

# Converting Colors

XYZ(45.5548, 47.9272, 52.1927)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(45.5548, 47.9272, 52.1927)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(45.5594, 47.9320,  
52.1980)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B8B8B8
RGB	184, 184, 184
RGB Percent	72%, 72%, 72%
CMY	0.2784, 0.2784, 0.2784
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	121°, 0%, 72%
HSV	121°, 0%, 72%
XYZ	45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980
YIQ	184.0000, 0.0000, -0.0000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

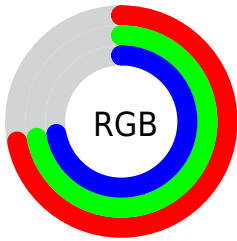
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	184, 184, 184
Decimal	12105912
CIELab	74.78, 0.00, -0.01
CIELCh	75, 0.009, 297.207
Yxy	47.9320, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290295992 (0xFFB8B8B8)
YUV	184.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	69.2329, -3.6940, 3.7615

# Details

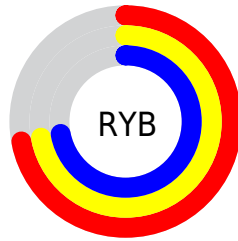
The XYZ color **45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **45.5612, 47.9333, 52.2005**, and the grayscale version is **45.5611, 47.9338, 52.2000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82.8234, 87.1367, 94.8919**, and **21.5731, 22.6966, 24.7166** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.6475, 45.0922, 42.5897**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.2932, 51.1698, 63.1296**.

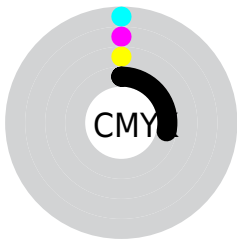
# Distribution



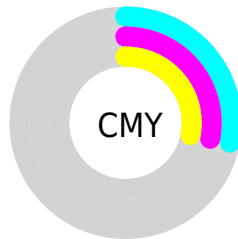
- Red (72%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (28%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 45.5594, 47.9320,  
52.1980

■ 45.5594, 47.9320,  
52.1980

359.7801,  
378.5225, 412.1792

■ 32.1014, 33.7730,  
36.7796

■ 82.7911, 87.1032,  
94.8527

■ 21.5949, 22.7193,  
24.7424

107.2956,  
112.8841, 122.9261

■ 13.6745, 14.3864,  
15.6680

136.2129,  
143.3079, 156.0550

■ 7.9748, 8.3899,  
9.1377

169.9085,  
178.7589, 194.6577

■ 4.1305, 4.3454,  
4.7331

208.7476,  
219.6214, 239.1530

■ 1.7762, 1.8686,  
2.0355

253.0957,

■ 0.5033, 0.5294,

266.2800, 289.9593

0.5770

303.3181,  
319.1189, 347.4952

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 45.5594, 47.9320,  
52.1980

■ 45.5594, 47.9320,  
52.1980

■ 39.6475, 45.0922,  
42.5897

■ 52.2932, 51.1698,  
63.1296

■ 34.5221, 42.6292,  
34.2515

■ 59.8744, 54.8137,  
75.4288

■ 30.1513, 40.5291,  
27.1313

■ 68.3325, 58.8792,  
89.1416

■ 26.4996, 38.7747,  
21.1720

■ 76.4314, 62.7628,  
102.6938

■ 23.5284, 37.3474,  
16.3122

■ 21.1956, 36.2272,  
12.4847

■ 19.4545, 35.3913,  
9.6149

■ 18.2521, 34.8144,  
7.6182

■ 17.5255, 34.4661,  
6.3956

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.5578, 47.9320, 52.1990



45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980



45.5606, 47.9320, 52.1948

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980



45.5597, 47.9320, 52.1820



45.5547, 47.9320, 52.1894

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980



45.5612, 47.9333, 52.2005

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.5552, 47.9320, 52.1848



45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980



45.5581, 47.9320, 52.1806

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980



45.5608, 47.9320, 52.1856



45.5565, 47.9320, 52.1816



45.5551, 47.9320, 52.1940



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980



45.5611, 47.9320, 52.1918



45.5565, 47.9320, 52.1816



45.5548, 47.9320, 52.1878

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.5608, 47.9341, 52.1990



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



45.5615, 47.9344, 52.1991



17.8044, 18.7317, 20.3988



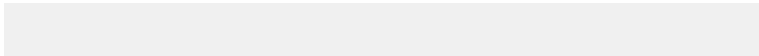
88.6918, 93.3107, 101.6153

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.5608, 47.9341, 52.1990



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



45.5609, 47.9341, 52.1999



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021



11.8219, 23.6297, 3.9839



0.4180, 0.8335, 0.1471

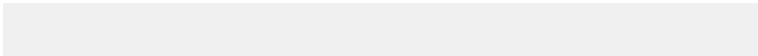


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.5612, 47.9333, 52.2005



82.5889, 86.8899, 94.6231



45.5610, 47.9332, 52.1997



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021



19.4518, 9.3545, 31.3296



0.6870, 0.3303, 1.1112



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

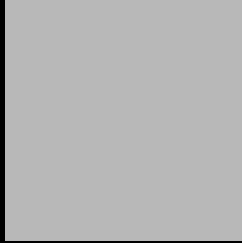
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

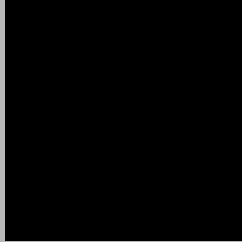
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

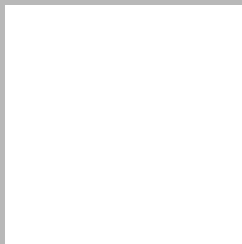


**XYZ 45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980.



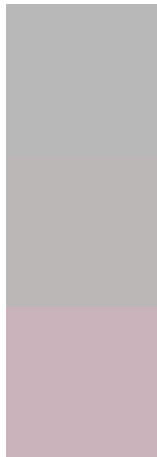
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.5594, 47.9320,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980

### Protanopia

45.9742, 47.8507, 51.6127

### Deuteranopia

48.7647, 47.7611, 52.5476



## Tritanopia

46.9415, 47.8805, 58.9923

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980

## Protanomaly

45.7304, 47.7250, 51.6013

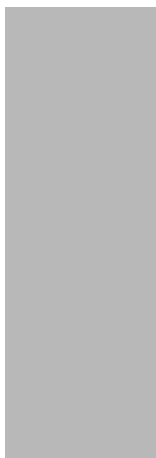
## Deuteranomaly

47.5839, 47.7474, 52.6072

## Tritanomaly

46.4555, 47.9870, 56.6831

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980

## Achromatopsia

45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980

## Achromatomaly

45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 184, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 184, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 184, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 184, 184) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 184, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 184, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 184, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 184, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 184, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 184,  
184) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 45.5594, 47.9320, 52.1980 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 184, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
184, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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