

# Converting Colors

XYZ(45.8122, 37.9351, 37.2554)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(45.8122, 37.9351, 37.2554)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(45.8122, 37.9351,  
37.2554)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DC919E
RGB	220, 145, 158
RGB Percent	86%, 57%, 62%
CMY	0.1373, 0.4314, 0.3804
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.28, 0.14
HSL	350°, 52%, 72%
HSV	350°, 34%, 86%
XYZ	45.8122, 37.9351, 37.2554
YIQ	168.9070, 40.5270, 19.9430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

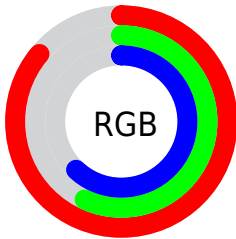
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">220, 145, 158</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14455198</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">67.97, 30.08, 4.89</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">68, 30.473, 9.244</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">37.9351, 0.3786, 0.3135</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292645278 (0xFFDC919E)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">168.9070, -5.3772, 44.8086</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">61.5915, 24.9845, 7.2507</a>

# Details

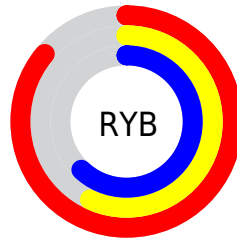
The XYZ color **45.8122, 37.9351, 37.2554** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **48.5345, 61.7121, 68.3883**, and the grayscale version is **37.6788, 39.6410, 43.1690**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73.9045, 67.3726, 72.0598**, and **21.6724, 16.6768, 15.9866** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.3188, 31.2710, 28.5970**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.1903, 45.9973, 47.3527**.

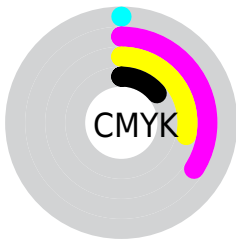
# Distribution



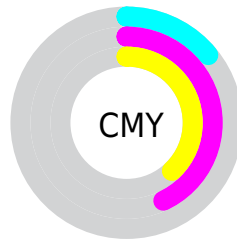
- Red (86%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (14%)




- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (38%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 45.8122, 37.9351, 37.2554 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 45.8122, 37.9351, 37.2554 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 45.8122, 37.9351,  
37.2554


 45.8122, 37.9351,  
37.2554


360.7817,  
337.3415, 349.6169

 32.3016, 25.9323,  
25.1080


 83.1675, 72.0087,  
72.1561

 21.7487, 16.7730,  
15.9378


 107.7429, 94.8482,  
95.7465

 13.7879, 10.0728,  
9.3262


136.7373,  
122.0688, 123.9883

 8.0540, 5.4472,  
4.8549

170.5160,  
154.0549, 157.3000

 4.1816, 2.5120,  
2.1051

209.4445,  
191.1908, 196.1001

 1.8054, 0.8826,  
0.6188

253.8880,

 0.5209, 0.0000,

233.8609, 240.8073

0.0000

304.2120,  
282.4497, 291.8400

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

45.8122, 37.9351,  
37.2554

45.8122, 37.9351,  
37.2554

41.3188, 31.2710,  
28.5970

51.1903, 45.9973,  
47.3527

37.6592, 25.9200,  
21.3091

57.4941, 55.5254,  
58.9482

34.7819, 21.7966,  
15.3214

64.7660, 66.5891,  
72.1008

32.6284, 18.8024,  
10.5560

73.0447, 79.2524,  
86.8653

31.1315, 16.8241,  
6.9265

82.3648, 93.5715,  
103.2935

■ 30.2110, 15.7244,  
4.3346

■ 83.3253, 93.9557,  
108.3513

■ 29.8671, 15.3564,  
3.2340

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.2598, 37.9351, 51.2543



45.8122, 37.9351, 37.2554



43.5788, 37.9351, 26.9049

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.8122, 37.9351, 37.2554



30.5965, 37.9351, 24.2198



32.9242, 37.9351, 70.8079

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.8122, 37.9351, 37.2554



48.5345, 61.7121, 68.3883

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



29.4533, 37.9351, 60.0986



45.8122, 37.9351, 37.2554



28.1933, 37.9351, 32.7343

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.8122, 37.9351, 37.2554



34.6130, 37.9351, 20.5401



27.7940, 37.9351, 45.6376



37.5389, 37.9351, 72.7651



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.8122, 37.9351, 37.2554



40.9166, 37.9351, 22.7016



27.7940, 37.9351, 45.6376



31.5968, 37.9351, 68.0157

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.8132, 37.9369, 37.2562



84.2375, 83.5116, 89.4602



48.5680, 38.5777, 72.5968



17.7293, 17.4174, 18.6023



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.8132, 37.9369, 37.2562



59.3391, 46.0649, 43.0871



48.7688, 45.5447, 33.0110



13.1477, 13.0882, 14.0389



17.5571, 9.0239, 2.0479



1.1658, 0.5960, 0.2820



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.8132, 37.9369, 37.2562



59.3391, 46.0649, 43.0871



44.3932, 50.7813, 75.1724



13.1477, 13.0882, 14.0389



17.5571, 9.0239, 2.0479



1.1658, 0.5960, 0.2820



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.8122, 37.9351, 37.2554 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

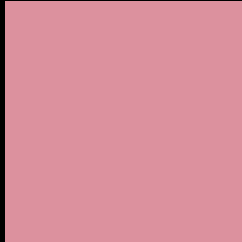
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.8122, 37.9351, 37.2554 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

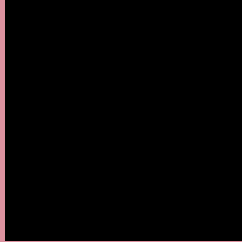
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 45.8122, 37.9351, 37.2554

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.8122, 37.9351, 37.2554.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.8122, 37.9351,

37.2554.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

45.8122, 37.9351, 37.2554

### Protanopia

36.7650, 38.0997, 42.9524

### Deuteranopia

38.7369, 37.9473, 36.2932



## Tritanopia

45.6413, 37.8667, 36.3559

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

45.8122, 37.9351, 37.2554

## Protanomaly

39.5119, 37.7351, 40.7984

## Deuteranomaly

41.0108, 37.8488, 36.5965

## Tritanomaly

45.7264, 37.9008, 36.8038

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

45.8122, 37.9351, 37.2554

## Achromatopsia

37.7116, 39.6755, 43.2066

## Achromatomaly

40.1014, 38.5496, 40.9246

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 45.8122, 37.9351, 37.2554 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 145, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 145, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 145, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 145, 158) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 45.8122, 37.9351, 37.2554 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 145, 158) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 145, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 145, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 145, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 145, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 145,  
158) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 45.8122, 37.9351, 37.2554 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 145, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220,  
145, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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