

# Converting Colors

XYZ(45.7092, 40.7494, 20.6679)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(45.7092, 40.7494, 20.6679)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(45.6973, 40.6201,  
20.7612)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E19B70
RGB	225, 155, 112
RGB Percent	88%, 61%, 44%
CMY	0.1176, 0.3921, 0.5608
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.50, 0.12
HSL	23°, 65%, 66%
HSV	23°, 50%, 88%
XYZ	45.6973, 40.6201, 20.7612
YIQ	171.0280, 55.5230, 1.4670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

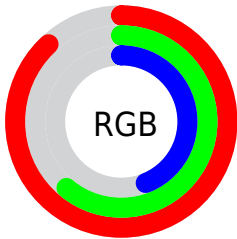
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	225, 181, 112
Decimal	14785392
CIE Lab	69.91, 21.40, 33.01
CIE LCh	70, 39.337, 57.037
Yxy	40.6201, 0.4268, 0.3793
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292975472 (0xFFE19B70)
YUV	171.0280, -29.1008, 47.3334
Hunter-Lab	63.7339, 16.4504, 25.3001

# Details

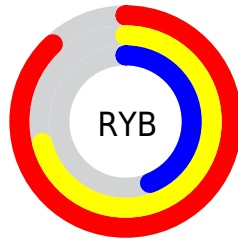
The XYZ color **45.6973, 40.6201, 20.7612** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **36.9998, 42.3349, 77.4552**, and the grayscale version is **38.8457, 40.8687, 44.5060**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.9874, 70.0335, 44.8983**, and **21.6838, 18.2749, 7.0872** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **42.4106, 35.8074, 14.2382**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.5667, 46.0975, 29.0234**.

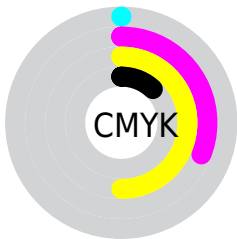
# Distribution



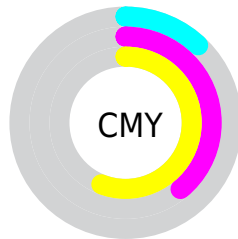
- Red (88%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (12%)




- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (56%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 45.6973, 40.6201, 20.7612 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 45.6973, 40.6201, 20.7612 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 45.6973, 40.6201,  
20.7612


 45.6973, 40.6201,  
20.7612


360.3267,  
348.7303, 268.7459

 32.2106, 28.0224,  
12.7600


 82.9964, 76.1069,  
45.5654


 21.6788, 18.3425,  
7.1347


 107.5396, 99.7647,  
63.2055

 13.7363, 11.1962,  
3.4668


 136.4990,  
127.8779, 84.8956

 8.0180, 6.1989,  
1.3376

 170.2400,  
160.8311, 111.0543

 4.1584, 2.9664,  
0.0923

209.1279,  
199.0085, 142.1002

 1.7921, 1.1142,  
0.0000

253.5281,

 0.5129, 0.0000,

242.7946, 178.4517

0.0000

303.8059,  
292.5737, 220.5274

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 45.6973, 40.6201,  
20.7612

■ 45.6973, 40.6201,  
20.7612

■ 42.4106, 35.8074,  
14.2382

■ 49.5667, 46.0975,  
29.0234

■ 39.6708, 31.6257,  
9.3239

■ 54.0459, 52.2594,  
39.1375

■ 37.4423, 28.0470,  
5.8728

■ 59.1635, 59.1320,  
51.2096

■ 35.6824, 25.0381,  
3.7113

■ 64.9453, 66.7382,  
65.3368

■ 34.3495, 22.6041,  
2.5526

■ 71.4156, 75.1001,  
81.6098

■ 78.5976, 84.2384,  
100.1139

■ 84.0893, 93.2037,  
108.1659

■ 84.8612, 94.7475,  
108.4232

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.6375, 40.6201, 30.0660



45.6973, 40.6201, 20.7612



39.2477, 40.6201, 17.5454

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.6973, 40.6201, 20.7612



27.5779, 40.6201, 42.4318



44.4758, 40.6201, 83.6261

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.6973, 40.6201, 20.7612



36.9998, 42.3349, 77.4552

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.9757, 40.6201, 89.5787



45.6973, 40.6201, 20.7612



28.6529, 40.6201, 62.2583

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.6973, 40.6201, 20.7612



29.1774, 40.6201, 27.6923



32.2930, 40.6201, 80.8718



49.8793, 40.6201, 66.3055



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.6973, 40.6201, 20.7612



35.1142, 40.6201, 18.3674



32.2930, 40.6201, 80.8718



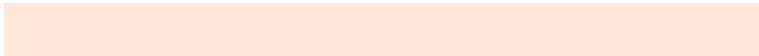
42.3266, 40.6201, 87.1999

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.6983, 40.6221, 20.7620



82.3938, 83.5806, 77.2653



45.4520, 31.0387, 48.7053



17.2907, 17.4350, 15.6976



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.6983, 40.6221, 20.7620



56.2487, 47.4402, 18.7626



57.0060, 63.2376, 24.5312



14.1326, 14.5512, 14.3706



19.8981, 13.2342, 1.5057



1.4637, 1.0864, 0.1325



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.9998, 42.3349, 77.4552



43.4439, 49.8736, 101.9446



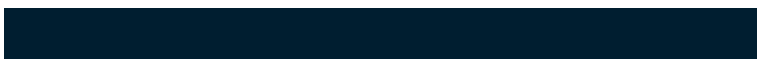
27.8710, 24.0774, 74.4123



13.6555, 14.6502, 17.4957



13.2988, 14.0672, 43.0627



1.0074, 1.1462, 3.0134



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.6973, 40.6201, 20.7612 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

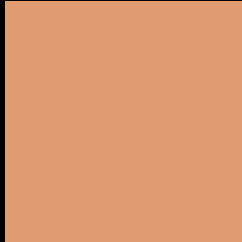
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.6973, 40.6201, 20.7612 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

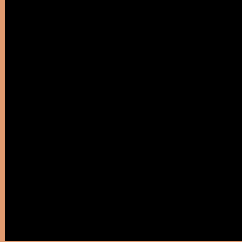
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 45.6973, 40.6201, 20.7612**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.6973, 40.6201, 20.7612.



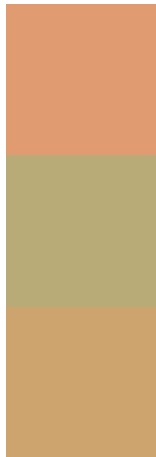
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.6973, 40.6201,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

45.6973, 40.6201, 20.7612

### Protanopia

37.9003, 40.7720, 23.3250

### Deuteranopia

41.5435, 40.7985, 20.4372



## Tritanopia

49.4057, 40.6910, 38.5079

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

45.6973, 40.6201, 20.7612

## Protanomaly

40.4269, 40.4506, 22.2000

## Deuteranomaly

43.0547, 40.7836, 20.6417

## Tritanomaly

48.0194, 40.6104, 31.2943

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

45.6973, 40.6201, 20.7612

## Achromatopsia

38.7082, 40.7240, 44.3485

## Achromatomaly

40.4460, 40.1886, 34.4796

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 45.6973, 40.6201, 20.7612 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 155, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 155, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 155, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 155, 112) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 45.6973, 40.6201, 20.7612 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 155, 112) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 155, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 155, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 155, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 155, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 155,  
112) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 45.6973, 40.6201, 20.7612 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 155, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
155, 112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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