

# Converting Colors

XYZ(45.6600, 42.6590, 81.4288)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(45.6600, 42.6590, 81.4288)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(45.6600, 42.6590,  
81.4288)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ADA8E7
RGB	173, 168, 231
RGB Percent	68%, 66%, 91%
CMY	0.3216, 0.3412, 0.0941
CMYK	0.25, 0.27, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	245°, 57%, 78%
HSV	245°, 27%, 91%
XYZ	45.6600, 42.6590, 81.4288
YIQ	176.6770, -17.2430, 20.6530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

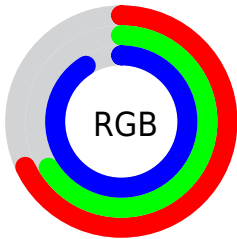
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	173, 168, 231
Decimal	11380967
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	71.32, 15.20, -30.98
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	71, 34.511, 296.136
Yxy	42.6590, 0.2690, 0.2513
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289571047 (0xFFADA8E7)
YUV	176.6770, 26.7812, -3.2247
Hunter-Lab	65.3139, 10.4876, -28.1990

# Details

The XYZ color **45.6600, 42.6590, 81.4288** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **67.0090, 76.1487, 48.2139**, and the grayscale version is **41.4924, 43.6532, 47.5383**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76.7508, 76.6534, 105.3581**, and **21.5910, 19.5079, 43.1849** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.4341, 32.6408, 79.9294**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.3948, 54.5815, 83.2177**.

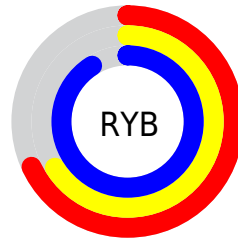
# Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (66%)

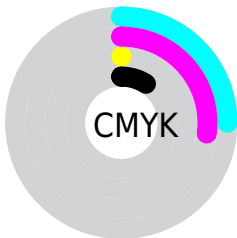
Blue (91%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (91%)

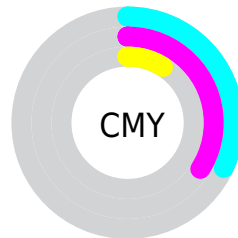


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 45.6600, 42.6590, 81.4288 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 45.6600, 42.6590, 81.4288 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 45.6600, 42.6590,  
81.4288

■ 45.6600, 42.6590,  
81.4288

360.1789,  
357.2075, 519.5682

■ 32.1811, 29.6177,  
60.3618

■ 82.9409, 79.1960,  
137.2022

■ 21.6561, 19.5486,  
43.2831

■ 107.4736,  
103.4605, 172.7456

■ 13.7196, 12.0673,  
29.7742

136.4217,  
132.2348, 213.9515

■ 8.0063, 6.7895,  
19.4167

170.1504,  
165.9033, 261.2386

■ 4.1508, 3.3308,  
11.7919

209.0251,  
204.8504, 315.0252

■ 1.7878, 1.3068,  
6.4813

253.4112,

■ 0.5103, 0.1465,

249.4606, 375.7300

3.0664

303.6740,  
300.1182, 443.7715

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.1287

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 45.6600, 42.6590,  
81.4288

■ 45.6600, 42.6590,  
81.4288

■ 37.4341, 32.6408,  
79.9294

■ 55.3948, 54.5815,  
83.2177

■ 30.6374, 24.4234,  
78.7015

■ 66.7043, 68.4944,  
85.3071

■ 25.1893, 17.9012,  
77.7297

■ 79.6557, 84.4848,  
87.7109

■ 20.9995, 12.9555,  
76.9959

■ 91.4239, 98.5496,  
89.8055

■ 17.9665, 9.4523,  
76.4796

■ 15.9732, 7.2352,  
76.1567

■ 14.8722, 6.1022,  
75.9961

■ 14.6796, 5.9014,  
75.9674

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.7991, 42.6590, 86.1603



45.6600, 42.6590, 81.4288



50.5299, 42.6590, 66.6167

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.6600, 42.6590, 81.4288



47.0836, 42.6590, 24.6539



30.4056, 42.6590, 44.3290

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.6600, 42.6590, 81.4288



67.0090, 76.1487, 48.2139

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



31.9724, 42.6590, 30.8267



45.6600, 42.6590, 81.4288



41.3024, 42.6590, 21.3129

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.6600, 42.6590, 81.4288



51.4053, 42.6590, 33.7513



35.8290, 42.6590, 23.2696



31.3352, 42.6590, 61.9868



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.6600, 42.6590, 81.4288



52.3664, 42.6590, 54.5301



35.8290, 42.6590, 23.2696



30.6535, 42.6590, 39.2074

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.6614, 42.6607, 81.4298



82.3087, 84.2782, 106.5369



57.9879, 68.9243, 85.8495



17.1365, 17.4466, 22.7143



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.6614, 42.6607, 81.4298



50.8365, 45.6984, 100.7490



53.2475, 46.5715, 81.7848



13.6883, 13.9415, 18.1139



8.2699, 3.3292, 42.5899



0.6482, 0.2651, 3.1490



# Inverse Universe

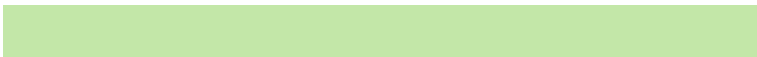
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.6863, 50.4867, 78.4992



72.7679, 57.1265, 96.2605



58.2283, 71.6221, 47.8030



14.9432, 14.5945, 17.9011



25.2062, 12.2167, 36.3103



1.8774, 0.9087, 2.7608



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.6600, 42.6590, 81.4288 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

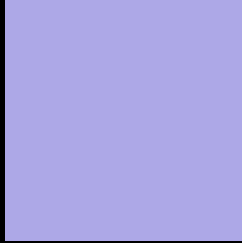
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.6600, 42.6590, 81.4288 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 45.6600, 42.6590, 81.4288**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.6600, 42.6590, 81.4288.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.6600, 42.6590,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

45.6600, 42.6590, 81.4288

### Protanopia

43.5084, 42.6137, 83.7740

### Deuteranopia

43.7334, 42.7953, 80.8182



## Tritanopia

40.3366, 42.7677, 54.8442

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

45.6600, 42.6590, 81.4288

## Protanomaly

44.3751, 42.7955, 83.0123

## Deuteranomaly

44.3629, 42.8383, 80.7934

## Tritanomaly

42.1115, 42.6197, 63.7645

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

45.6600, 42.6590, 81.4288

## Achromatopsia

41.7894, 43.9657, 47.8787

## Achromatomaly

43.1186, 43.5334, 58.9535

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 45.6600, 42.6590, 81.4288 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 168, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 168, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 168, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 168, 231) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 45.6600, 42.6590, 81.4288 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 168, 231) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 168, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 168, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 168, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 168, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 168,  
231) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 45.6600, 42.6590, 81.4288 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 168, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
168, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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