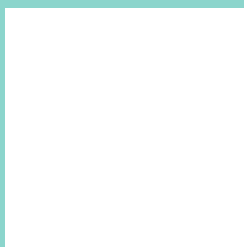
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 45.3408, 57.4371, 65.8235**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.3408, 57.4371, 65.8235.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.3408, 57.4371,

65.8235.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

45.3408, 57.4371, 65.8235

### Protanopia

54.6730, 57.0248, 59.7551

### Deuteranopia

58.1867, 56.9901, 67.6079



## Tritanopia

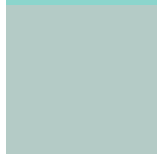
48.2757, 57.5135, 80.5083

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

45.3408, 57.4371, 65.8235



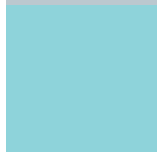
## Protanomaly

50.3714, 56.4924, 61.6753



## Deuteranomaly

52.4103, 56.3783, 67.1513



## Tritanomaly

47.1045, 57.4013, 74.9266

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

45.3408, 57.4371, 65.8235



## Achromatopsia

48.9429, 51.4918, 56.0745



## Achromatomaly

46.8390, 52.9862, 59.3884

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 45.3408, 57.4371, 65.8235 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 213, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 213, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 213, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 213, 204) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 45.3408, 57.4371, 65.8235 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 213, 204) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 213, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 213, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 213, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 213, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 213,  
204) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 45.3408, 57.4371, 65.8235 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 213, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
213, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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