

# Converting Colors

XYZ(45.7310, 23.5869, 5.9427)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(45.7310, 23.5869, 5.9427)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(42.0189, 21.6758,  
5.7106)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF0638
RGB	255, 6, 56
RGB Percent	100%, 2%, 22%
CMY	0.0000, 0.9762, 0.7804
CMYK	0.00, 0.98, 0.78, 0.00
HSL	348°, 100%, 51%
HSV	348°, 98%, 100%
XYZ	42.0189, 21.6758, 5.7106
YIQ	86.1510, 132.3540, 68.3380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

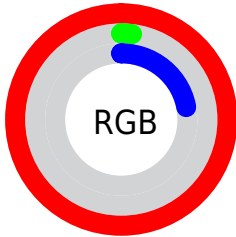
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	255, 6, 56
Decimal	16713272
CIELab	53.68, 80.54, 45.28
CIELCh	54, 92.398, 29.342
Yxy	21.6758, 0.6054, 0.3123
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294903352 (0xFFFF0638)
YUV	86.1510, -14.8644, 148.0806
Hunter-Lab	46.5573, 79.6247, 25.3177

# Details

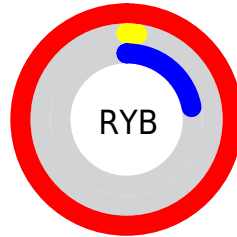
The XYZ color **42.0189, 21.6758, 5.7106** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0033**. The color can be described as dark saturated red. A complement of this color would be **46.8638, 75.9698, 69.9968**, and the grayscale version is **8.8969, 9.3603, 10.1933**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48.0559, 30.9746, 16.2778**, and **20.8183, 10.7231, 1.3880** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.8404, 21.5001, 5.0935**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **43.0627, 22.7972, 9.0387**.

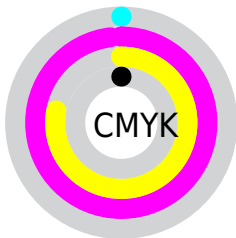
# Distribution



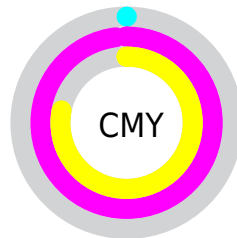
- Red (100%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (78%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 42.0189, 21.6758, 5.7106 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 42.0189, 21.6758, 5.7106 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 42.0189, 21.6758,  
5.7106


 42.0189, 21.6758,  
5.7106


345.5516,  
260.8485, 165.6752

 29.3073, 13.6189,  
2.6040


 77.4932, 46.2096,  
17.7944


 19.4588, 7.8561,  
0.8945


 100.9866, 63.4552,  
27.6086

 12.1083, 4.0030,  
0.0000


 128.8046, 84.5326,  
40.4958

 6.8902, 1.6752,  
0.0000

 161.3126,  
109.8260, 56.8745

 3.4392, 0.4075,  
0.0000

 198.8760,  
139.7199, 77.1633

 1.3901, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 241.8600,

 0.2491, 0.0000,

174.5987, 101.7806

0.0000

290.6301,  
214.8468, 131.1451

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.0189, 21.6758,  
5.7106

■ 42.0189, 21.6758,  
5.7106

■ 41.8404, 21.5001,  
5.0935

■ 43.0627, 22.7972,  
9.0387

■ 44.8534, 25.0521,  
13.7249

■ 47.5204, 28.6692,  
19.9071

■ 51.1642, 33.8221,  
27.7029

■ 55.8711, 40.6583,  
37.2181

■ 61.7176, 49.3081,  
48.5488

■ 68.7731, 59.8887,  
61.7842

■ 77.1013, 72.5077,  
77.0072

■ 86.7615, 87.2646,  
94.2959

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



46.0630, 21.6758, 24.2324



42.0189, 21.6758, 5.7106



31.8981, 21.6758, 0.9138

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



42.0189, 21.6758, 5.7106



8.1926, 21.6758, 5.3001



20.3845, 21.6758, 130.6605

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



42.0189, 21.6758, 5.7106



46.8638, 75.9698, 69.9968

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.3481, 21.6758, 108.2688



42.0189, 21.6758, 5.7106



6.8385, 21.6758, 22.9811

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



42.0189, 21.6758, 5.7106



12.6190, 21.6758, 0.8396



8.0751, 21.6758, 61.6040



31.3944, 21.6758, 110.0053



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



42.0189, 21.6758, 5.7106



24.3227, 21.6758, 0.1223



8.0751, 21.6758, 61.6040



17.2819, 21.6758, 127.7536

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



42.0194, 21.6772, 5.7109



67.7244, 58.3082, 59.8394



42.2207, 19.7783, 96.1992



13.8349, 11.4876, 11.5734



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



42.0194, 21.6772, 5.7109



41.8408, 21.5003, 5.0935



43.8990, 26.5254, 2.9806



18.1583, 18.0466, 19.4508



21.9045, 11.2511, 2.8814



2.1694, 1.1101, 0.4735



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.0194, 21.6772, 5.7109



41.8408, 21.5003, 5.0935



35.3642, 41.7357, 100.7988



18.1583, 18.0466, 19.4508



21.9045, 11.2511, 2.8814



2.1694, 1.1101, 0.4735



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 42.0189, 21.6758, 5.7106 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 42.0189, 21.6758, 5.7106**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.0189, 21.6758, 5.7106.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 42.0189, 21.6758,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

42.0189, 21.6758, 5.7106

### Protanopia

20.3452, 21.9478, 11.9682

### Deuteranopia

22.3495, 21.9938, 4.9867



## Tritanopia

41.2601, 21.7483, 2.3398

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

42.0189, 21.6758, 5.7106



## Protanomaly

23.7317, 16.7937, 8.6473



## Deuteranomaly

26.1073, 17.6625, 4.5158



## Tritanomaly

41.2713, 21.5509, 3.0214

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

42.0189, 21.6758, 5.7106



## Achromatopsia

8.8453, 9.3059, 10.1341



## Achromatomaly

14.7657, 9.6373, 7.7386

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 42.0189, 21.6758, 5.7106 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 6, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 6, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 6, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 6, 56) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 42.0189, 21.6758, 5.7106 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 6, 56) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 6, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 6, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 6, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 6, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 6, 56)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 42.0189, 21.6758, 5.7106 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 6, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 6,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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