

# Converting Colors

XYZ(45.8243, 43.9806, 52.4198)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(45.8243, 43.9806, 52.4198)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(45.7433, 43.8967, 52.5164)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(45.7433, 43.8967,  
52.5164)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C3AABA
RGB	195, 170, 186
RGB Percent	76%, 67%, 73%
CMY	0.2353, 0.3333, 0.2706
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.05, 0.24
HSL	322°, 17%, 72%
HSV	322°, 13%, 76%
XYZ	45.7433, 43.8967, 52.5164
YIQ	179.2990, 9.7640, 10.2760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

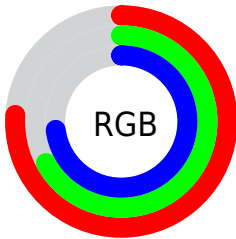
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	195, 170, 186
Decimal	12823226
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	72.16, 11.83, -4.85
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	72, 12.789, 337.725
Yxy	43.8967, 0.3218, 0.3088
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291013306 (0xFFC3AABA)
YUV	179.2990, 3.3036, 13.7698
Hunter-Lab	66.2546, 7.2939, -0.6177

# Details

The XYZ color **45.7433, 43.8967, 52.5164** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **44.2310, 50.8321, 50.1305**, and the grayscale version is **42.9875, 45.2262, 49.2513**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.0971, 80.9567, 95.2509**, and **21.6966, 20.3130, 24.9676** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.6277, 36.8302, 47.5523**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.4404, 52.0662, 57.8563**.

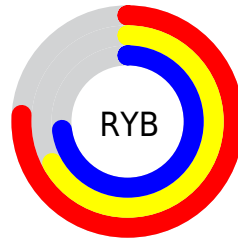
# Distribution



Red (76%)

Green (67%)

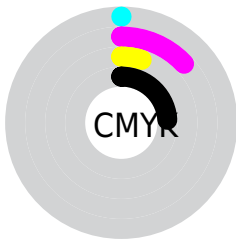
Blue (73%)



Red (76%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (73%)

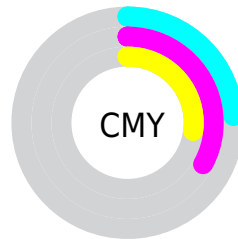


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (24%)

Magenta (33%)


Yellow (27%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 45.7433, 43.8967, 52.5164 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 45.7433, 43.8967, 52.5164 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 45.7433, 43.8967,  
52.5164

 45.7433, 43.8967,  
52.5164

360.5089,  
362.2866, 413.4405

 32.2471, 30.5893,  
37.0318


 83.0649, 81.0623,  
95.3267

 21.7067, 20.2863,  
24.9361


107.6210,  
105.6893, 123.4895

 13.7570, 12.6033,  
15.8109

136.5944,  
134.8582, 156.7153

 8.0324, 7.1560,  
9.2375

170.3505,  
168.9536, 195.4229

 4.1677, 3.5598,  
4.7975

209.2547,  
208.3597, 240.0306

 1.7974, 1.4305,  
2.0723

253.6722,

 0.5161, 0.2391,

253.4609, 290.9571

0.5992

303.9685,  
304.6418, 348.6209

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 45.7433, 43.8967,  
52.5164

■ 45.7433, 43.8967,  
52.5164

■ 41.6277, 36.8302,  
47.5523

■ 50.4404, 52.0662,  
57.8563

■ 38.0653, 30.8130,  
42.9506

■ 55.7379, 61.3776,  
63.5793

■ 35.0315, 25.7959,  
38.7008

■ 61.6587, 71.8753,  
69.6959

■ 32.4979, 21.7230,  
34.7908

■ 68.2233, 83.5995,  
76.2156

■ 30.4336, 18.5334,  
31.2076

■ 71.3311, 88.3483,  
81.7737

■ 28.8038, 16.1586,  
27.9368

■ 72.2871, 88.7307,  
86.8076

■ 27.5689, 14.5201,  
24.9622

■ 73.2826, 89.1289,  
92.0500

■ 26.6812, 13.5237,  
22.2650

■ 74.3182, 89.5431,  
97.5033

■ 26.1944, 13.0776,  
20.4763

■ 75.3943, 89.9736,  
103.1700

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



44.3535, 43.8967, 57.9875



45.7433, 43.8967, 52.5164



46.0375, 43.8967, 46.1926

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.7433, 43.8967, 52.5164



41.1588, 43.8967, 36.8103



38.4785, 43.8967, 55.5644

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.7433, 43.8967, 52.5164



44.2310, 50.8321, 50.1305

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.6859, 43.8967, 49.4361



45.7433, 43.8967, 52.5164



39.1977, 43.8967, 38.8747

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.7433, 43.8967, 52.5164



43.3397, 43.8967, 37.4787



37.9445, 43.8967, 43.3674



40.1460, 43.8967, 59.8518



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.7433, 43.8967, 52.5164



45.5635, 43.8967, 42.4002



37.9445, 43.8967, 43.3674



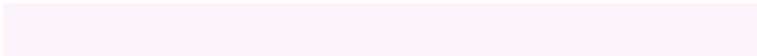
38.1036, 43.8967, 53.6313

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.7446, 43.8986, 52.5173



89.2350, 91.3215, 102.3944



42.7595, 42.2457, 57.5309



19.3944, 19.7416, 22.2590



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.7446, 43.8986, 52.5173



80.0551, 75.3892, 91.8512



44.4975, 43.3998, 45.9505



10.3384, 10.1840, 11.8725



17.0661, 8.5162, 13.5261



0.7694, 0.3808, 0.7529



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.7446, 43.8986, 52.5173



80.0551, 75.3892, 91.8512



45.5256, 51.3499, 56.9475



10.3384, 10.1840, 11.8725



17.0661, 8.5162, 13.5261

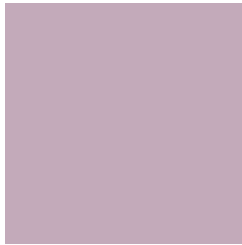


0.7694, 0.3808, 0.7529



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.7433, 43.8967, 52.5164 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

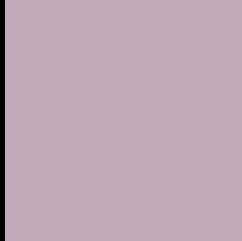
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.7433, 43.8967, 52.5164 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

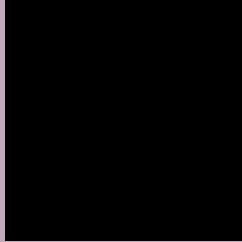
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 45.7433, 43.8967, 52.5164**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.7433, 43.8967, 52.5164.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.7433, 43.8967,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

45.7433, 43.8967, 52.5164

### Protanopia

42.9511, 44.1155, 54.9666

### Deuteranopia

44.8507, 43.9974, 52.5828



## Tritanopia

45.5321, 43.8122, 51.4042

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

45.7433, 43.8967, 52.5164

## Protanomaly

44.0885, 44.1366, 54.3396

## Deuteranomaly

45.1641, 43.8775, 52.5432

## Tritanomaly

45.6374, 43.8543, 51.9583

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

45.7433, 43.8967, 52.5164

## Achromatopsia

42.8472, 45.0786, 49.0906

## Achromatomaly

43.9764, 44.7424, 50.5743

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 45.7433, 43.8967, 52.5164 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 170, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 170, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 170, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 170, 186) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 45.7433, 43.8967, 52.5164 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 170, 186) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 170, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 170, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 170, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 170, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 170,  
186) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 45.7433, 43.8967, 52.5164 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 170, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
170, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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