

# Converting Colors

XYZ(45.5423, 48.9085, 93.4261)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(45.5423, 48.9085, 93.4261)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(45.5423, 48.9085,  
93.4261)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8BBEF5
RGB	139, 190, 245
RGB Percent	55%, 75%, 96%
CMY	0.4549, 0.2549, 0.0392
CMYK	0.43, 0.22, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	211°, 84%, 75%
HSV	211°, 43%, 96%
XYZ	45.5423, 48.9085, 93.4261
YIQ	181.0210, -48.0510, 6.2930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

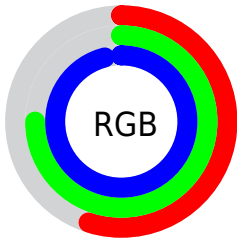
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	139, 173, 245
Decimal	9158389
CIE Lab	75.39, -2.68, -32.47
CIE LCh	75, 32.583, 265.275
Yxy	48.9085, 0.2424, 0.2603
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287348469 (0xFF8BBEF5)
YUV	181.0210, 31.5416, -36.8524
Hunter-Lab	69.9346, -6.1441, -30.2517

# Details

The XYZ color **45.5423, 48.9085, 93.4261** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **61.6093, 59.8613, 32.7349**, and the grayscale version is **43.7872, 46.0676, 50.1676**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.7707, 84.8673, 107.1006**, and **21.6982, 23.4044, 51.5180** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.2665, 41.7634, 92.3786**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.9781, 57.0101, 94.5989**.

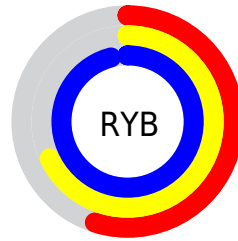
# Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (75%)

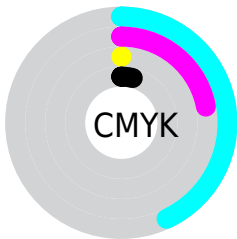
Blue (96%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (96%)

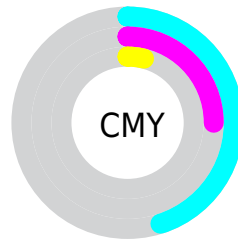


Cyan (43%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 45.5423, 48.9085, 93.4261 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 45.5423, 48.9085, 93.4261 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 45.5423, 48.9085,  
93.4261

■ 45.5423, 48.9085,  
93.4261

359.7123,  
382.3820, 559.9690

■ 32.0879, 34.5469,  
70.2361

■ 82.7657, 88.5555,  
154.0652

■ 21.5845, 23.3141,  
51.2410

■ 107.2653,  
114.6098, 192.3514

■ 13.6668, 14.8256,  
36.0224

136.1774,  
145.3303, 236.5067

■ 7.9694, 8.6971,  
24.1617

169.8674,  
181.1016, 286.9496

■ 4.1270, 4.5441,  
15.2403

208.7005,  
222.3081, 344.0988

■ 1.7743, 1.9824,  
8.8397

253.0421,

■ 0.5021, 0.5972,

269.3340, 408.3728

4.5414

303.2576,  
322.5638, 480.1900

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.9268

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.5097

■ 45.5423, 48.9085,  
93.4261

■ 45.5423, 48.9085,  
93.4261

■ 39.2665, 41.7634,  
92.3786

■ 52.9781, 57.0101,  
94.5989

■ 34.0778, 35.5252,  
91.4480

■ 61.6312, 66.1035,  
95.8980

■ 29.9017, 30.1470,  
90.6300

■ 71.5605, 76.2286,  
97.3290

■ 26.6512, 25.5742,  
89.9187

■ 82.8197, 87.4210,  
98.8959

■ 24.2216, 21.7424,  
89.3071

■ 93.0252, 98.4599,  
100.4888

■ 22.9458, 19.5211,  
88.9456

■ 93.4816, 99.3726,  
100.6409

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



40.2201, 48.9085, 85.2798



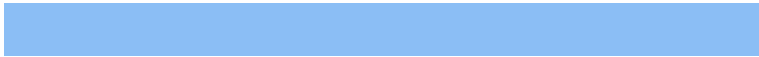
45.5423, 48.9085, 93.4261



51.5869, 48.9085, 89.0592

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.5423, 48.9085, 93.4261



57.7162, 48.9085, 40.3571



37.6356, 48.9085, 36.5646

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.5423, 48.9085, 93.4261



61.6093, 59.8613, 32.7349

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



41.7331, 48.9085, 28.6182



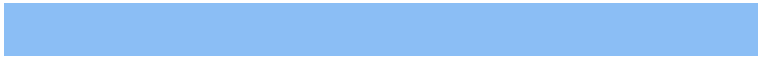
45.5423, 48.9085, 93.4261



53.3712, 48.9085, 30.4549

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.5423, 48.9085, 93.4261



58.9553, 48.9085, 56.0210



47.4428, 48.9085, 26.6490

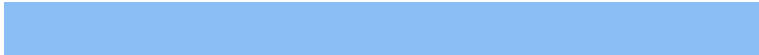


35.9120, 48.9085, 50.5778



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.5423, 48.9085, 93.4261



55.1724, 48.9085, 80.0467



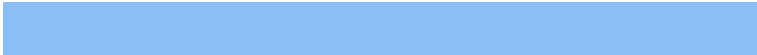
47.4428, 48.9085, 26.6490



38.7629, 48.9085, 33.2248

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.5439, 48.9103, 93.4273



78.6445, 83.7584, 106.6297



53.0126, 74.6795, 62.5237



16.2903, 17.3802, 22.7461



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

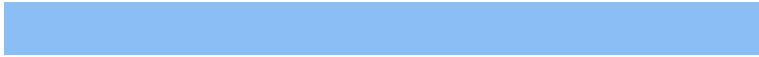


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

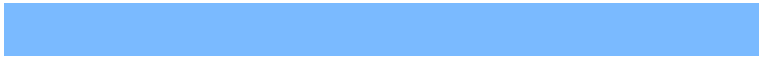


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.5439, 48.9103, 93.4273



43.7337, 46.5886, 101.2952



36.6604, 30.7017, 90.3809



16.2391, 17.2425, 21.0148



12.4984, 10.7905, 47.9621



1.2008, 1.1531, 4.2495



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.1844, 41.5970, 53.7849



57.1329, 38.8311, 51.0493



74.3563, 86.2661, 37.1597



16.8313, 16.6154, 18.8580



22.1131, 11.1887, 10.5700

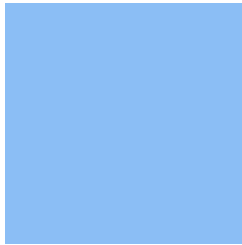


1.9952, 1.0040, 1.2010



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.5423, 48.9085, 93.4261 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

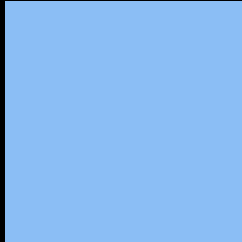
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.5423, 48.9085, 93.4261 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

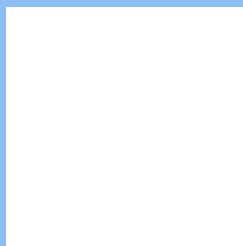
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 45.5423, 48.9085, 93.4261**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.5423, 48.9085, 93.4261.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.5423, 48.9085,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

45.5423, 48.9085, 93.4261

### Protanopia

49.2392, 48.7043, 89.2438

### Deuteranopia

49.8786, 48.6063, 94.7488



## Tritanopia

40.8295, 48.9791, 69.5893

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

45.5423, 48.9085, 93.4261

## Protanomaly

47.8840, 48.8995, 90.9192

## Deuteranomaly

48.0841, 48.6208, 94.0392

## Tritanomaly

42.4192, 48.9519, 77.7339

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

45.5423, 48.9085, 93.4261

## Achromatopsia

43.9204, 46.2077, 50.3202

## Achromatomaly

43.7655, 46.7476, 63.8432

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 45.5423, 48.9085, 93.4261 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 190, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 190, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 190, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 190, 245) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 45.5423, 48.9085, 93.4261 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 190, 245) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 190, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 190, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 190, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 190, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 190,  
245) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 45.5423, 48.9085, 93.4261 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 190, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
190, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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