

# Converting Colors

XYZ(45.8483, 48.2415, 37.9057)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(45.8483, 48.2415, 37.9057)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(46.0828, 48.5179, 37.9464)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# **Color**

**XYZ(46.0828, 48.5179,  
37.9464)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C5B89B
RGB	197, 184, 155
RGB Percent	77%, 72%, 61%
CMY	0.2275, 0.2784, 0.3922
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.21, 0.23
HSL	41°, 27%, 69%
HSV	41°, 21%, 77%
XYZ	46.0828, 48.5179, 37.9464
YIQ	184.5810, 17.0570, -6.2630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

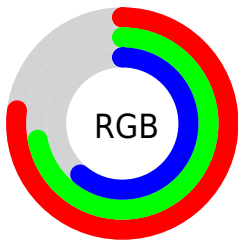
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	174, 197, 155
Decimal	12957851
CIELab	75.15, -0.09, 16.41
CIElCh	75, 16.411, 90.317
Yxy	48.5179, 0.3477, 0.3660
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291147931 (0xFFC5B89B)
YUV	184.5810, -14.5834, 10.8915
Hunter-Lab	69.6548, -3.8024, 16.4585

# Details

The XYZ color **46.0828, 48.5179, 37.9464** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **37.5979, 39.0039, 58.3703**, and the grayscale version is **45.9542, 48.3474, 52.6503**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.6660, 88.0442, 73.5573**, and **21.9427, 23.0717, 16.3935** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **43.3229, 45.4330, 29.5192**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **49.1698, 51.8243, 47.8155**.

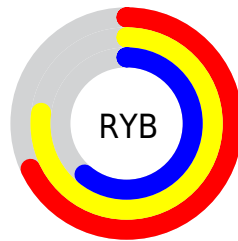
# Distribution



Red (77%)

Green (72%)

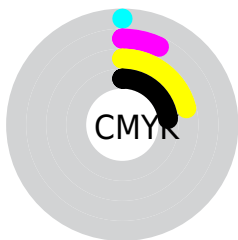
Blue (61%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (61%)

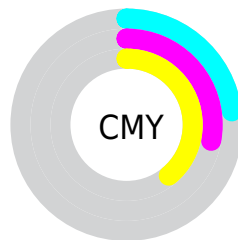


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (23%)

Magenta (28%)


Yellow (39%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 46.0828, 48.5179, 37.9464 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 46.0828, 48.5179, 37.9464 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 46.0828, 48.5179,  
37.9464


 46.0828, 48.5179,  
37.9464


361.8518,  
380.8413, 352.6813

 32.5161, 34.2372,  
25.6396


 83.5700, 87.9750,  
73.2285

 21.9134, 23.0759,  
16.3309


 108.2212,  
113.9202, 97.0408

 13.9096, 14.6495,  
9.6017

137.2979,  
144.5224, 125.5254

 8.1391, 8.5738,  
5.0335

171.1655,  
180.1659, 159.1009

 4.2366, 4.4643,  
2.2079

210.1893,  
221.2351, 198.1856

 1.8368, 1.9365,  
0.6789

254.7347,

 0.5397, 0.5702,

268.1145, 243.1982

0.0000

305.1671,  
321.1884, 294.5573

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.0828, 48.5179,  
37.9464

■ 46.0828, 48.5179,  
37.9464

■ 43.3229, 45.4330,  
29.5192

■ 49.1698, 51.8243,  
47.8155

■ 40.8724, 42.5564,  
22.4617

■ 52.5930, 55.3518,  
59.1877

■ 38.7179, 39.8834,  
16.7002

■ 56.3656, 59.1086,  
72.1247

■ 36.8431, 37.4062,  
12.1525

■ 60.4991, 63.1002,  
86.6834

■ 35.2300, 35.1165,  
8.7273

■ 65.0045, 67.3319,  
102.9182

■ 33.8579, 33.0048,  
6.3200

■ 66.8211, 70.5806,  
104.7093

■ 32.7026, 31.0604,  
4.8061

■ 68.4558, 73.8500,  
105.2542

■ 31.8366, 29.4915,  
4.0145

■ 70.1495, 77.2374,  
105.8188

■ 71.9028, 80.7439,  
106.4032

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.0360, 48.5179, 39.7147



46.0828, 48.5179, 37.9464



43.2589, 48.5179, 39.7906

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



46.0828, 48.5179, 37.9464



41.3042, 48.5179, 61.6299



51.3196, 48.5179, 61.4541

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



46.0828, 48.5179, 37.9464



37.5979, 39.0039, 58.3703

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.0937, 48.5179, 68.4406



46.0828, 48.5179, 37.9464



43.3120, 48.5179, 68.5496

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



46.0828, 48.5179, 37.9464



40.5743, 48.5179, 52.9195



46.1468, 48.5179, 71.1654



52.1381, 48.5179, 52.7361



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



46.0828, 48.5179, 37.9464



41.8090, 48.5179, 42.9492



46.1468, 48.5179, 71.1654



50.7065, 48.5179, 64.1155

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



46.0841, 48.5201, 37.9474



91.1919, 96.0701, 95.9417



41.8436, 38.1519, 42.3517



19.4319, 20.4733, 20.2468



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



46.0841, 48.5201, 37.9474



79.9541, 84.0438, 59.9816



46.9437, 53.1565, 38.7970



11.2363, 11.8418, 11.2562



21.0174, 19.5519, 2.6662



1.0574, 1.0502, 0.1470



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.5979, 39.0039, 58.3703



61.8150, 63.7066, 103.6463



36.8428, 35.2294, 57.6815



10.3199, 10.8139, 13.4609



7.7907, 4.9754, 35.2941

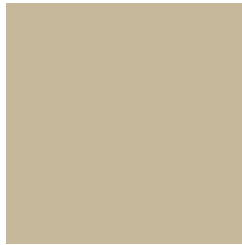


0.4341, 0.3660, 1.6929



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.0828, 48.5179, 37.9464 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

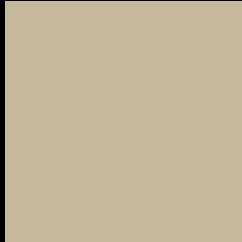
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 46.0828, 48.5179, 37.9464 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

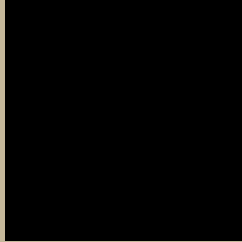
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 46.0828, 48.5179, 37.9464**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.0828, 48.5179, 37.9464.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 46.0828, 48.5179,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

46.0828, 48.5179, 37.9464

### Protanopia

45.7710, 48.6666, 37.9915

### Deuteranopia

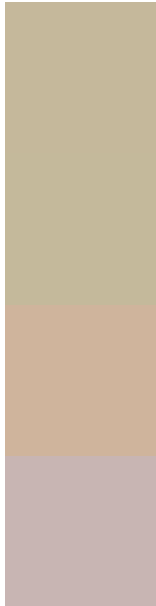
49.3617, 48.3872, 38.1905



## Tritanopia

50.1029, 48.6470, 57.2012

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

46.0828, 48.5179, 37.9464

## Protanomaly

46.0303, 48.8002, 38.0037

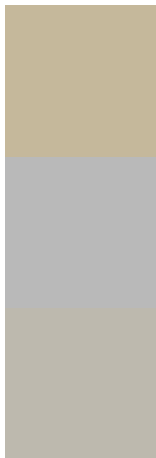
## Deuteranomaly

48.0541, 48.3082, 38.2442

## Tritanomaly

48.4800, 48.5818, 49.4699

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

46.0828, 48.5179, 37.9464

## Achromatopsia

46.1135, 48.5150, 52.8328

## Achromatomaly

45.9752, 48.5727, 46.9967

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 46.0828, 48.5179, 37.9464 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 184, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 184, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 184, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 184, 155) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 46.0828, 48.5179, 37.9464 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 184, 155) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 184, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 184, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 184, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 184, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 184,  
155) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 46.0828, 48.5179, 37.9464 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 184, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
184, 155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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