

# Converting Colors

XYZ(45.8994, 52.8446, 43.8573)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(45.8994, 52.8446, 43.8573)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(45.8994, 52.8446,  
43.8573)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4C6A6
RGB	180, 198, 166
RGB Percent	71%, 78%, 65%
CMY	0.2941, 0.2235, 0.3490
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.16, 0.22
HSL	94°, 22%, 71%
HSV	94°, 16%, 78%
XYZ	45.8994, 52.8446, 43.8573
YIQ	188.9700, -0.4560, -13.7680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

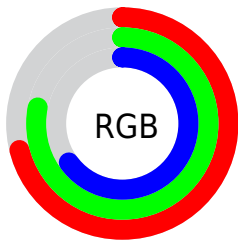
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	166, 198, 184
Decimal	11847334
CIELab	77.78, -11.96, 13.99
CIELCh	78, 18.407, 130.525
Yxy	52.8446, 0.3219, 0.3706
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290037414 (0xFFB4C6A6)
YUV	188.9700, -11.3242, -7.8667
Hunter-Lab	72.6943, -14.5096, 15.1157

# Details

The XYZ color **45.8994, 52.8446, 43.8573** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **43.5985, 41.5415, 59.1492**, and the grayscale version is **48.4167, 50.9382, 55.4717**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83.4032, 94.5733, 82.2653**, and **21.7629, 25.6734, 19.7280** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **41.7317, 50.8916, 34.8998**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.5581, 55.0215, 54.2997**.

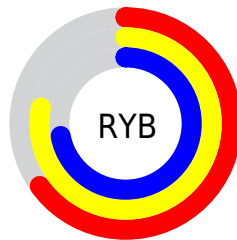
# Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (78%)

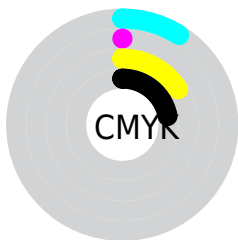
Blue (65%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (78%)

Blue (72%)

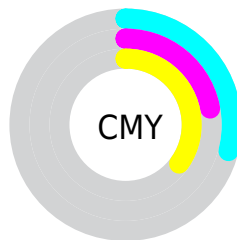


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (22%)


Yellow (35%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 45.8994, 52.8446, 43.8573 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 45.8994, 52.8446, 43.8573 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 45.8994, 52.8446,  
43.8573


 45.8994, 52.8446,  
43.8573


361.1268,  
397.6886, 378.1499

 32.3707, 37.6787,  
30.2220


 83.2972, 94.3757,  
82.3032

 21.8017, 25.7334,  
19.7536


 107.8971,  
121.5096, 107.9508

 13.8271, 16.6243,  
12.0338


136.9180,  
153.4018, 138.4395

 8.0814, 9.9670,  
6.6439

170.7254,  
190.4365, 174.1880

 4.1993, 5.3771,  
3.1654

209.6846,  
232.9981, 215.6148

 1.8155, 2.4702,  
1.1797

254.1610,

 0.5270, 0.8616,

281.4711, 263.1383

0.0000

304.5200,  
336.2398, 317.1772

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 45.8994, 52.8446,  
43.8573

■ 45.8994, 52.8446,  
43.8573

■ 41.7317, 50.8916,  
34.8998

■ 50.5581, 55.0215,  
54.2997

■ 38.0330, 49.1480,  
27.3565

■ 55.7201, 57.4227,  
66.2866

■ 34.7861, 47.6080,  
21.1558

■ 61.4028, 60.0572,  
79.8787

■ 31.9707, 46.2630,  
16.2186

■ 67.6210, 62.9317,  
95.1322

■ 29.5647, 45.1034,  
12.4577

■ 72.7363, 65.3911,  
103.3959

■ 27.5438, 44.1189,  
9.7745

■ 76.5447, 67.3544,  
103.5741

■ 25.8802, 43.2976,  
8.0545

■ 79.4851, 68.8702,  
103.7117

■ 24.5402, 42.6254,  
7.1523

■ 24.0897, 42.3980,  
6.9140

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



48.9842, 52.8446, 40.3006



45.8994, 52.8446, 43.8573



44.0321, 52.8446, 51.2330

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.8994, 52.8446, 43.8573



47.9742, 52.8446, 78.1245



57.2797, 52.8446, 54.0233

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.8994, 52.8446, 43.8573



43.5985, 41.5415, 59.1492

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.9777, 52.8446, 64.3418



45.8994, 52.8446, 43.8573



51.4910, 52.8446, 79.1017

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.8994, 52.8446, 43.8573



45.1902, 52.8446, 71.2752



54.8188, 52.8446, 73.8053



55.6253, 52.8446, 45.6914



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.8994, 52.8446, 43.8573



43.6738, 52.8446, 57.7192



54.8188, 52.8446, 73.8053



57.4055, 52.8446, 57.3588

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.9008, 52.8469, 43.8584



90.4748, 97.8707, 98.3238



47.2312, 48.8760, 43.0219



19.2317, 20.8861, 20.7394



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

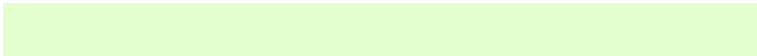


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.9008, 52.8469, 43.8584



78.8812, 92.4551, 72.4316



42.9522, 51.3097, 44.4916



10.9303, 12.1110, 11.3243



15.7599, 27.6198, 4.5005



0.8290, 1.3505, 0.2170



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.5985, 41.5415, 59.1492



74.1220, 69.0875, 104.0363



46.9363, 43.2834, 58.3469



10.6179, 10.5768, 13.3994



11.0235, 4.9171, 35.1124

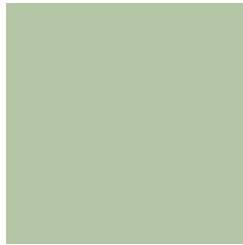


0.6041, 0.2751, 1.6664



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.8994, 52.8446, 43.8573 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

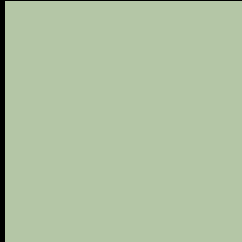
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 45.8994, 52.8446, 43.8573 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

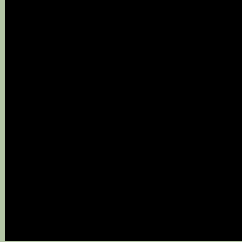
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

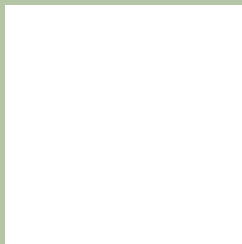
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 45.8994, 52.8446, 43.8573**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.8994, 52.8446, 43.8573.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 45.8994, 52.8446,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

45.8994, 52.8446, 43.8573

### Protanopia

49.8176, 52.9002, 42.2354

### Deuteranopia

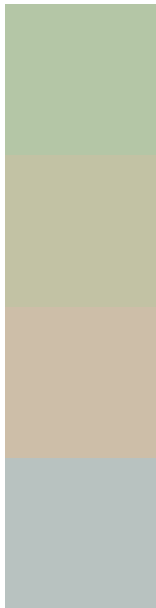
53.7238, 52.6226, 44.8617



## Tritanopia

50.3618, 52.6434, 66.5383

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

45.8994, 52.8446, 43.8573

## Protanomaly

48.2408, 52.7332, 42.7579

## Deuteranomaly

50.6582, 52.6332, 44.5350

## Tritanomaly

48.5734, 52.5797, 57.4580

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

45.8994, 52.8446, 43.8573

## Achromatopsia

48.3692, 50.8881, 55.4172

## Achromatomaly

47.4398, 51.4746, 51.1513

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 45.8994, 52.8446, 43.8573 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 198, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 198, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 198, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 198, 166) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 45.8994, 52.8446, 43.8573 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 198, 166) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 198, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 198, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 198, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 198, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 198,  
166) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 45.8994, 52.8446, 43.8573 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 198, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
198, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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